



**flowPIM 1 + PFC**

**650 V / 50 A**

**Topology features**

- 1-leg rectifier
- 2-leg interleaved PFC + Inverter
- Open Emitter configuration
- Temperature sensor

**Component features**

- Easy paralleling
- Low collector emitter saturation voltage
- Low turn-off losses
- Positive temperature coefficient

**Housing features**

- Base isolation: Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
- Convex shaped substrate for superior thermal contact
- Solder pin
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief

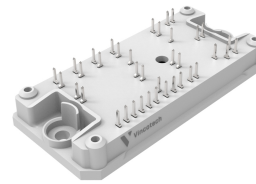
**Target applications**

- Embedded Drives
- Heat Pumps
- HVAC

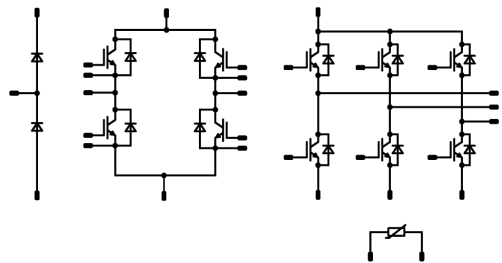
**Types**

- 10-FY07PPA050I702-LK25B28Z

**flow 1 12 mm housing**



**Schematic**



**Maximum Ratings** $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Inverter Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	61	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	150	A
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j = 150\text{ °C}$ , $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	150	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	94	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 400\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	3	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Inverter Diode**

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	38	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	90	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	60	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

**PFC Switch**

Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	50	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	88	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 30$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>PFC Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		600	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	66	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$I_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	120	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	480	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	96	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Rectifier Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	94	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	600	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		1800	A <sup>2</sup> s
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	108	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C

## Module Properties

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			8,17	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 600	

\*100 % tested in production



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	

#### Inverter Switch

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$				0,0005	25	4,35	5	5,65	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		50		25 125 150		1,3 1,36 1,38	1,65 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650			25			20	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0			25			100	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$								None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$								3050		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25			25		92		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$								31		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$	$V_{CC} = 520$ V	15		50		25		290		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)							1,01		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$						25 125 150		105,69 110,28 111,92		ns
Rise time	$t_r$						25 125 150		45,32 46,13 45,86		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$						25 125 150		142,13 170,96 176,67		ns
Fall time	$t_f$						25 125 150		27,65 46,28 51,4		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,574$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,49$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,63$ μC					25 125 150		1,59 2,02 2,12		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$						25 125 150		0,94 1,45 1,54		mWs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Inverter Diode</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$				30	25 125 150		1,63 1,53 1,5	2 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 650$ V				25			20	μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,57		K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RM}$	$di/dt=790$ A/μs $di/dt=1227$ A/μs $di/dt=909$ A/μs	±15	350	60	25		10,51		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					125		16,58		
						150		17,23		
						25		83,9		
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					125		138,44		
						150		153,01		
		25		0,574						
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$	125		1,49						
		150		1,63						
		25		0,096						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$	125		0,295						
		150		0,328						
		25		60,16						
						125		180,96		A/μs
						150		185,87		



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### PFC Switch

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$			5	0,033	25	5	6	7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		50	25 125 150		1,5 1,66 1,7	1,9 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			0,01	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		30	0		25			0,2	μA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							4200		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	30		25		104		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							79		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$	Gate charge	15	400	50	25		141		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,08		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		41,78 40,57 40,12		ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$R_{gon} = 8$ Ω $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω				25 125 150		11,99 13 13,43		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-5/15	350	50	25 125 150		98,59 110,86 114,11		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		24,45 34,44 42,36		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,771$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,99$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 2,49$ μC				25 125 150		0,395 0,654 0,748		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		0,849 0,999 1,12		mWs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>PFC Diode</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			60	25 125 150		1,89 1,57 1,5	2,5 <sup>(1)</sup>		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 600$ V			25			25		μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					0,99			K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RM}$				25 125 150		65,94 99,33 111,03			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		22,15 36,13 40,33			ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=4881$ A/μs $di/dt=5092$ A/μs $di/dt=4818$ A/μs	-5/15	350	50	25 125 150	0,771 1,99 2,49			μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		0,124 0,358 0,457			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		10392,93 7905,75 7844,04			A/μs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Rectifier Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$			50	25 125 150		1,06 0,984 0,964	1,5 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1600$ V			25 150			100 2	$\mu$ A mA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					0,65		K/W
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#### Thermistor

##### Static

Rated resistance	$R$				25		22		k $\Omega$
Deviation of R100	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ $\Omega$			100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$				25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$				25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %					3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %					4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference								I	

<sup>(1)</sup> Value at chip level

<sup>(2)</sup> Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.



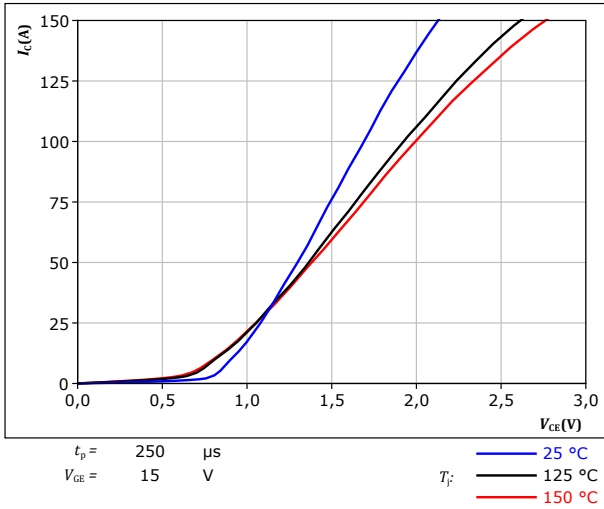


## Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

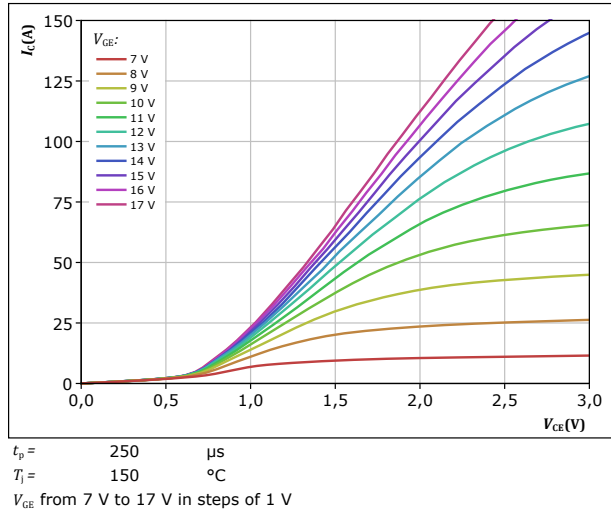
$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

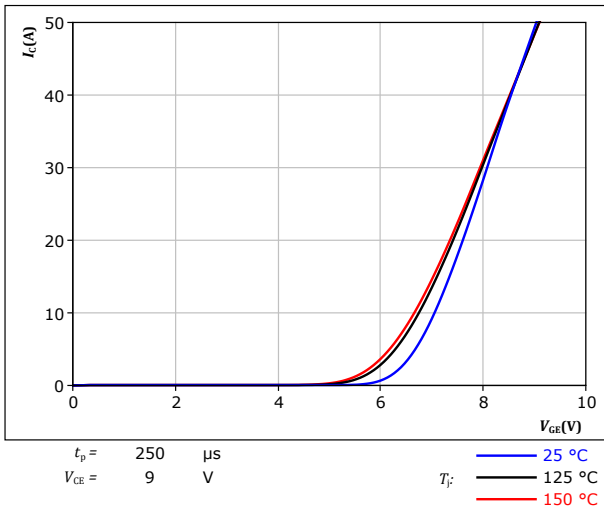
$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

