



flow7PACK 0B

650 V / 30 A

Topology features

- Brake+Inverter
- Open Emitter configuration
- Temperature sensor

Component features

- High speed and smooth switching
- Low gate charge
- Very low collector emitter saturation voltage

Housing features

- Base isolation: Al₂O₃
- Single screw heat sink mounting
- Ultra-compact design
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief
- Solder pin

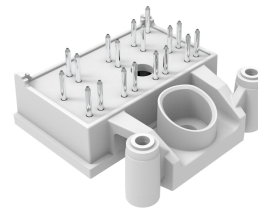
Target applications

- Servo Drives

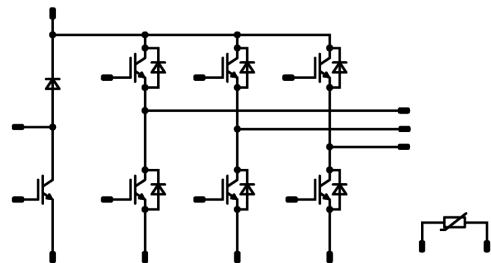
Types

- 10-ZB077PA030S5-PH74E58

flow 0B 12 mm housing



Schematic





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10-ZB077PA030S5-PH74E58
datasheet

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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Inverter Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	35	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	90	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	56	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Inverter Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	24	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	40	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	39	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Brake Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	27	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	60	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	45	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 400\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	3	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

**Maximum Ratings** $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Brake Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	21	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	60	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	33	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Module Properties**Thermal Properties**

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			8,66	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 200	

*100 % tested in production



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Inverter Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0003	25	3,2	4	4,8	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		30	25 125 150		1,35 1,45 1,47	1,75 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	650		25			50	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			100	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							1800		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		55		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							7		pF
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 520$ V	15		30	25		70		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,69		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		33,6 33,35 33,42		ns
Rise time	t_r					25 125 150		16,9 17,57 17,62		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		89,29 105,45 109,37		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		9,19 13 14,78		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,631$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,29$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,49$ μC				25 125 150		0,416 0,549 0,588		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		0,288 0,467 0,517		mWs



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datasheet

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Inverter Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F				20	25 125 150		1,56 1,51 1,51	1,92 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_i = 650$ V				25			1,28	μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,44		K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}	$di/dt=1008$ A/μs $di/dt=1331$ A/μs $di/dt=1329$ A/μs	-5/15	350	30	25		18,08		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					125		23,14		
						150		24,76		
						25		75,23		
Recovered charge	Q_r					125		104,38		
						150		115,37		
		25		0,631						
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}	125		1,29						
		150		1,49						
		25		0,148						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$	125		0,317						
		150		0,377						
		25		206,1						
						125		208,74		A/μs
						150		209,33		



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datasheet

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Brake Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0002	25	4,35	5	5,65	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		20	25 125 150		1,32 1,4 1,43	1,65 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	650		25			20	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			100	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							1310		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		42		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							13		pF
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 520$ V	15		20	25		128		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,11		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		24,54 25,78 25,99		ns
Rise time	t_r					25 125 150		22,53 23,94 24,11		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		193,14 215,72 221,06		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		8,33 16,93 73,95		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,541$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,17$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,37$ μC				25 125 150		0,666 0,919 0,976		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		0,499 0,739 0,797		mWs



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Brake Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F				20	25 125 150		1,71 1,6 1,55	2 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_T = 650$ V				25			20	μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,9		K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}	$di/dt=1250$ A/μs $di/dt=865$ A/μs $di/dt=1023$ A/μs	0/15	400	30	25 125 150		10,63 14,33 15,46		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		93,96 131,32 145,59		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r					25 125 150		0,541 1,17 1,37		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		0,124 0,288 0,341		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		71,83 228,81 194,32		A/μs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R100	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P					25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	d					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

⁽¹⁾ Value at chip level

⁽²⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

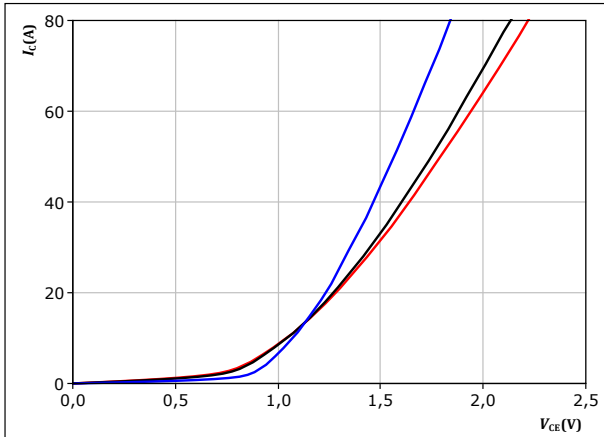


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



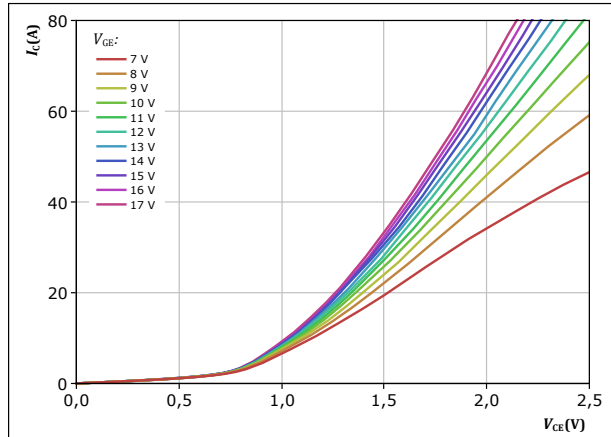
$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$

$T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

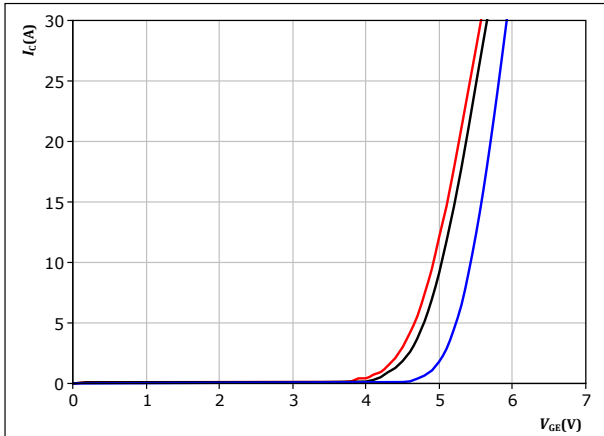


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



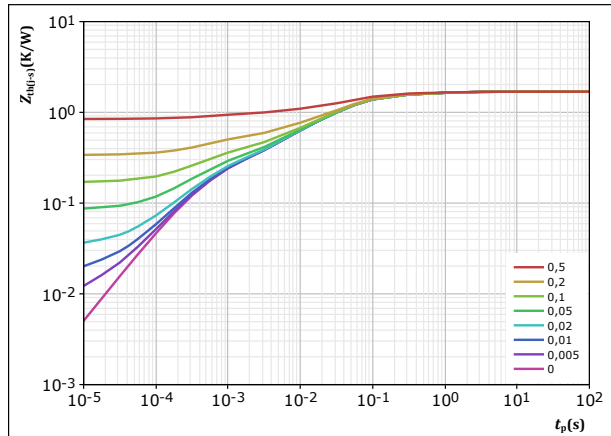
$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}$

$T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,689 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

