



**flowBOOST 2 dual**

**1200 V / 200 A**

**Topology features**

- Auxiliary diodes for FC pre-charge (patent pending)
- Dual Flying Cap Booster
- Kelvin Emitter for improved switching performance
- Temperature sensor

**Component features**

- High speed switching
- Low collector emitter saturation voltage
- Low turn-off losses
- Optimized for hard switching topologies
- Positive temperature coefficient

**Housing features**

- Base isolation: Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
- Convex shaped baseplate for superior thermal contact
- Cu baseplate
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief
- Solder pin

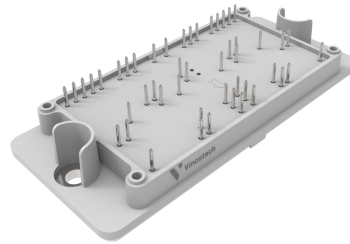
**Target applications**

- Energy Storage Systems
- Solar Inverters

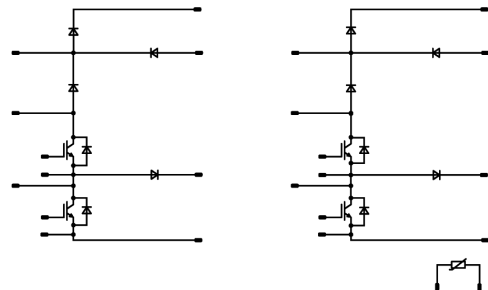
**Types**

- 30-FT12B2A200H705-PK49L06

**flow 2 13 mm housing**



**Schematic**





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**30-FT12B2A200H705-PK49L06**  
datasheet

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Inner Boost Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	156	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	600	A
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j = 150\text{ °C}$ , $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	600	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	287	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Inner Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	114	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	204	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 110\text{ °C}$	516	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	231	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Inner Boost Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	78	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	480	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		1100	A <sup>2</sup> s
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	92	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C



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**30-FT12B2A200H705-PK49L06**  
datasheet

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Outer Boost Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	156	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	600	A
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j = 150\text{ °C}$ , $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	600	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	287	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Outer Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	114	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	204	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 110\text{ °C}$	516	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	231	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Outer Boost Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	78	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	480	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		1100	A <sup>2</sup> s
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	92	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Aux Diode H</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	74	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	150	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	600	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	145	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Aux Diode L

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	74	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	150	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	600	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	145	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Module Properties

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			>12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 600	

\*100 % tested in production



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Inner Boost Switch

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0032	25	4,7	5,5	6,2	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		200	25 125 150		1,78 1,94 1,98	2,15 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			8	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							26000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		480		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							144		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$	$V_{CC} = 960$ V	0/15		200	25		1428		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,33		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		157,6 160,68 162,12		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					25 125 150		12,43 13,97 14,06		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		172,21 205,54 214,87		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		44,81 65,58 72,71		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,777$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,74$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,745$ μC				25 125 150		4,03 4,38 4,32		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		6,66 9,8 10,72		mWs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Inner Boost Diode</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$				80	25 125 150		1,37 1,56 1,63	2 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V				25		20	2000	μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,41		K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RM}$					25 125 150		74,88 77,51 79,69		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		21,93 18,21 18,07		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=11054$ A/μs $di/dt=10367$ A/μs $di/dt=10213$ A/μs	±15	700	200	25 125 150		0,777 0,74 0,745		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		0,183 0,162 0,163		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		8445,01 9338,74 10185,06		A/μs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Inner Boost Sw. Protection Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				40	25 125 150		1,06 0,987 0,974	1,5 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1600$ V				25 150			100 2000	$\mu$ A

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,76		K/W
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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Outer Boost Switch

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0032	25	4,7	5,5	6,2	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		200	25 125 150		1,78 1,94 1,98	2,15 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			8	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							26000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		480		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							144		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$	$V_{CC} = 960$ V	0/15		200	25		1428		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,33		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		153,76 156,72 157,81		ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$R_{gon} = 2$ Ω $R_{goff} = 2$ Ω				25 125 150		14,8 16,6 17,05		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		±15	700	200	25 125 150		168,41 202,16 211,65		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		34,56 59,01 68,41		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,725$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,736$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,747$ μC				25 125 150		3,38 3,56 3,51		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		4,9 8,5 9,35		mWs