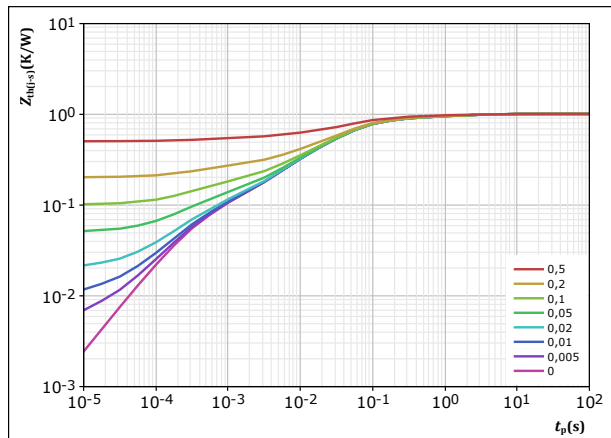
$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



IGBT thermal model values

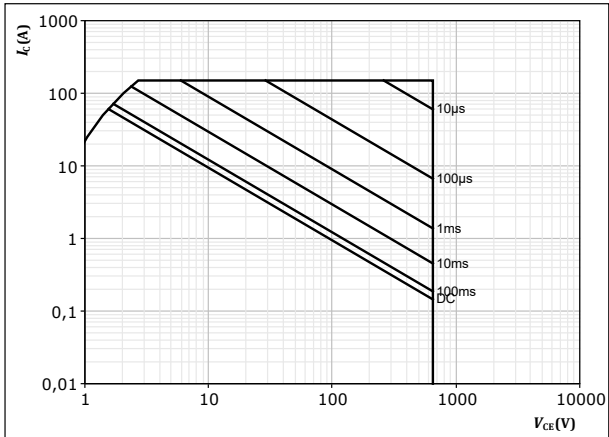
R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,68E-02	2,07E+00
1,87E-01	1,78E-01
5,18E-01	3,82E-02
1,46E-01	5,69E-03
7,24E-02	3,51E-04



## Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

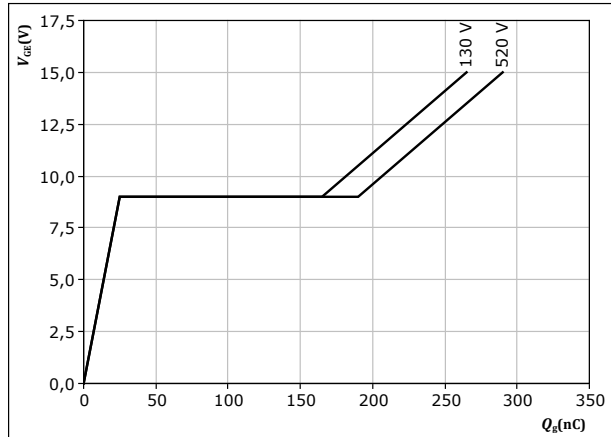
Safe operating area  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

**figure 6.** IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge  
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



$I_C = 50 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$



### Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 7. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

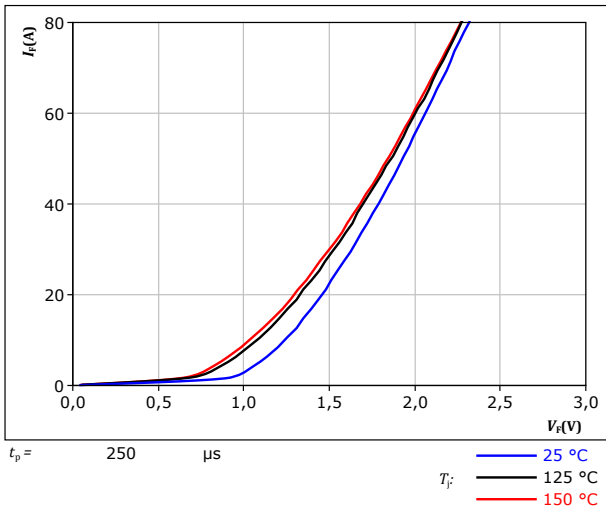
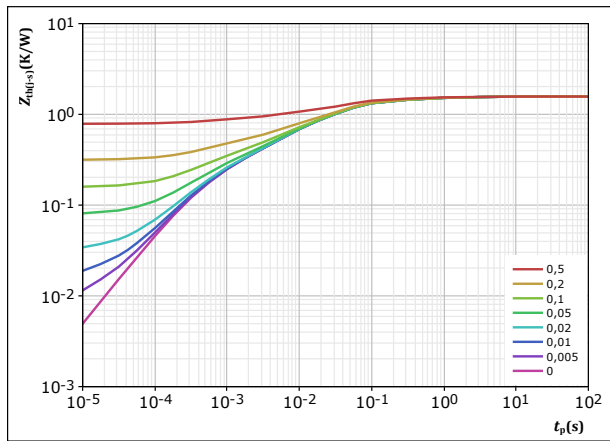


figure 8. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,572 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
7,23E-02	2,57E+00
1,93E-01	2,66E-01
7,93E-01	3,45E-02
3,42E-01	4,25E-03
1,71E-01	4,36E-04

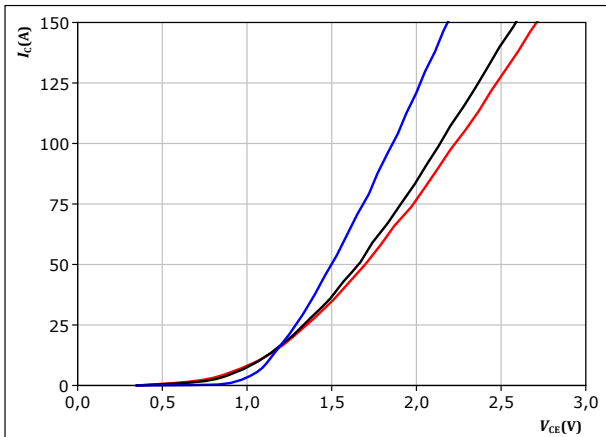


### PFC Switch Characteristics

**figure 9.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_c = f(V_{CE})$$

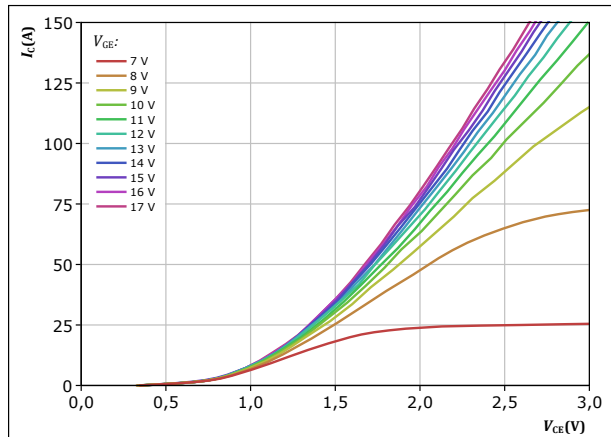


$t_p = 250\ \mu\text{s}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15\ \text{V}$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 10.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_c = f(V_{CE})$$

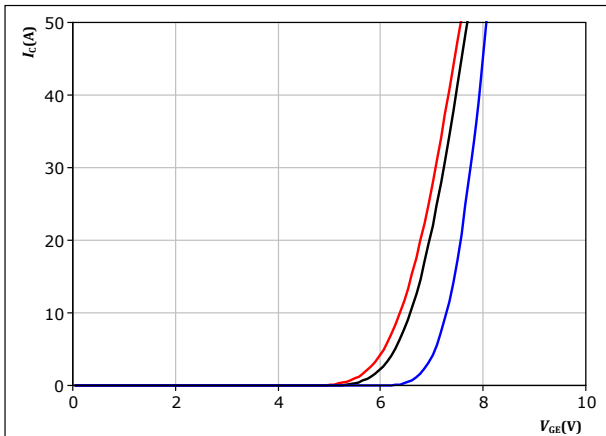


$t_p = 250\ \mu\text{s}$   
 $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 11.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_c = f(V_{GE})$$