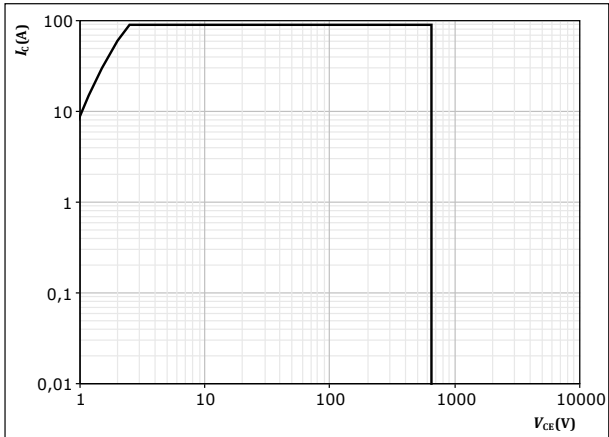
R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,11E-01	1,18E+00
2,75E-01	1,47E-01
8,32E-01	3,79E-02
2,74E-01	5,90E-03
1,97E-01	4,49E-04



Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

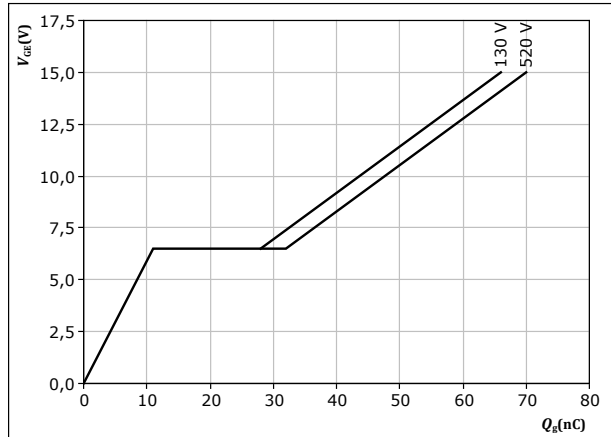
Safe operating area
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80$ °C
 $V_{GE} = 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

figure 6. IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



$I_C = 30$ A
 $T_j = 25$ °C



Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 7. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

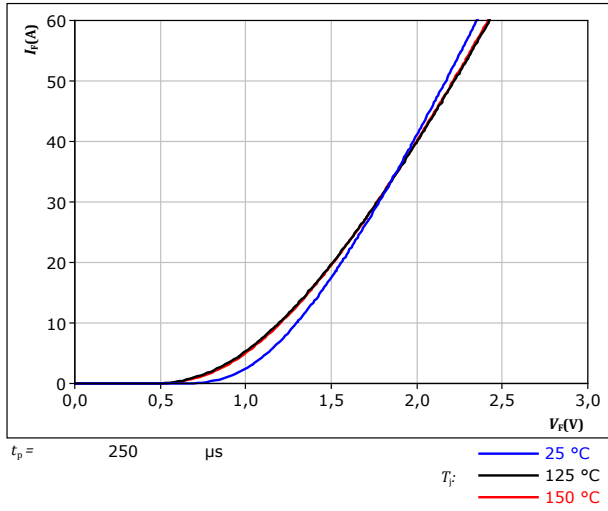
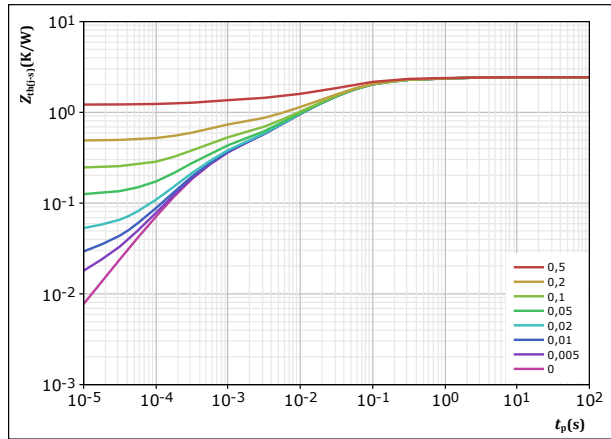


figure 8. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 2,435 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,50E-01	1,32E+00
4,95E-01	1,15E-01
1,05E+00	3,31E-02
4,44E-01	6,23E-03
2,91E-01	4,33E-04



Brake Switch Characteristics

figure 9. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

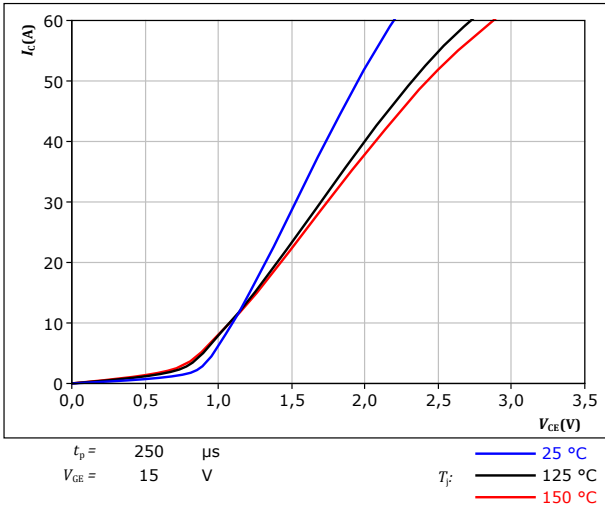


figure 10. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

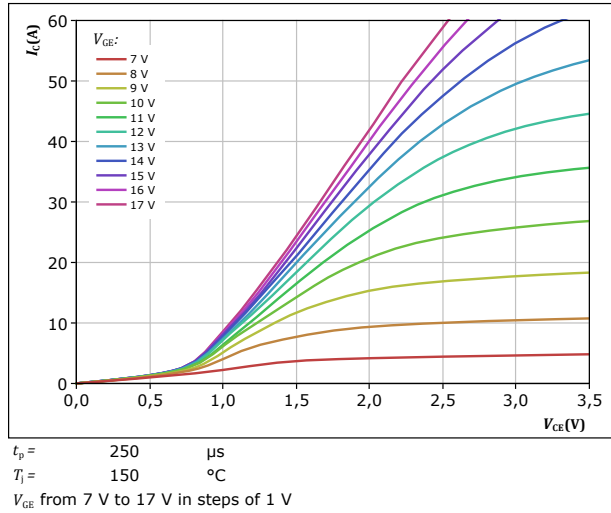


figure 11. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

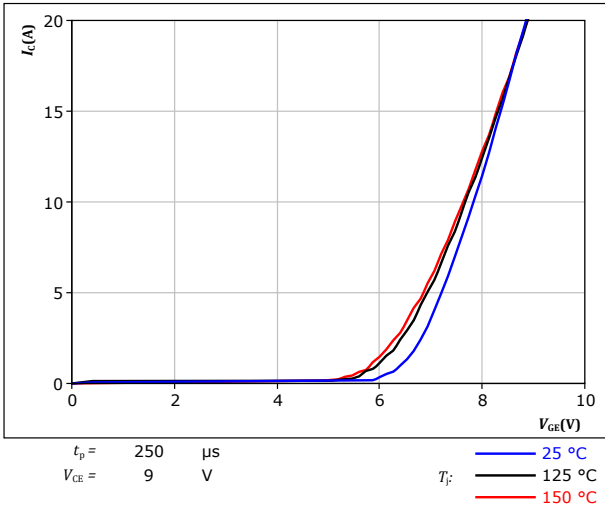
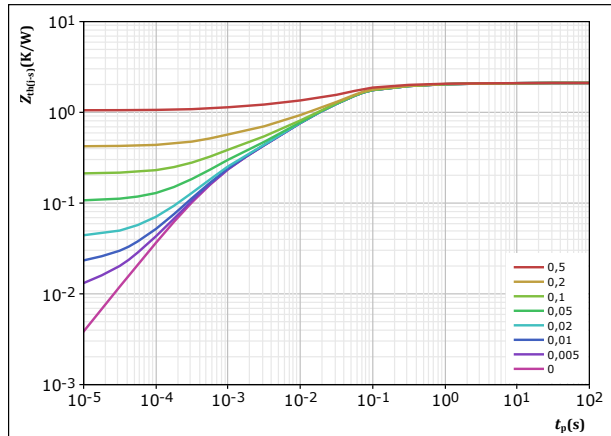


figure 12. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 2,108 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