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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Outer Boost Diode</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$				80	25 125 150		1,37 1,56 1,63	2 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V				25		20	2000	μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,41		K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RM}$					25 125 150		83,94 84,02 84,41		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		14,59 14,99 15,17		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=12410$ A/μs $di/dt=12064$ A/μs $di/dt=11035$ A/μs	±15	700	200	25 125 150		0,725 0,736 0,747		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		0,105 0,111 0,113		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		17742,76 17838,91 17343,81		A/μs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Outer Boost Sw. Protection Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				40	25 125 150		1,06 0,987 0,974	1,5 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1600$ V				25 150			100 2000	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,76		K/W
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#### Aux Diode H

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				75	25 125 150		2,59 2,16 2,07	3,3 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V				25 150			250 2000	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,66		K/W
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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Aux Diode L

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				75	25 125 150		2,59 2,16 2,07	3,3 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V				25 150			250 2000	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,66		K/W
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#### Thermistor

##### Static

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R100	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$					25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±1 %						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±1 %						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

<sup>(1)</sup> Value at chip level

<sup>(2)</sup> Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

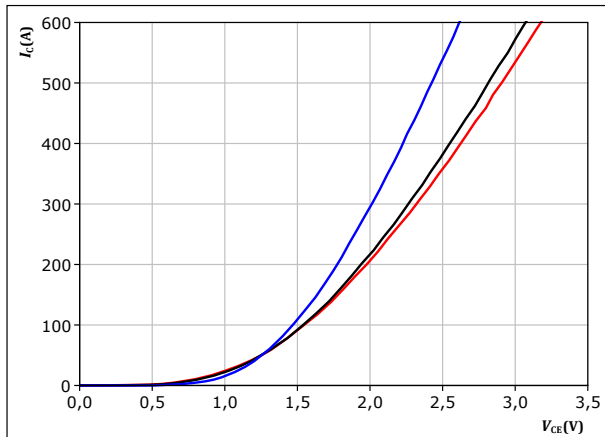


## Inner Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

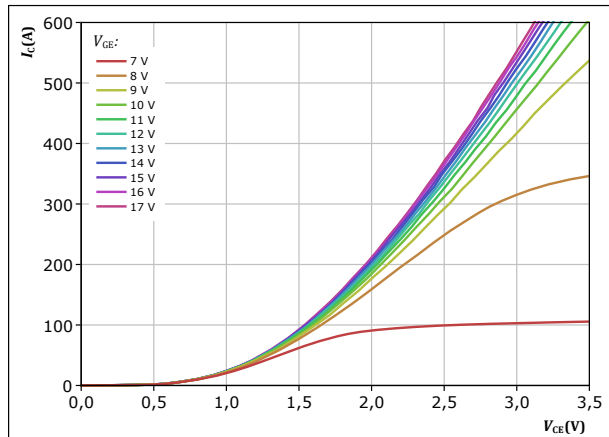


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j:$  25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

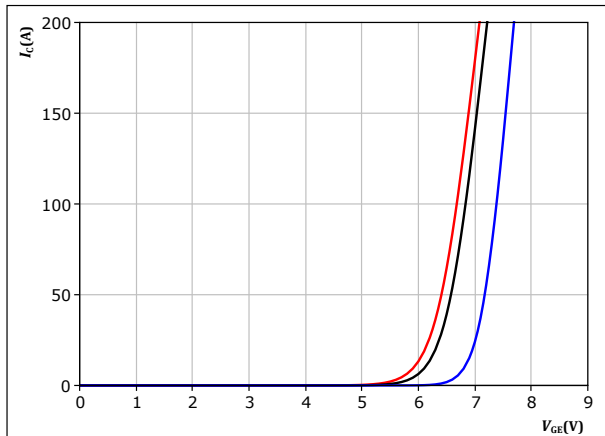


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

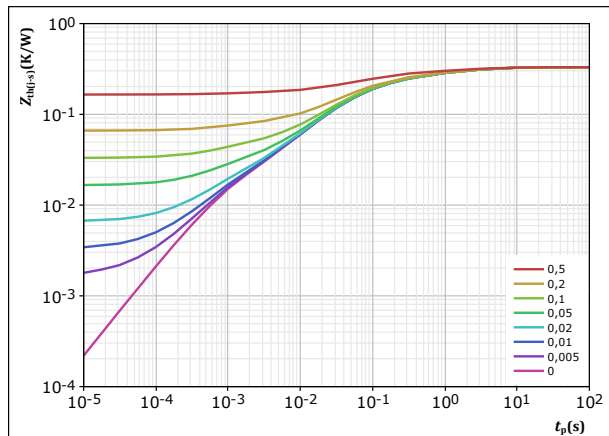


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 48 V$   
 $T_j:$  25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,331 \text{ K/W}$   
IGBT thermal model values  