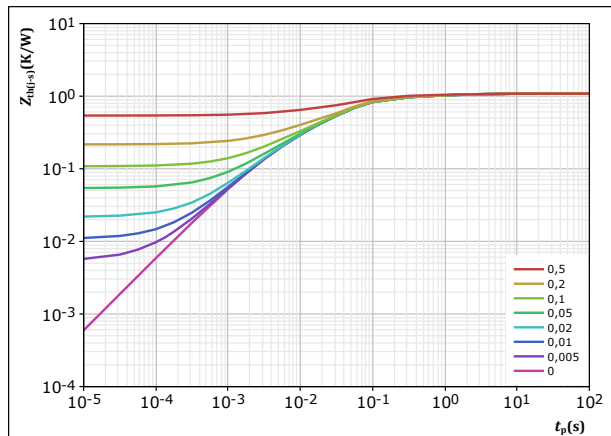


$t_p = 250\ \mu\text{s}$   
 $V_{CE} = 10\ \text{V}$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 12.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,083\ \text{K/W}$   
IGBT thermal model values  

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
7,01E-02	2,16E+00
1,22E-01	3,87E-01
6,85E-01	4,96E-02
1,72E-01	6,84E-03
3,38E-02	1,67E-03

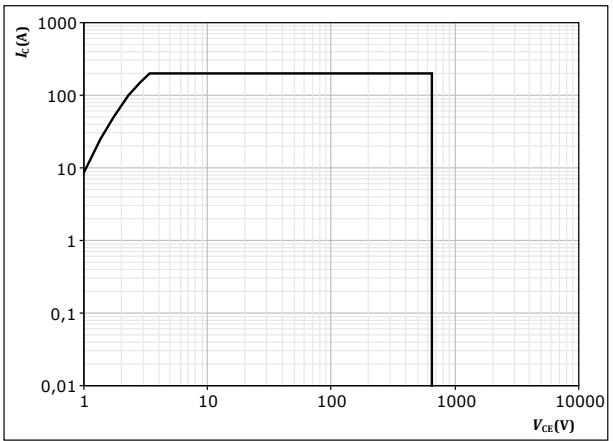


### PFC Switch Characteristics

figure 13. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D = \text{single pulse}$   
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



### PFC Diode Characteristics

figure 14. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

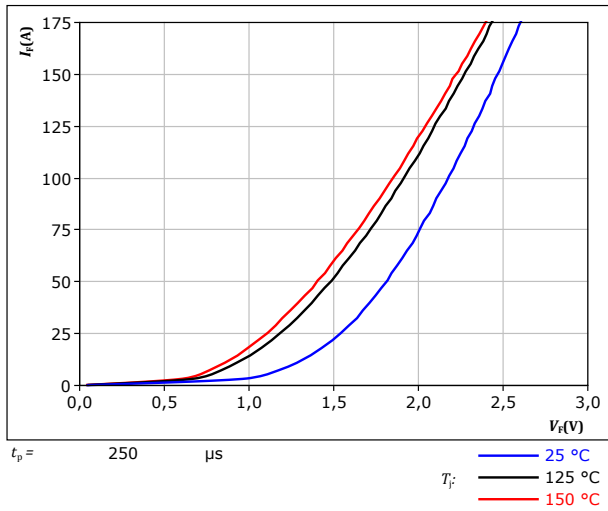
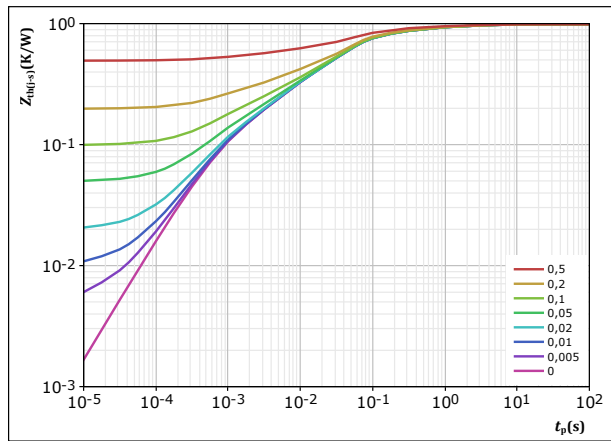


figure 15. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,988 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,01E-02	2,89E+00
1,33E-01	4,07E-01
5,50E-01	4,79E-02
1,55E-01	5,25E-03
8,99E-02	7,12E-04



## Rectifier Diode Characteristics

figure 16. Rectifier

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

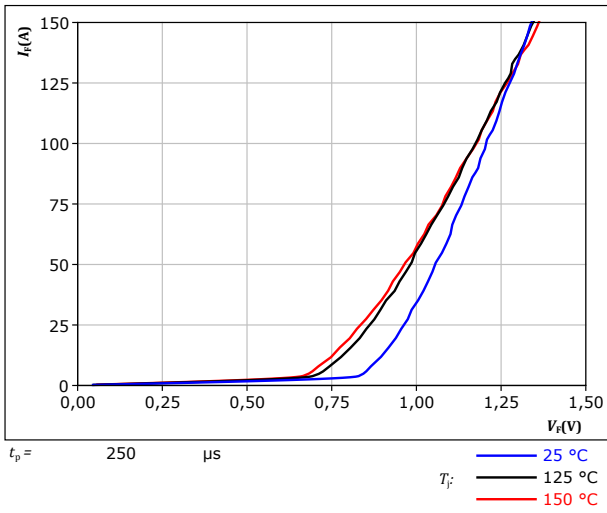
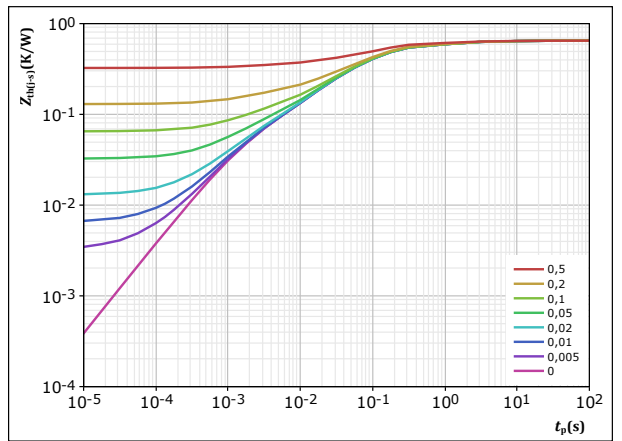


figure 17. Rectifier

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,649 \text{ K/W}$

Rectifier thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,66E-02	1,08E+01
9,13E-02	1,26E+00
3,70E-01	1,02E-01
1,28E-01	1,77E-02
4,30E-02	1,55E-03

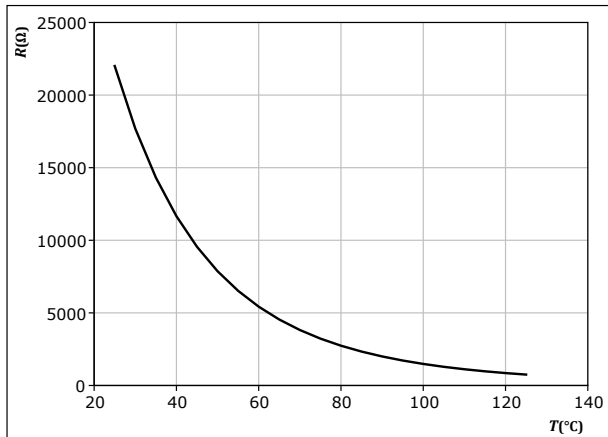


## Thermistor Characteristics

figure 18. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$



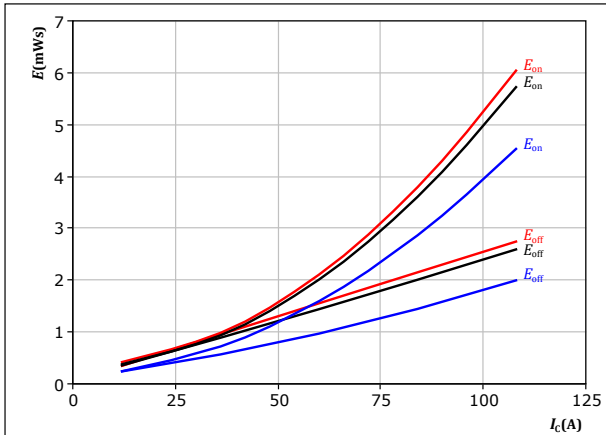




## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 19.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$