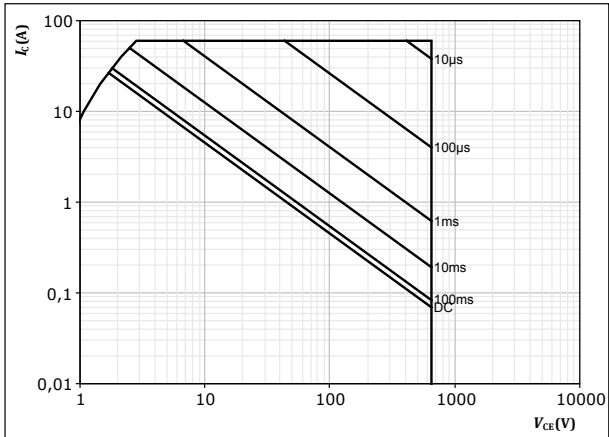
R (K/W)	τ (s)
5,43E-02	6,70E+00
2,44E-01	3,83E-01
1,28E+00	4,07E-02
3,51E-01	5,30E-03
1,79E-01	6,22E-04



Brake Switch Characteristics

figure 13. IGBT

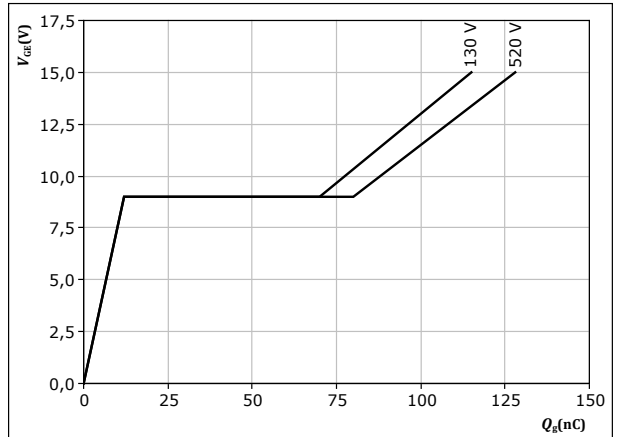
Safe operating area
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80$ °C
 $V_{GE} = 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

figure 14. IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



$I_C = 20$ A
 $T_j = 25$ °C



Brake Diode Characteristics

figure 15. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

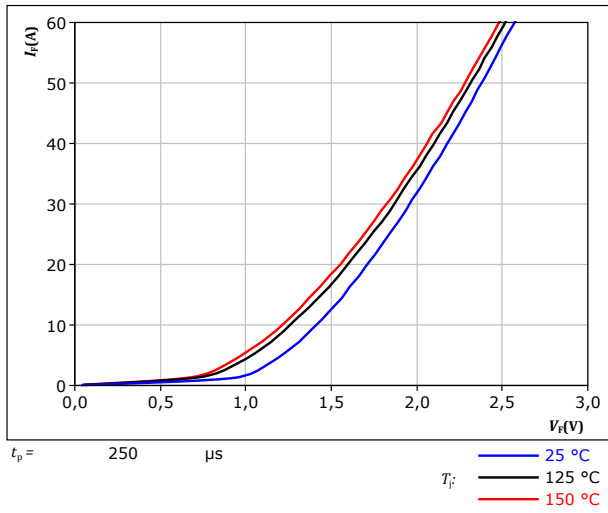
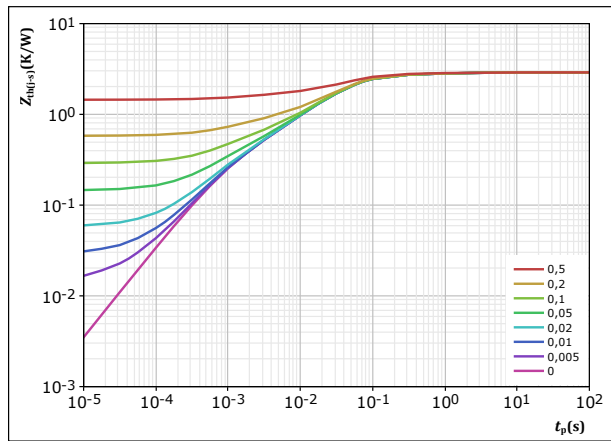


figure 16. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	t_p / T	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	2,898	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
R (K/W)	τ (s)	
1,06E-01	2,42E+00	
3,41E-01	2,00E-01	
1,80E+00	3,86E-02	
4,06E-01	7,48E-03	
2,46E-01	9,92E-04	

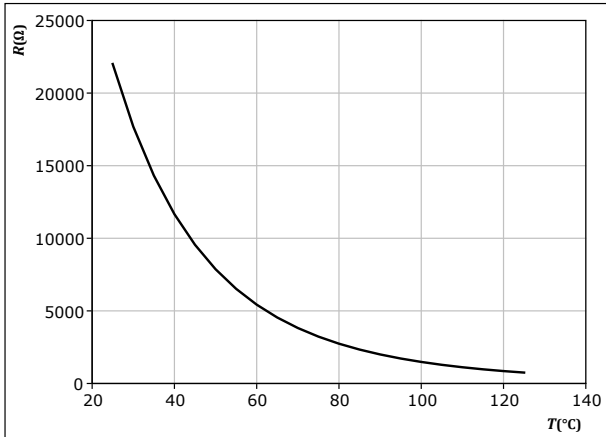


Thermistor Characteristics

figure 17. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

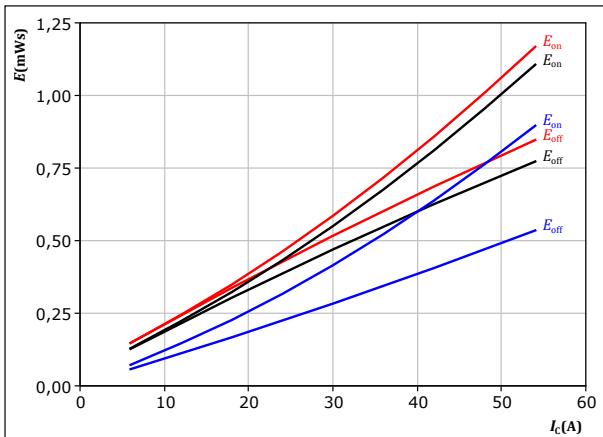




Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 18. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

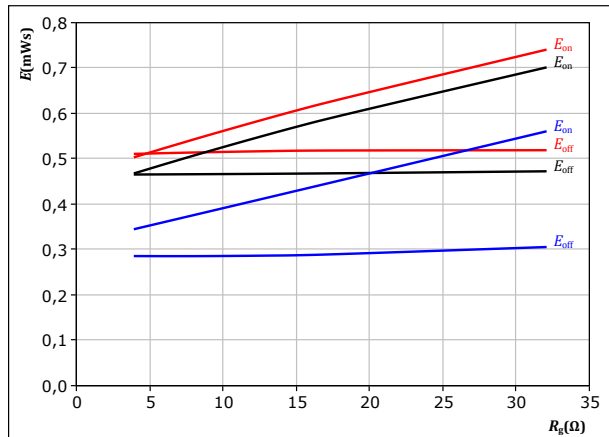


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 12,8$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 12,8$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 19. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