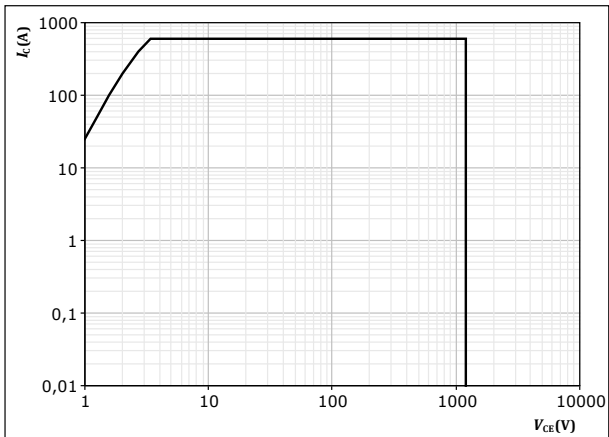
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
$3,72E-02$	$4,28E+00$
$7,68E-02$	$6,09E-01$
$1,42E-01$	$7,68E-02$
$6,11E-02$	$1,66E-02$
$1,38E-02$	$8,44E-04$



### Inner Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

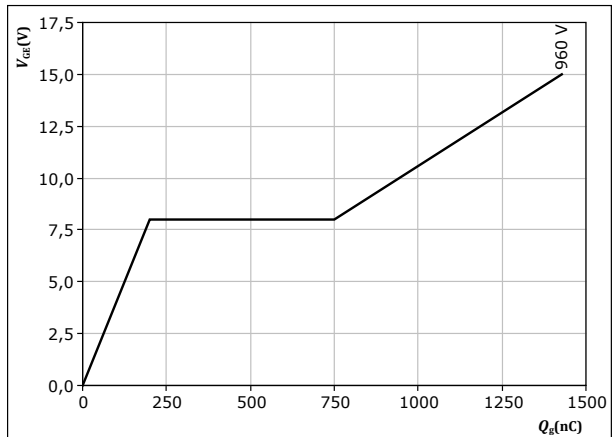
Safe operating area  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

figure 6. IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge  
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



$I_C = 100$  A  
 $T_j = 25$  °C



## Inner Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 7. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

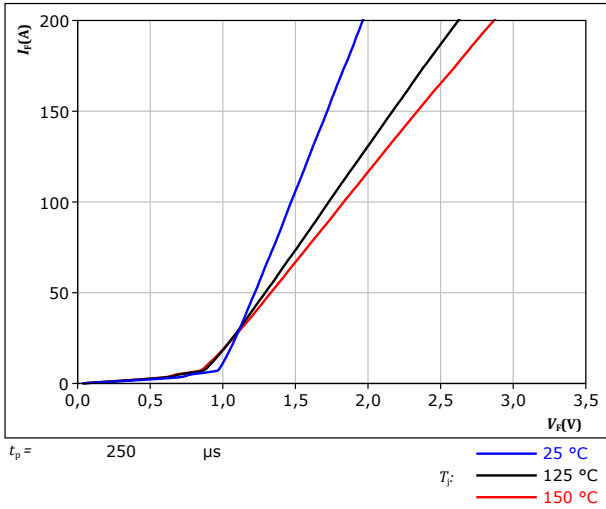
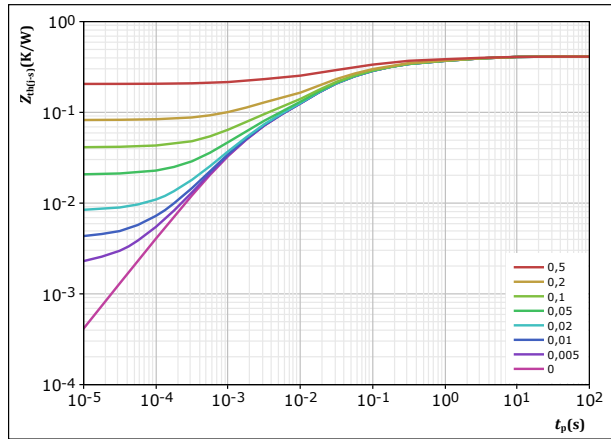


figure 8. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,411 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
3,61E-02	4,15E+00
4,65E-02	7,98E-01
1,31E-01	1,00E-01
1,47E-01	1,86E-02
5,10E-02	1,58E-03