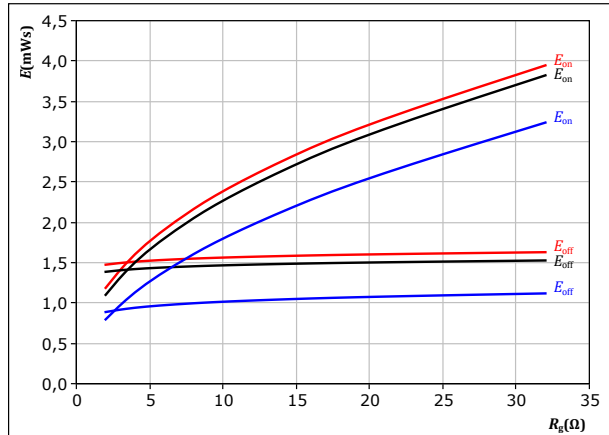


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 20.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$

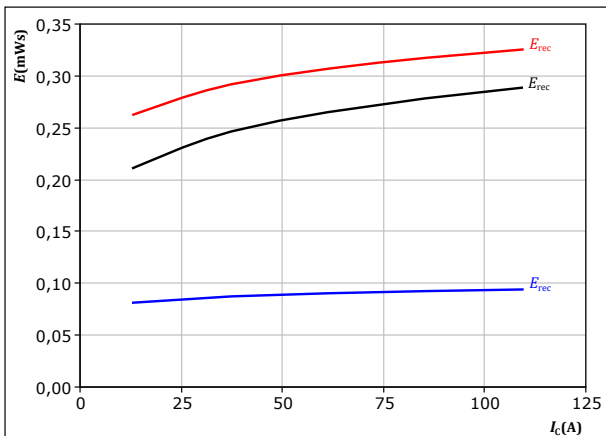


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 60$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 21.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

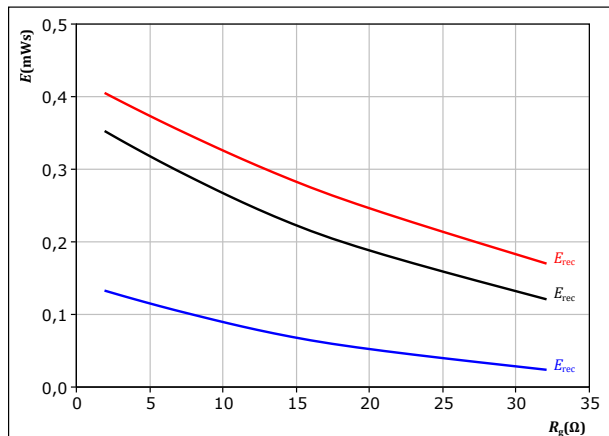


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 22.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 60$  A

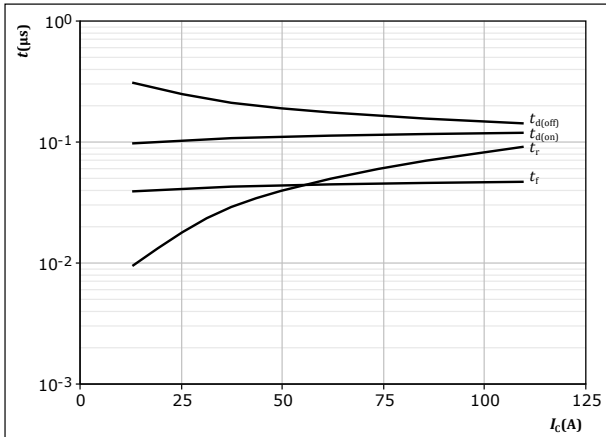
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 23.** IGBT

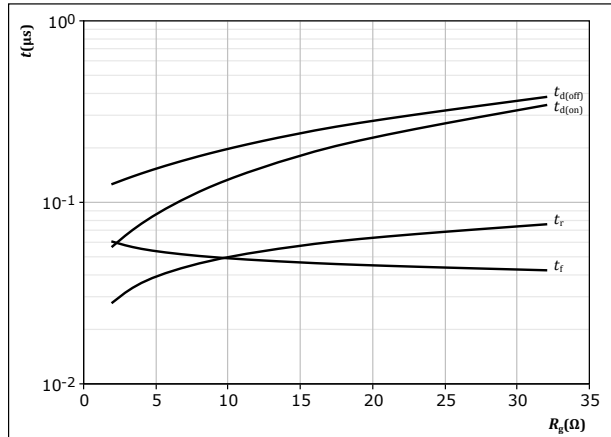
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 24.** IGBT

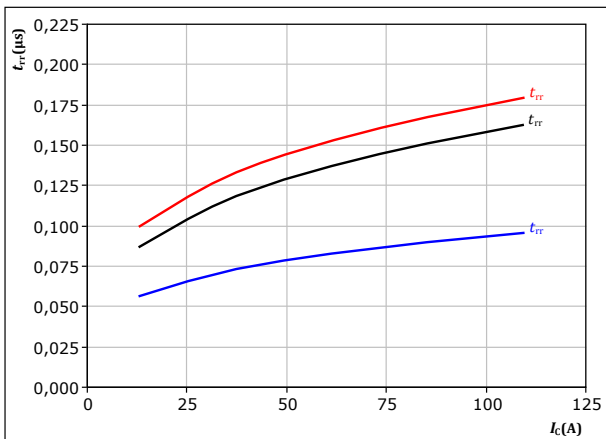
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 60 \text{ A}$

**figure 25.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$

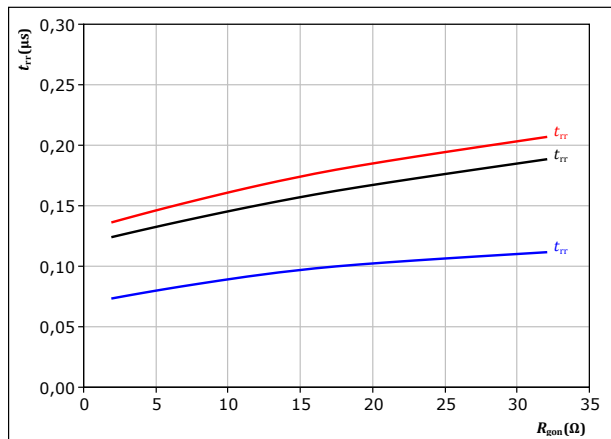


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 26.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 60 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

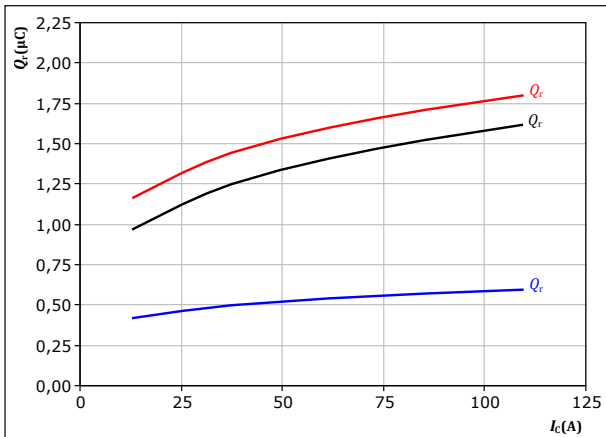


## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 27.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