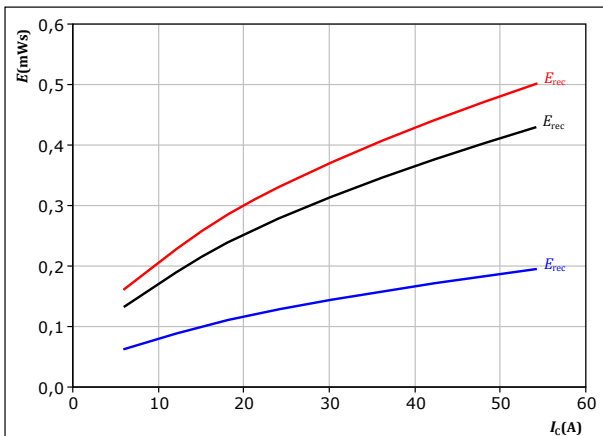


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 20. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

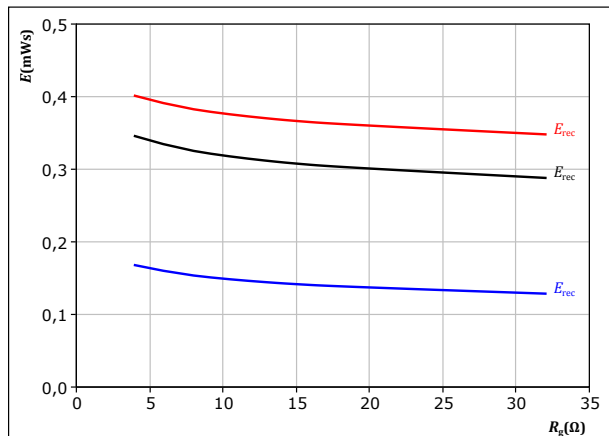


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 12,8$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 21. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A

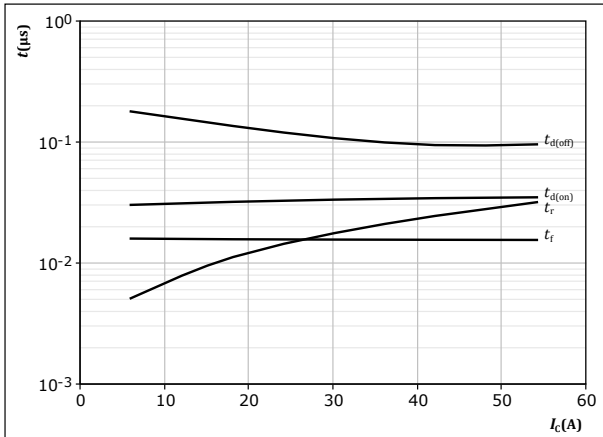
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 22. IGBT

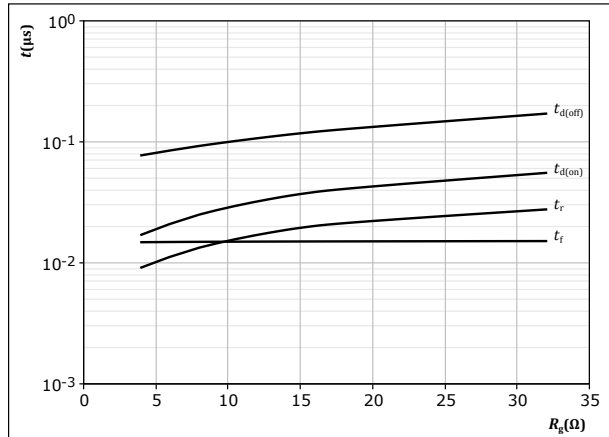
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 12,8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 12,8 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 23. IGBT

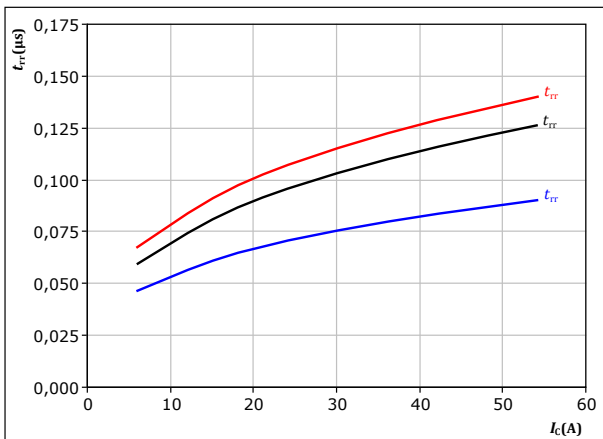
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 30 \text{ A}$

figure 24. FWD

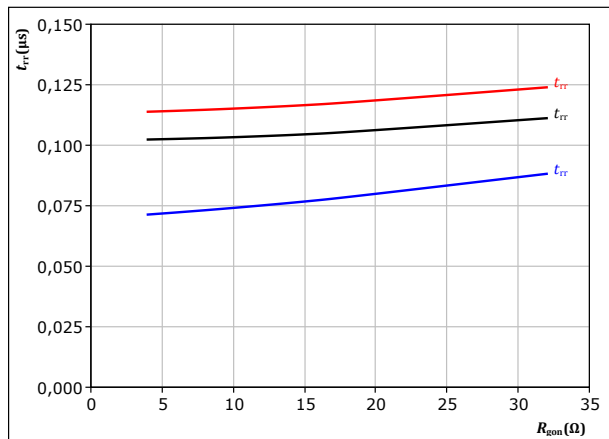
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 12,8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j: \text{ } \text{---} 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

figure 25. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 30 \text{ A}$
 $T_j: \text{ } \text{---} 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

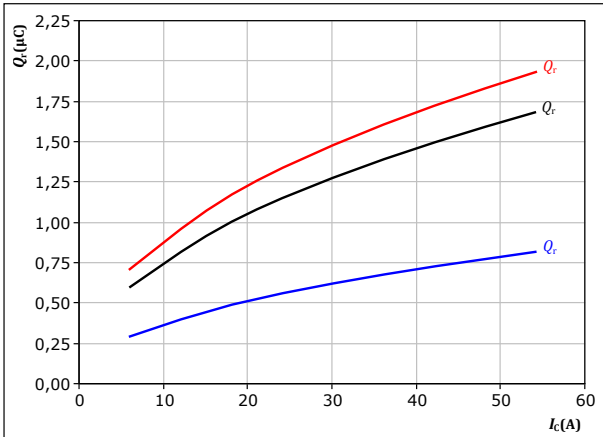


Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 26. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



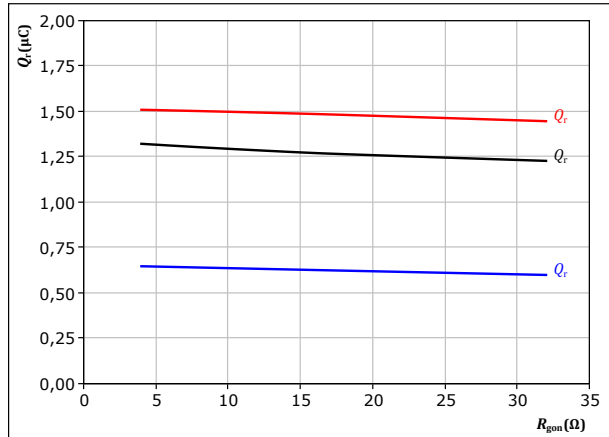
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 12,8$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 27. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