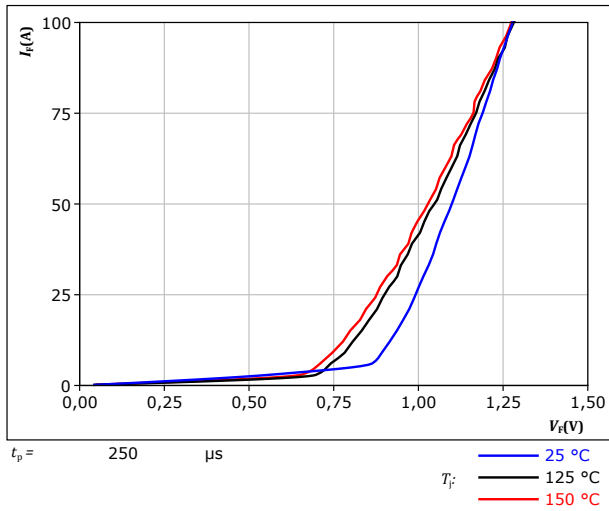


### Inner Boost Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

**figure 9.** Rectifier

Typical forward characteristics

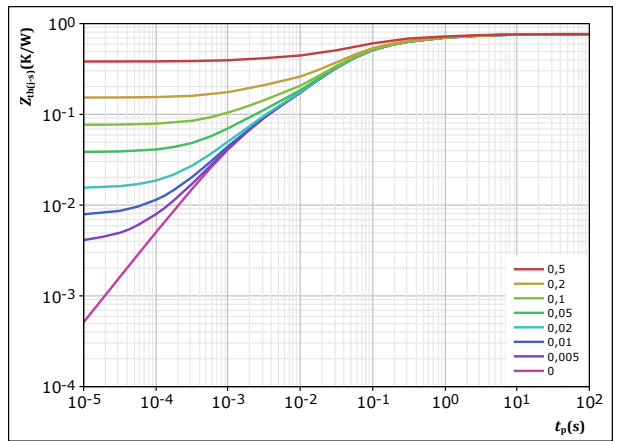
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 10.** Rectifier

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,765$  K/W  
 Rectifier thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
4,68E-02	5,24E+00
1,43E-01	5,88E-01
3,57E-01	7,04E-02
1,61E-01	1,86E-02
5,74E-02	1,54E-03

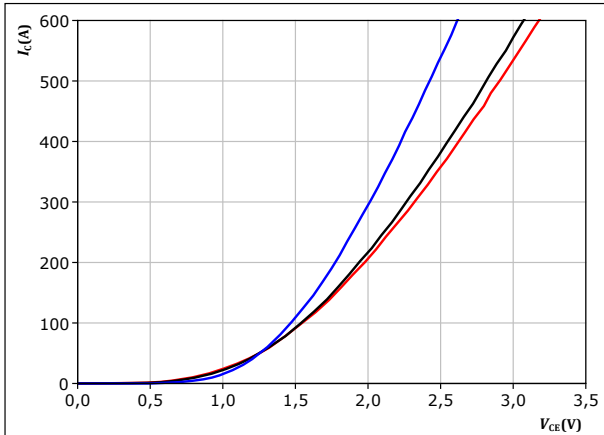


## Outer Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 11.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



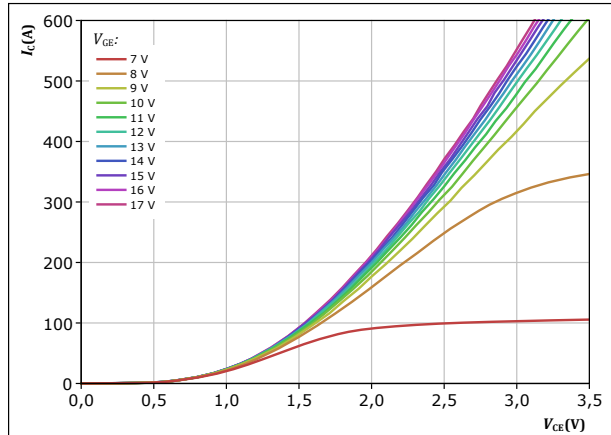
$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$