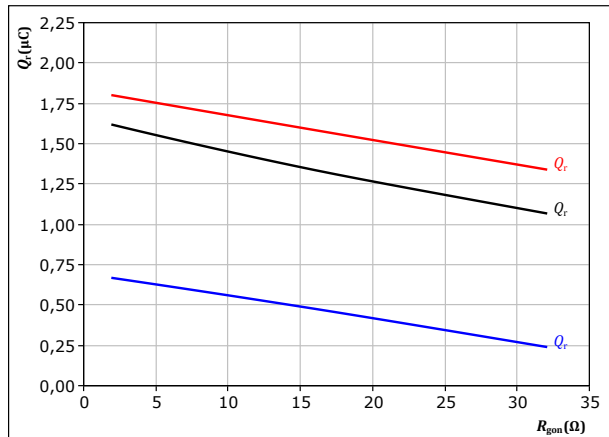
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 28.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

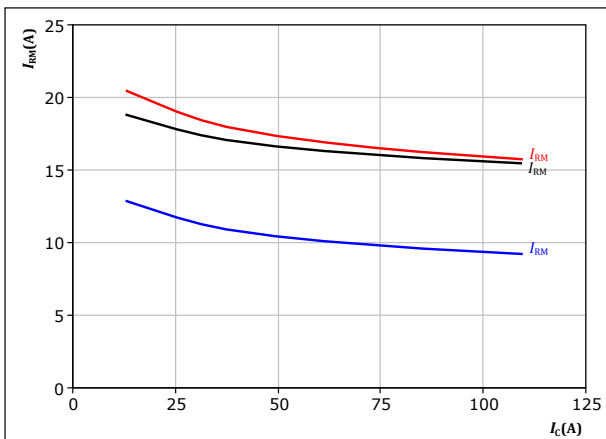
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 60 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 29.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

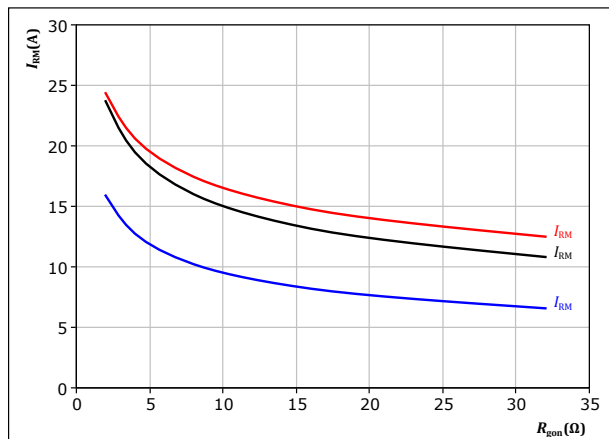
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 30.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 60 \text{ A}$

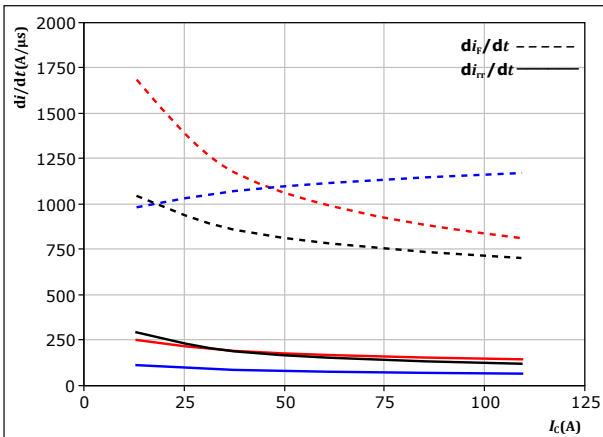
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 31.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_C)$

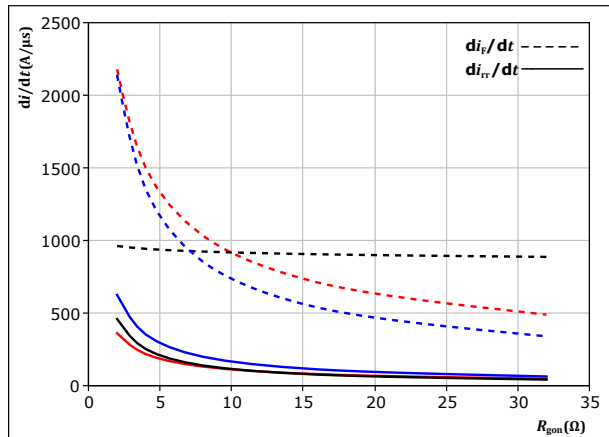


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$	$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	$T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$	$T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 32.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



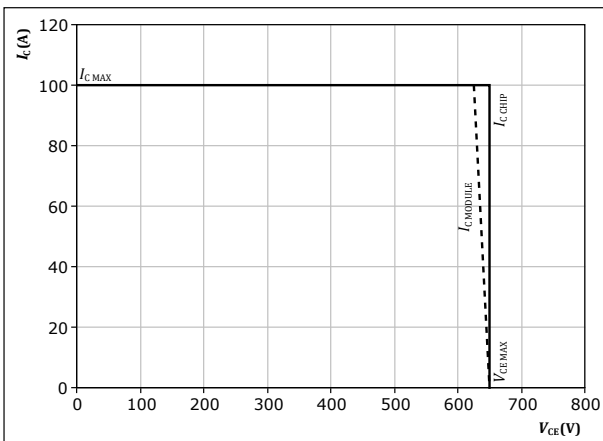
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$	$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	$T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$I_C = 60 \text{ A}$	$T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 33.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



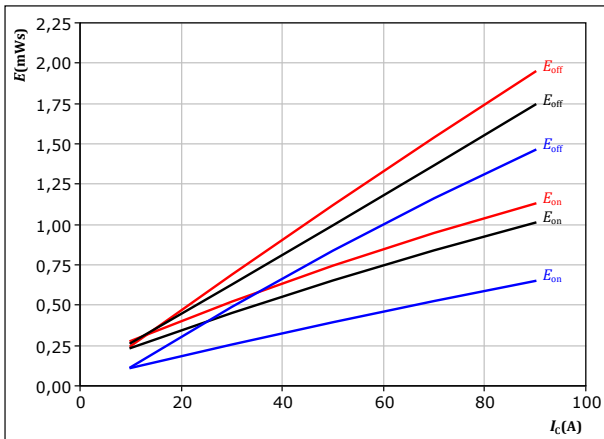
At  $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$



## PFC Switching Characteristics

**figure 34.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$



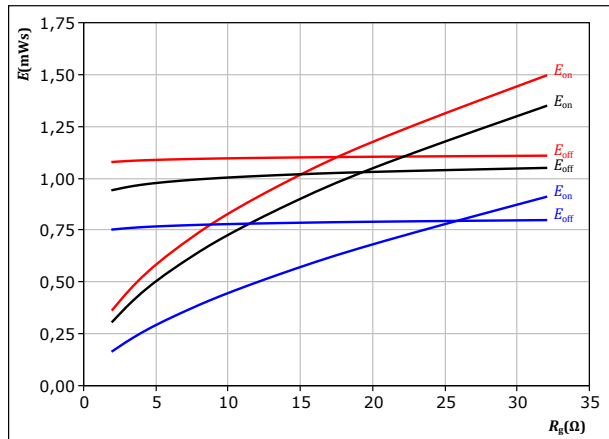
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 35.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$