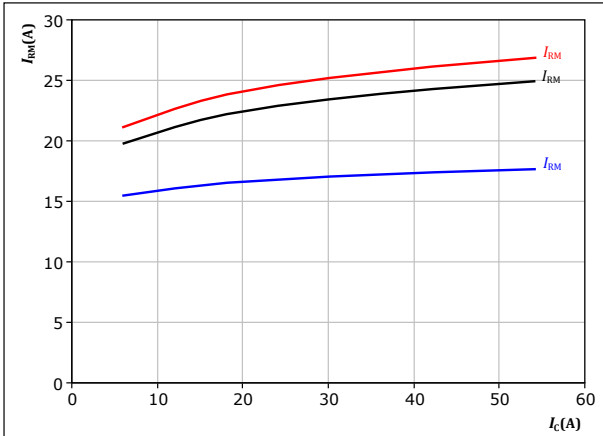
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 28. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



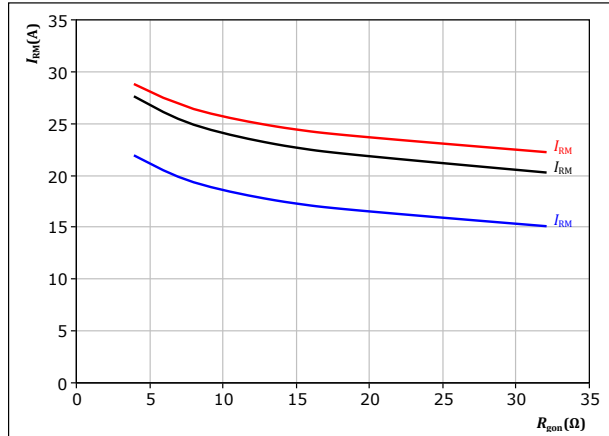
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 12,8$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 29. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

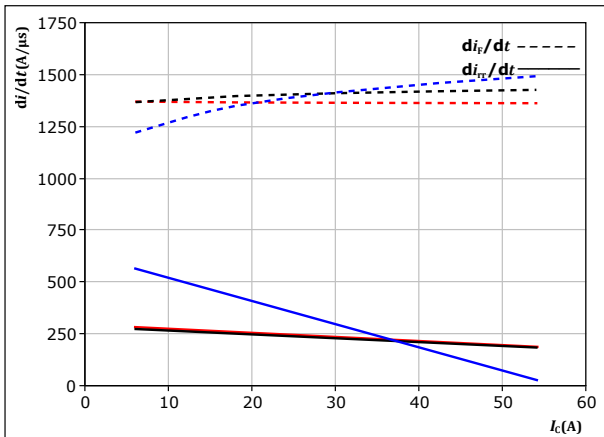
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 30. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_C)$



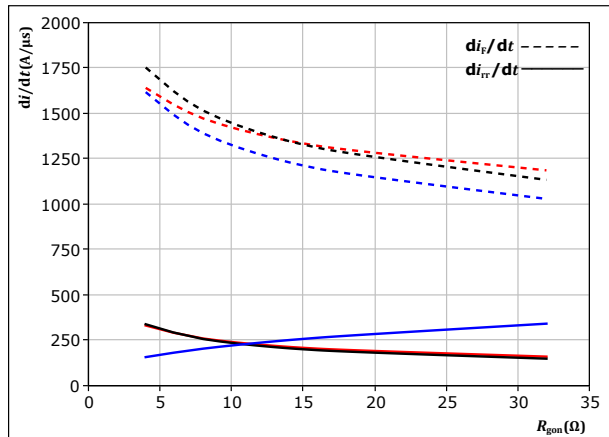
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 12,8 \ \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 31. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

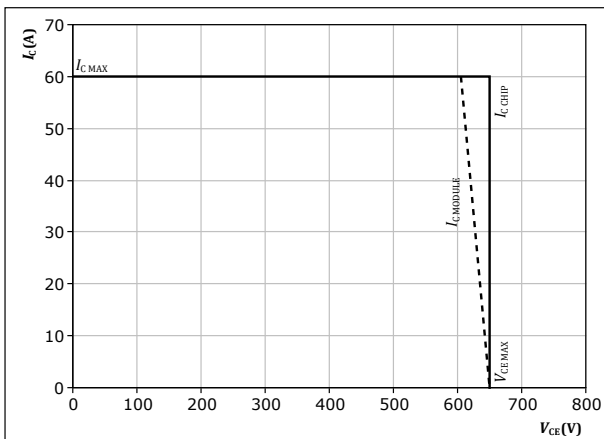
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 32. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



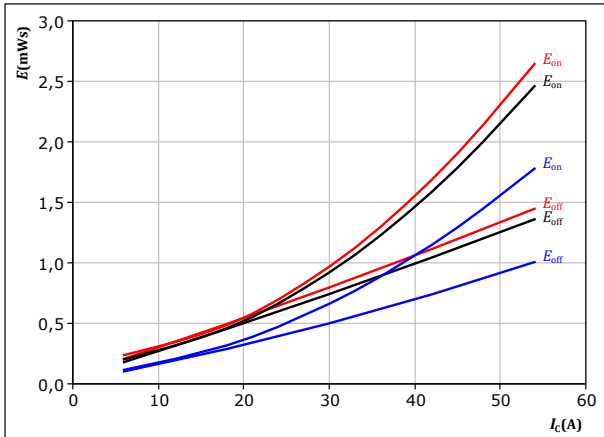
At $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 $R_{gon} = 12,8 \ \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 12,8 \ \Omega$



Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 33. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

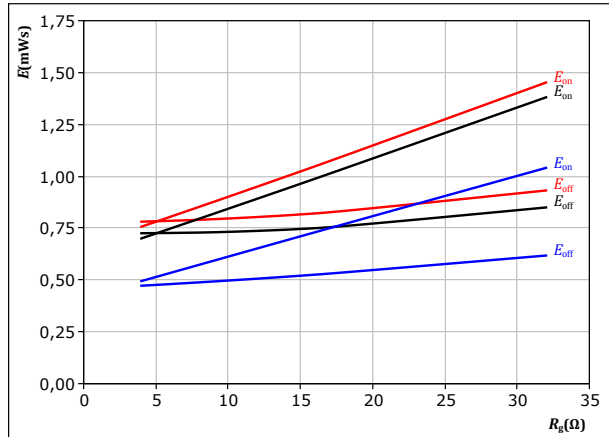


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 12,8$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 12,8$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 34. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

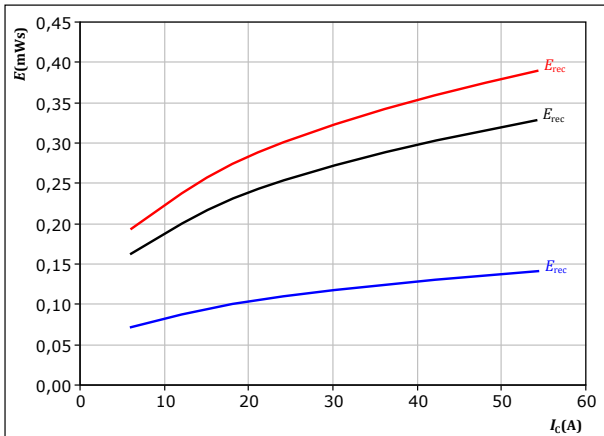


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 35. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

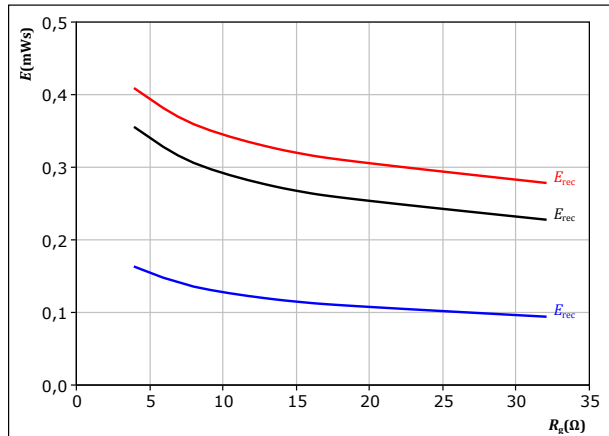


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 12,8$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 36. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A

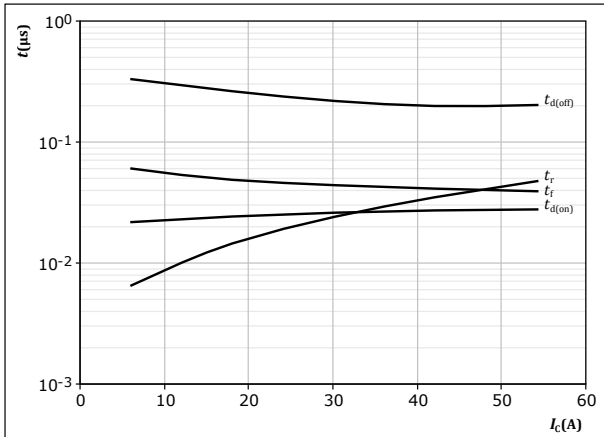
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 37. IGBT

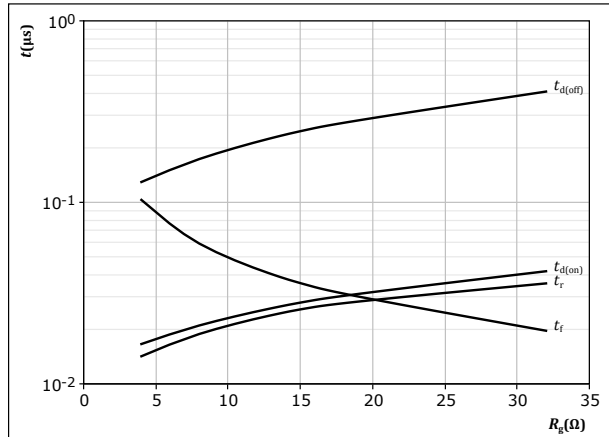
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 12,8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 12,8 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 38. IGBT

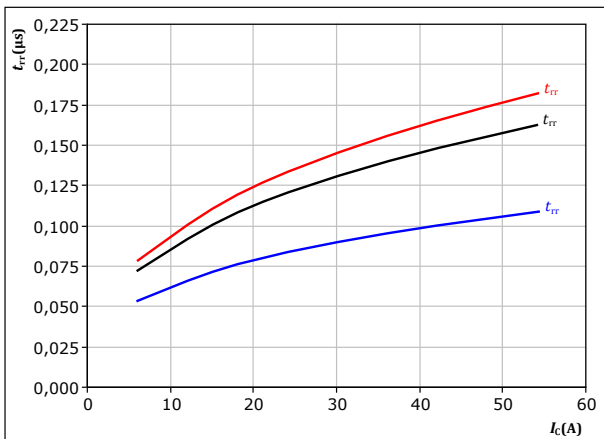
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 30 \text{ A}$

figure 39. FWD

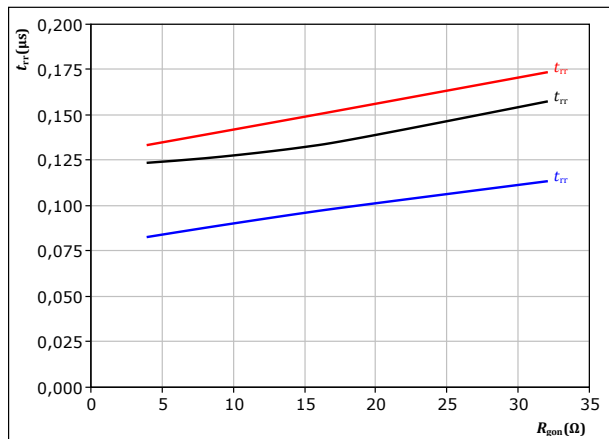
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 12,8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 40. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 30 \text{ A}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

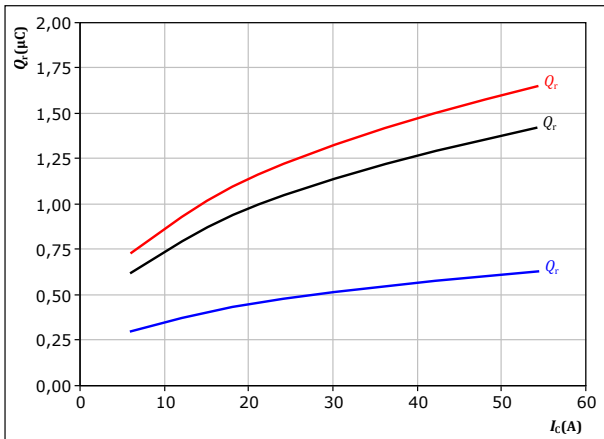


Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 41. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



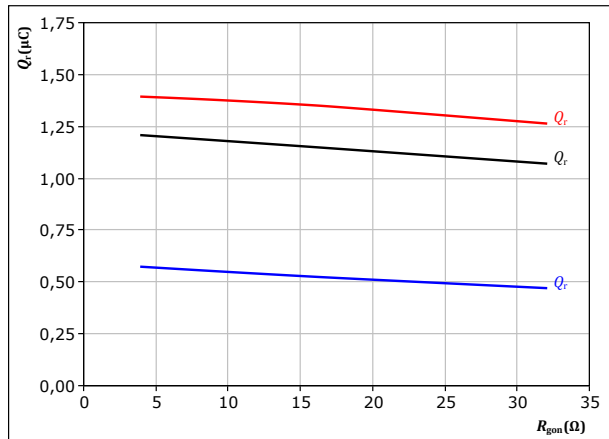
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 12,8$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 42. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



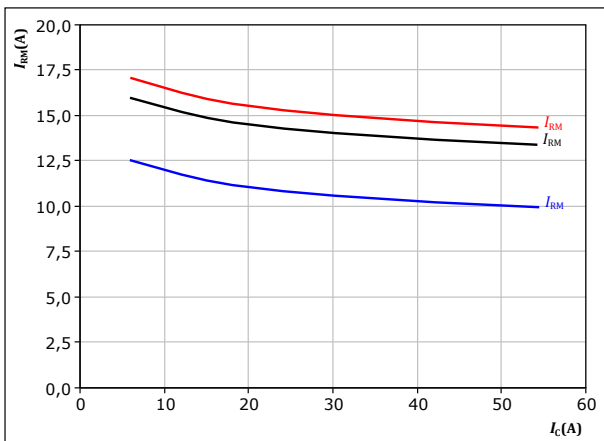
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 43. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