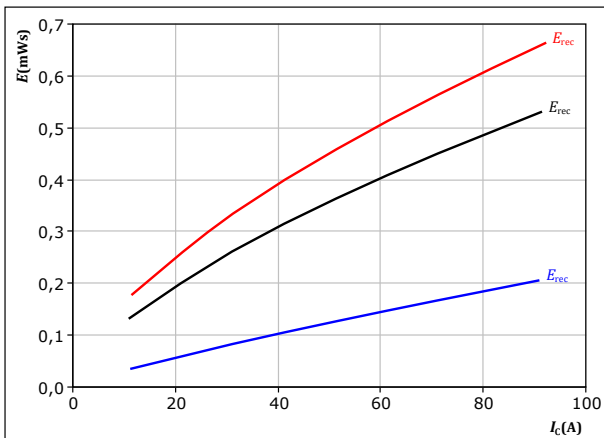
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$  V  
 $I_c = 50$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 36.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



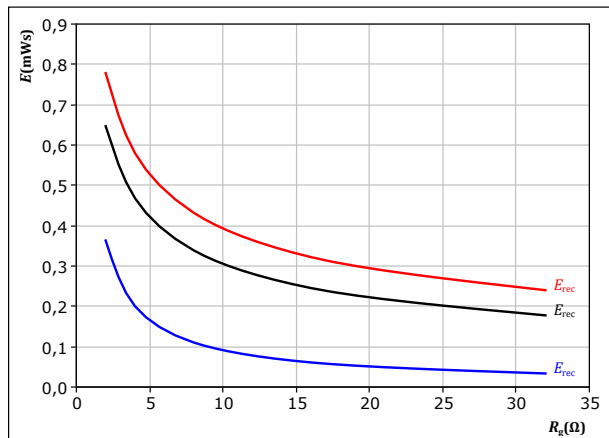
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 37.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$  V  
 $I_c = 50$  A

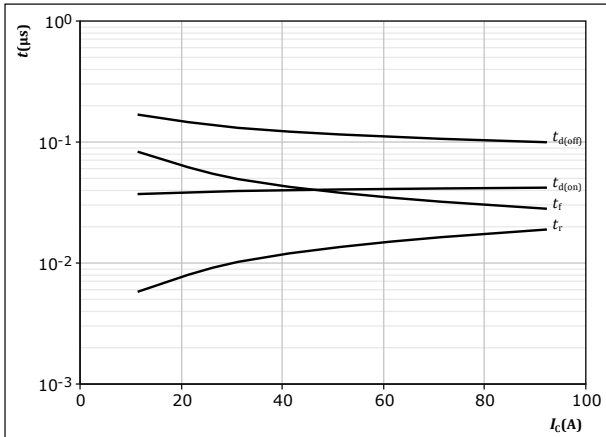
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## PFC Switching Characteristics

**figure 38.** IGBT

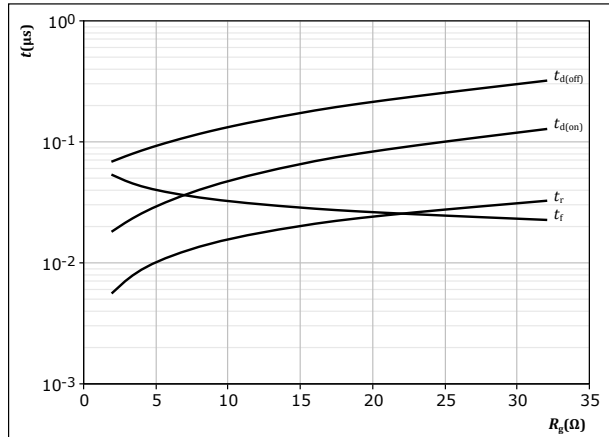
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 39.** IGBT

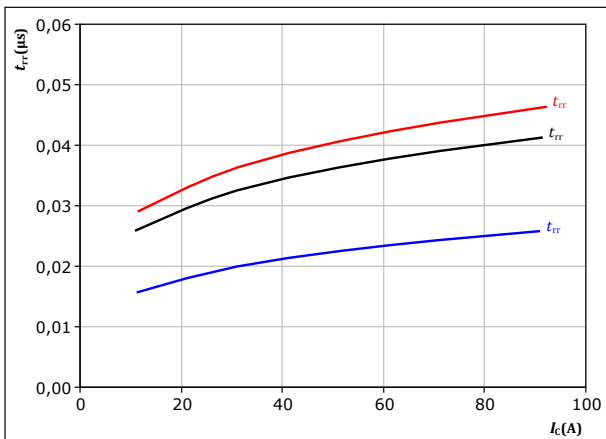
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

**figure 40.** FWD

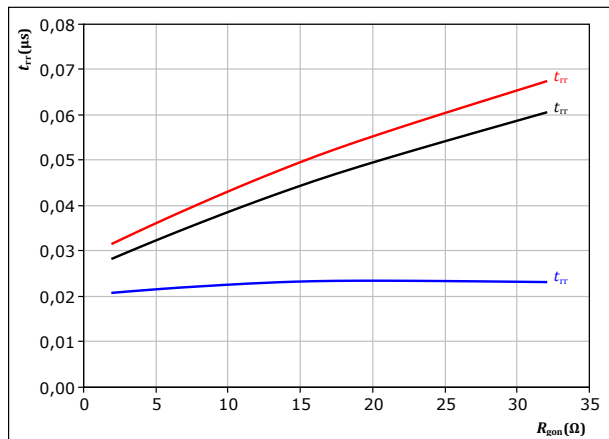
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 41.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

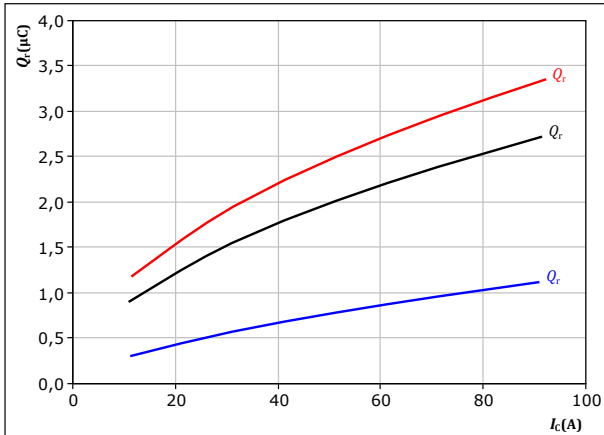


## PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 42. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

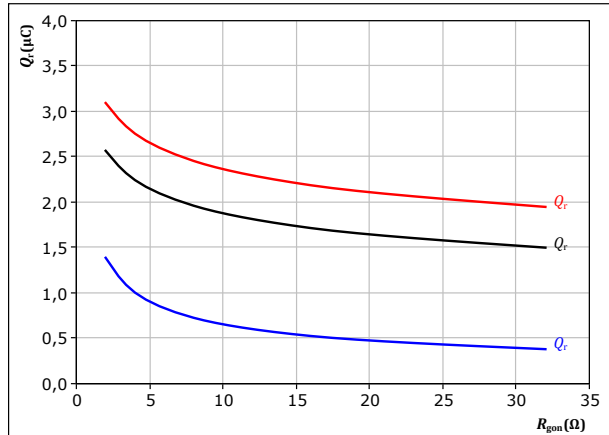
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 43. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

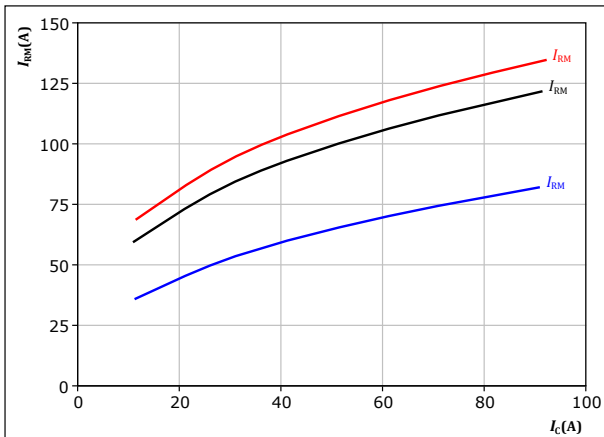
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 44. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