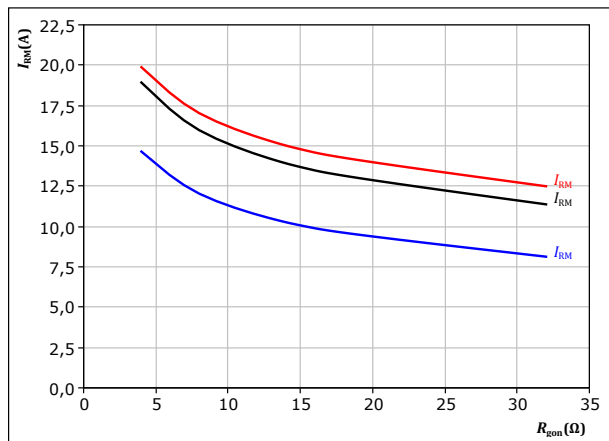
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 12,8$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 44. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

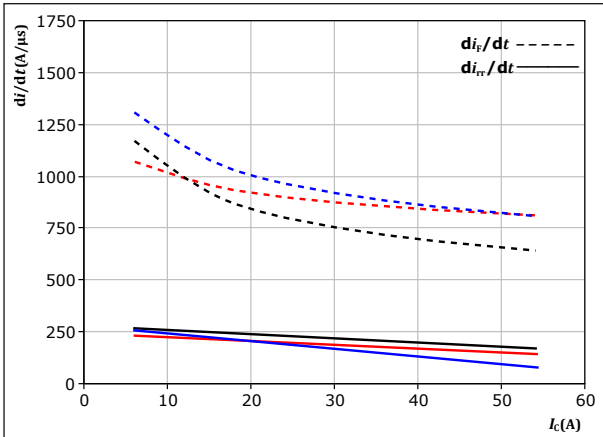
$V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)



Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 45. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_C)$

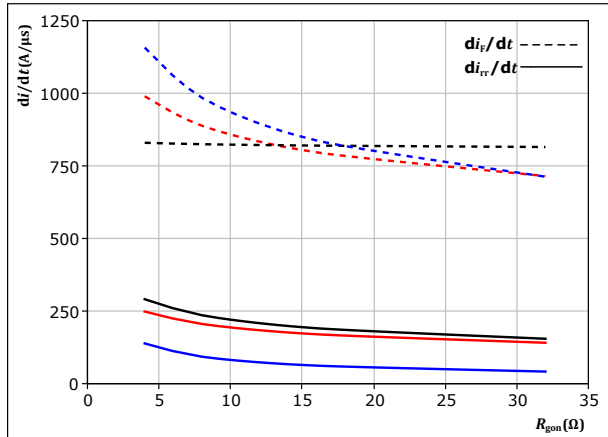


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = 0/15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$R_{gon} = 12,8$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C

figure 46. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{gon})$

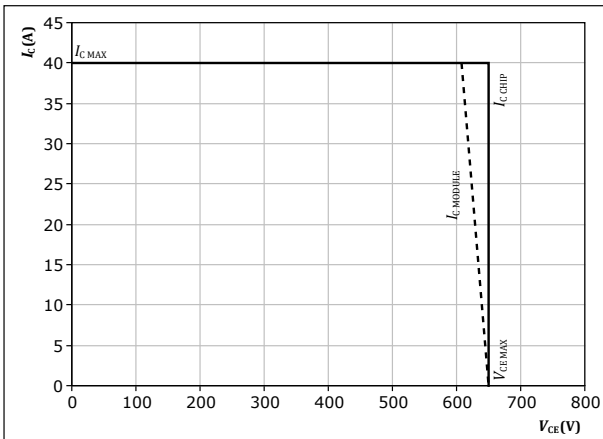


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = 0/15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$I_C = 30$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C

figure 47. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 12,8$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 12,8$ Ω



Switching Definitions

figure 48. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

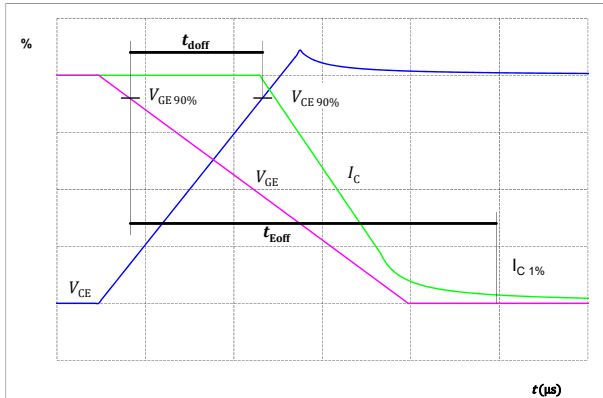


figure 49. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

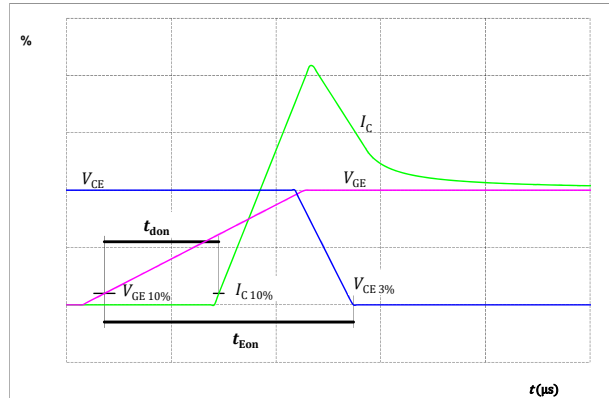


figure 50. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

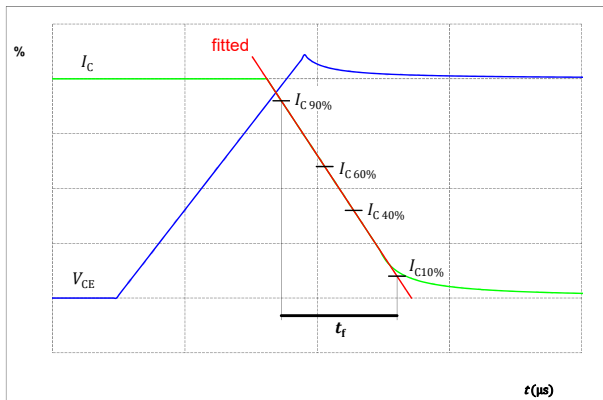
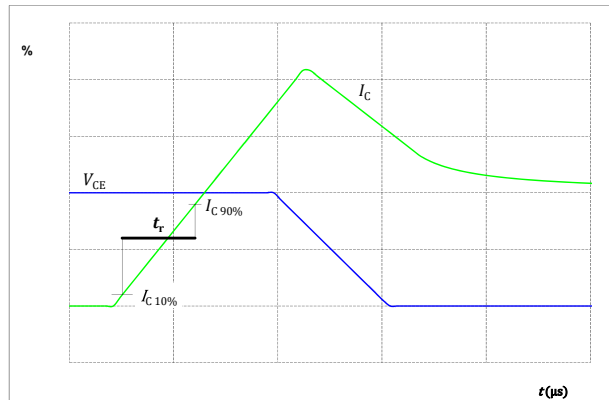


figure 51. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Switching Definitions