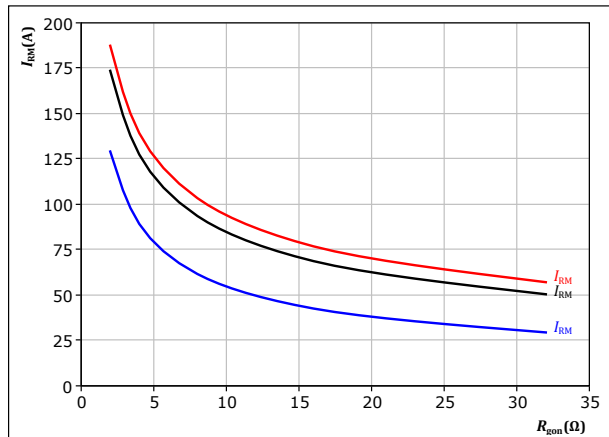
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 45. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

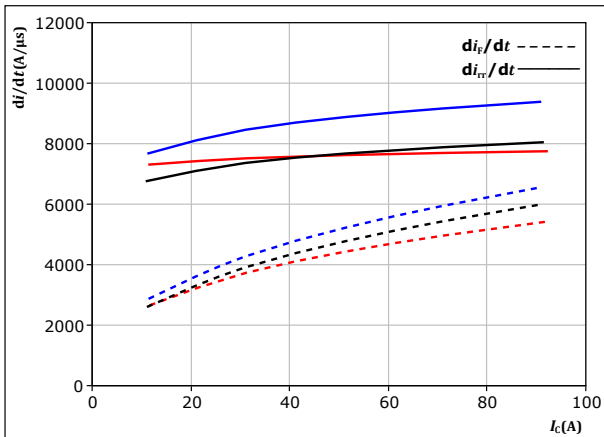
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



### PFC Switching Characteristics

**figure 46.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_C)$



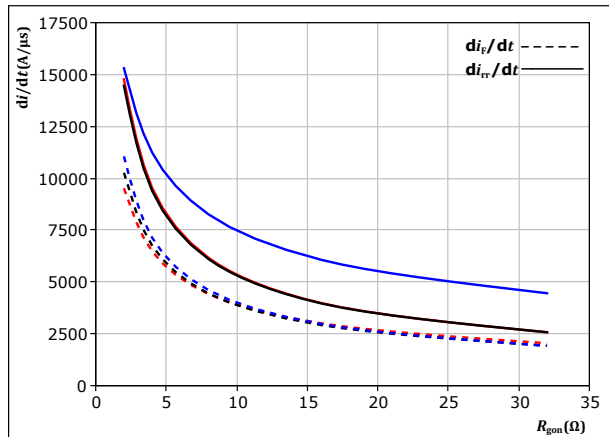
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 47.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

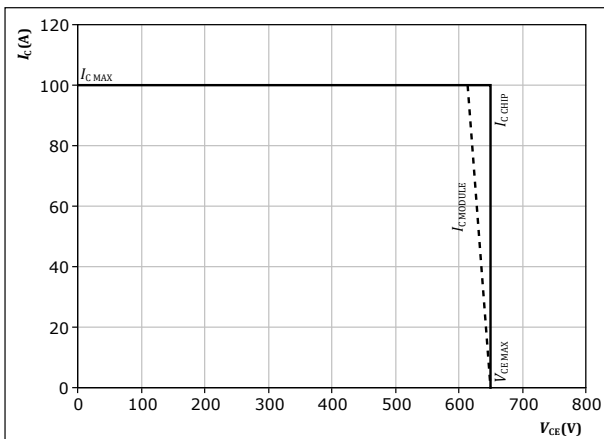
$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$  V  
 $I_C = 50$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 48.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 8$  Ω





### Switching Definitions

figure 49. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )

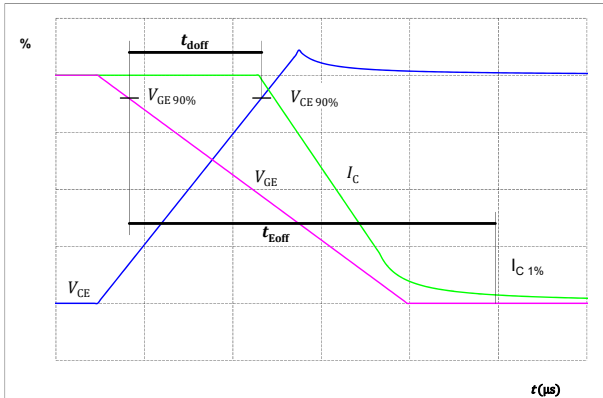


figure 50. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )

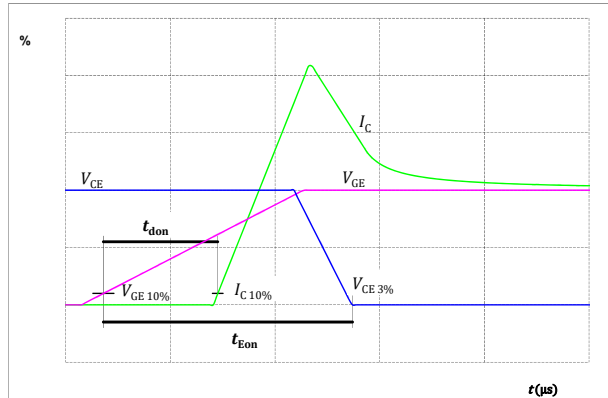


figure 51. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$

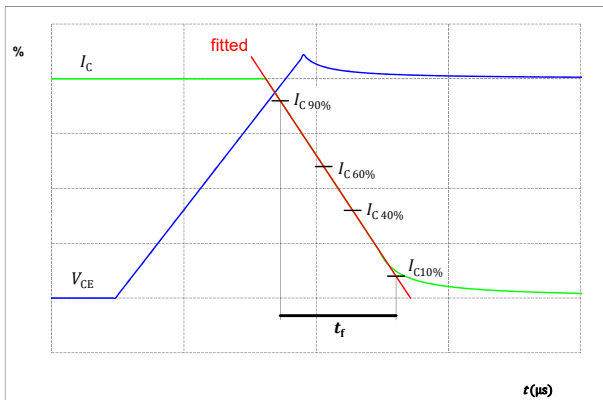
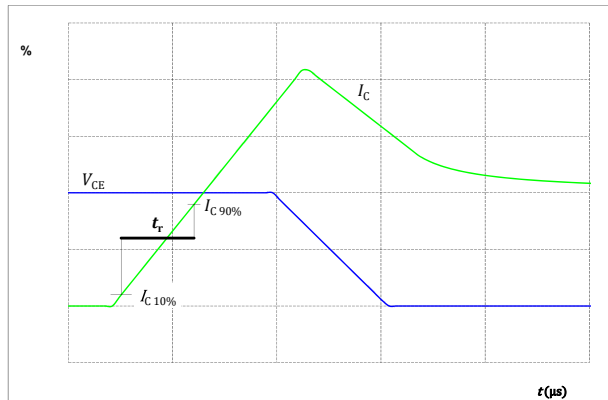