figure 52. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

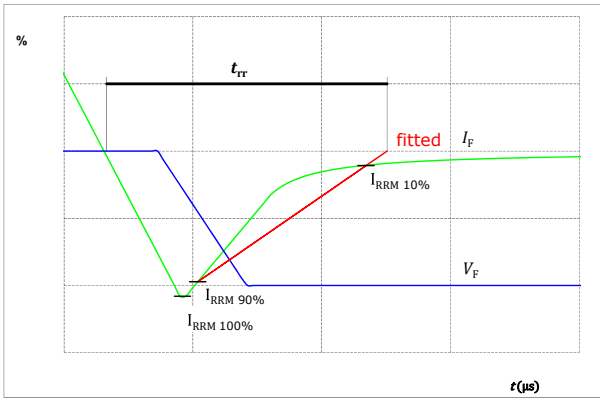
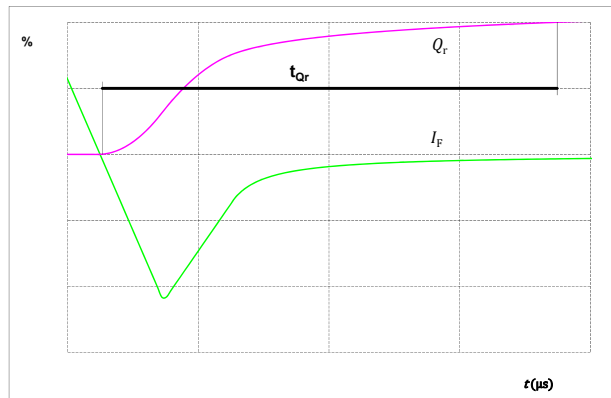


figure 53. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)






Vincotech

10-ZB077PA030S5-PH74E58
datasheet

Ordering Code	
Version	Ordering Code
Without thermal paste	10-ZB077PA030S5-PH74E58
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	10-ZB077PA030S5-PH74E58-/3/

Marking						
 NN-NNNNNNNN NNNN-TTTTTTV VIN LLLLL WWYY SSSS UL	Text	Name	VIN & Lot	Date code	Serial	UL
		NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTV	VIN LLLLL	WWYY	SSSS	UL
	Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code	
		TTTTTV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY	

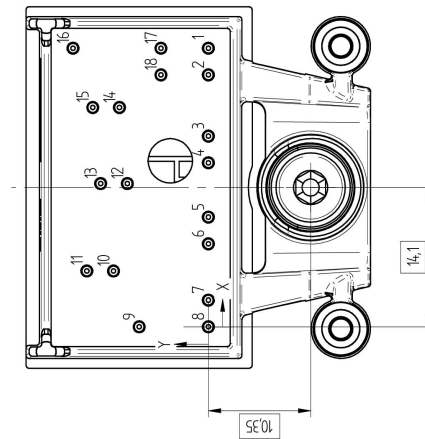
Outline



Vincotech

10-ZB077PA030S5-PH74E58
datasheet

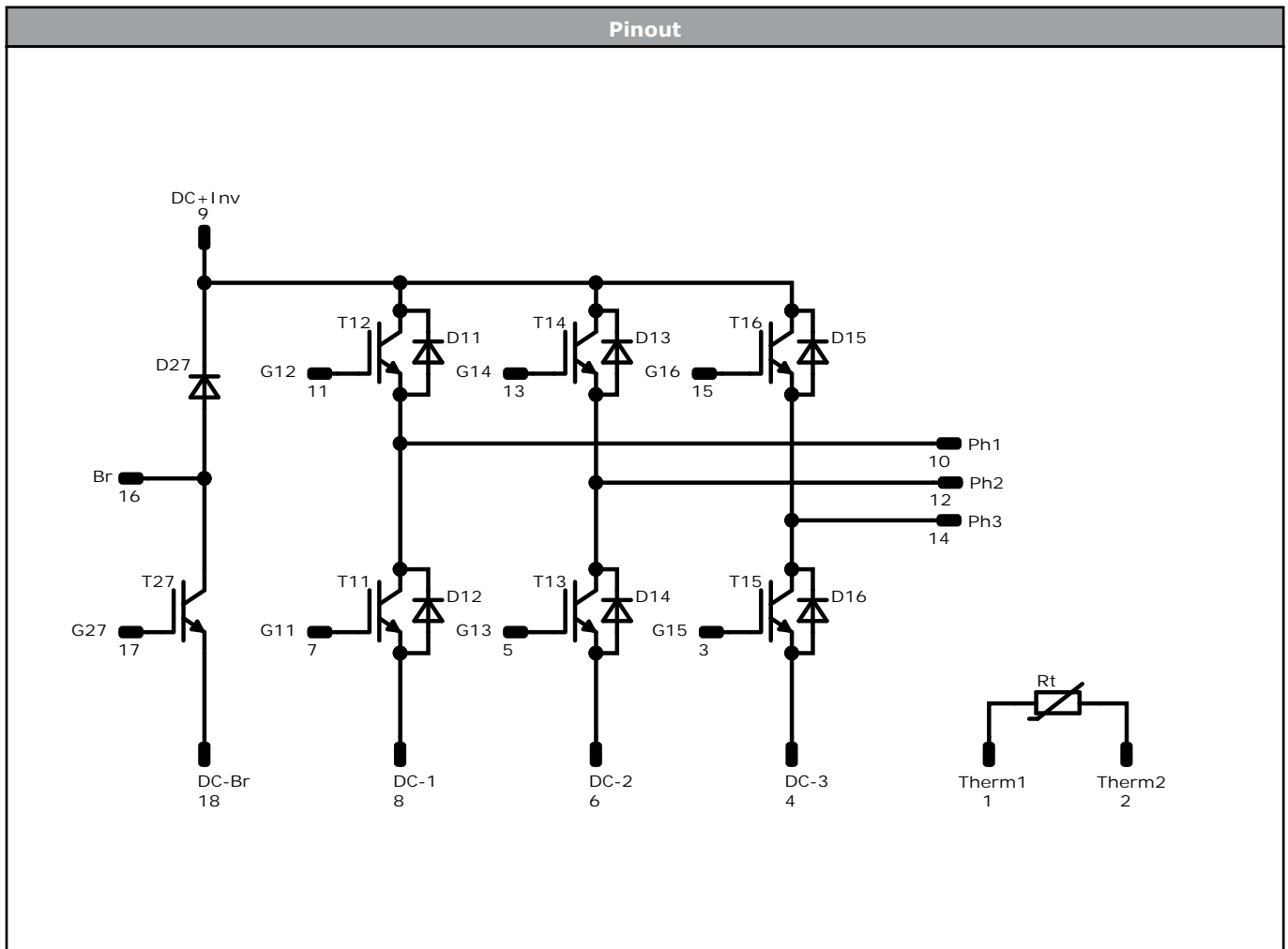
Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	28,2	0	Therm1
2	25,5	0	Therm2
3	19,3	0	G15
4	16,6	0	DC-3
5	11,1	0	G13
6	8,4	0	DC-2
7	2,7	0	G11
8	0	0	DC-1
9	0	7	DC+Inv
10	5,65	9,6	Ph1
11	5,65	12,3	G12
12	14,5	8,2	Ph2
13	14,5	10,9	G14
14	22,2	9	Ph3
15	22,2	11,7	G16
16	28,2	13,7	Br
17	28,2	4,8	G27
18	25,5	4,8	DC-Br



Tolerance of positions: $\pm 0,5\text{mm}$ at the end of pins
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



Vincotech



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T12, T13, T14, T15, T16	IGBT	650 V	30 A	Inverter Switch	
D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16	FWD	650 V	20 A	Inverter Diode	
T27	IGBT	650 V	20 A	Brake Switch	
D27	FWD	650 V	20 A	Brake Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	




Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 160	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> 0B packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> 0B packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-ZB077PA030S5-PH74E58-D1-14	24 Jul. 2023		

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.