figure 52. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





### Switching Definitions

figure 53. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$

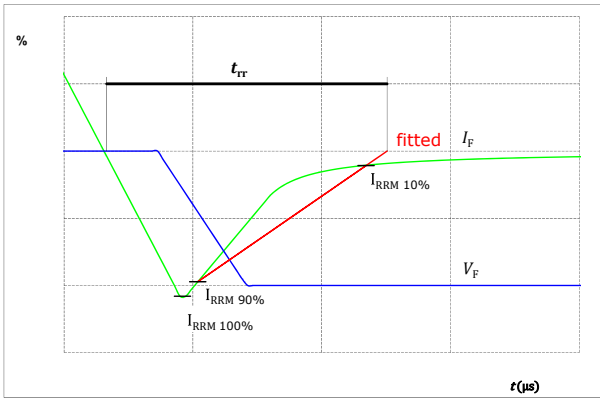
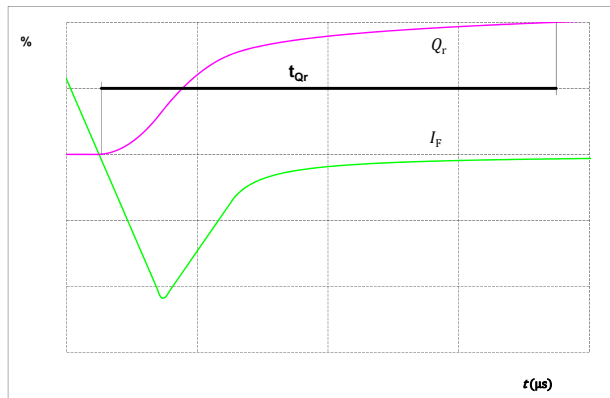


figure 54. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qr}$  ( $t_{Qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )





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Ordering Code	
<b>Version</b>	<b>Ordering Code</b>
Without thermal paste	10-FY07PPA050I702-LK25B28Z
With thermal paste (5,2 W/mK, PTM6000HV)	10-FY07PPA050I702-LK25B28Z-/7/

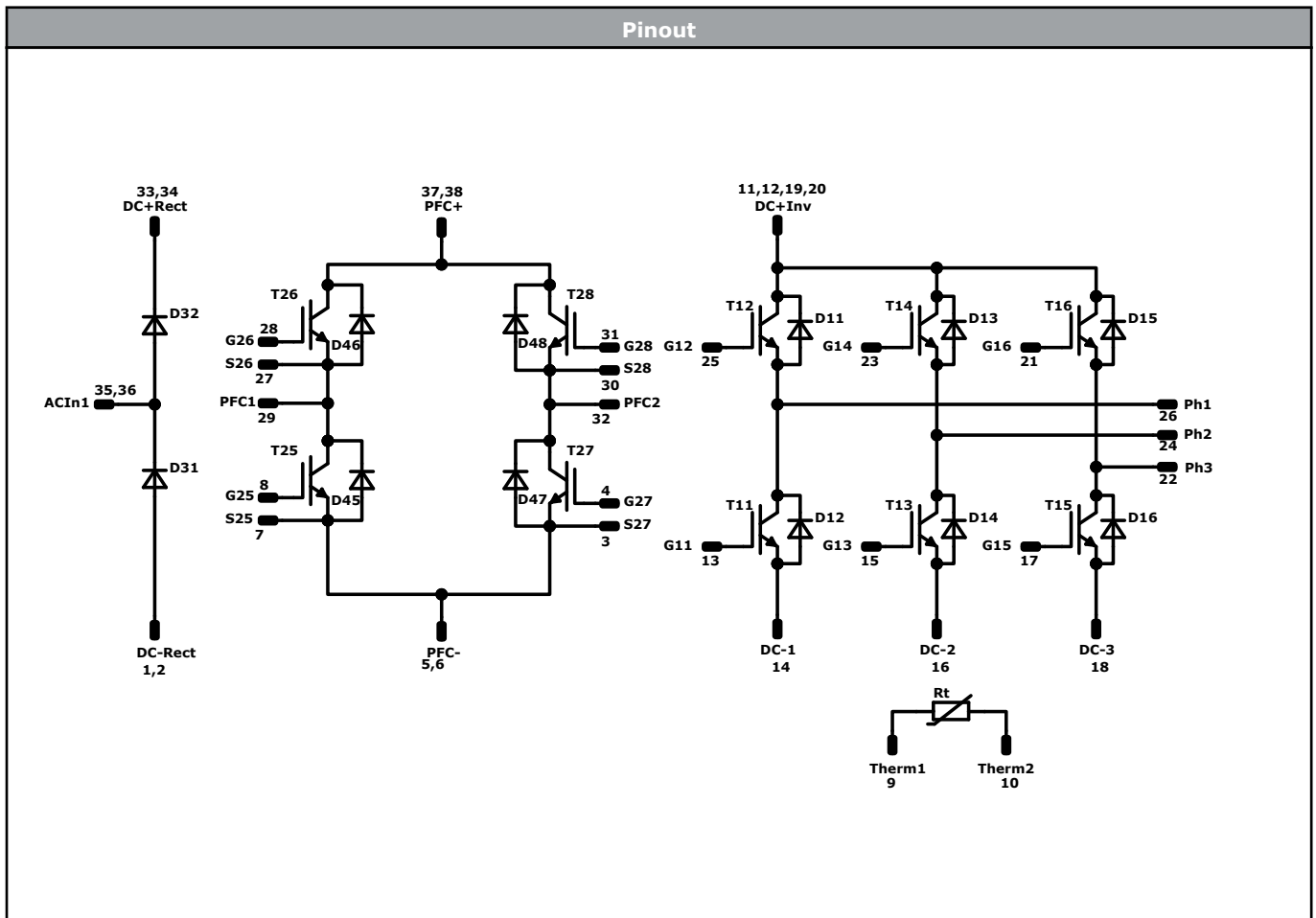
Marking						
	<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b> NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTVV	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	<b>UL &amp; VIN</b> UL VIN	<b>Lot</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b> TTTTTTTV	<b>Lot number</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	

Pin table [mm]				Outline
Pin	X	Y	Function	
1	52,5	2,7	DC-Rect	
2	52,5	0	DC-Rect	
3	48	0	S27	
4	45	2,7	G27	
5	32,7	0	PFC-	
6	30	0	PFC-	
7	25,5	0	S25	
8	22,5	0	G25	
9	19,1	0	Therm1	
10	19,1	3	Therm2	
11	20	10,7	DC+Inv	
12	20	13,4	DC+Inv	
13	15	0	G11	
14	12	0	DC-1	
15	9	0	G13	
16	6	0	DC-2	
17	3	0	G15	
18	0	0	DC-3	
19	0	15,15	DC+Inv	
20	0	17,85	DC+Inv	
21	0	25,5	G16	
22	0	28,5	Ph3	
23	7,7	25,5	G14	
24	7,7	28,5	Ph2	
25	15,4	25,5	G12	
26	15,4	28,5	Ph1	
27	23,4	19,7	S26	
28	23,4	25,5	G26	
29	23,4	28,5	PFC1	
30	42,4	19,7	S28	
31	42,4	25,5	G28	
32	42,4	28,5	PFC2	
33	49,8	28,5	DC+Rect	
34	52,5	28,5	DC+Rect	
35	52,5	14,3	ACIn1	
36	49,8	14,3	ACIn1	
37	32,9	10,1	PFC+	
38	32,9	7,4	PFC+	

Tolerance of pinpositions: ±0.4mm at the end of pins  
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



Vincotech



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T12, T13, T14, T15, T16	IGBT	650 V	50 A	Inverter Switch	
D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16	FWD	650 V	30 A	Inverter Diode	
T25, T26, T27, T28	IGBT	650 V	50 A	PFC Switch	
D46, D45, D48, D47	FWD	600 V	60 A	PFC Diode	
D31, D32	Rectifier	1600 V	50 A	Rectifier Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Vincotech

Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 100	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is UL 1557 recognized under E192116 up to a junction temperature under switching condition $T_{j,op}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$ and up to 3500VAC/1min isolation voltage. For more information see vincotech.com website.



Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-FY07PPA050I702-LK25B28Z-D1-14	20 Oct. 2024	Initial Release	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.