$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 12.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

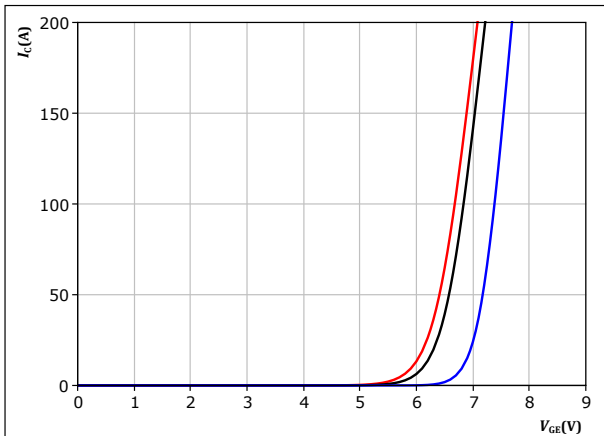


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 13.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



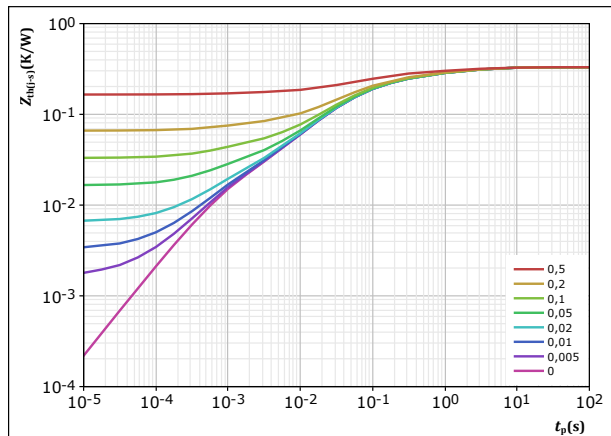
$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 48 V$

$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 14.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,331 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
3,72E-02	4,28E+00
7,68E-02	6,09E-01
1,42E-01	7,68E-02
6,11E-02	1,66E-02
1,38E-02	8,44E-04



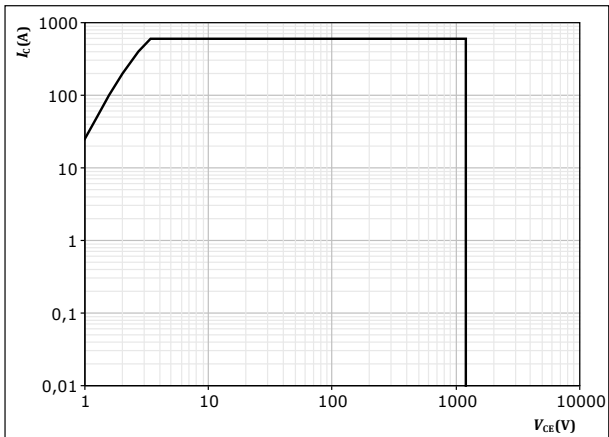


### Outer Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 15. IGBT

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

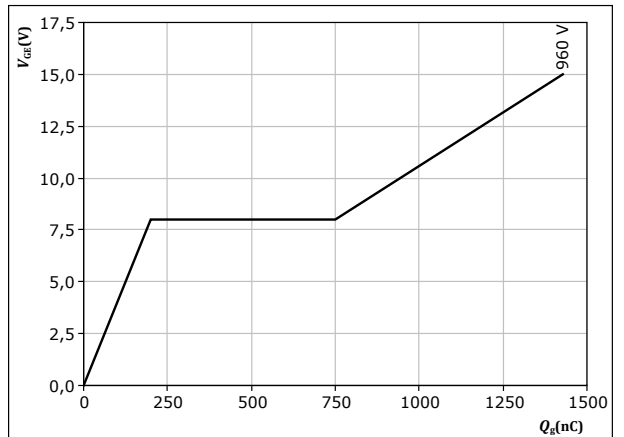


$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

figure 16. IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge

$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



$I_C = 100 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$



## Outer Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 17. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

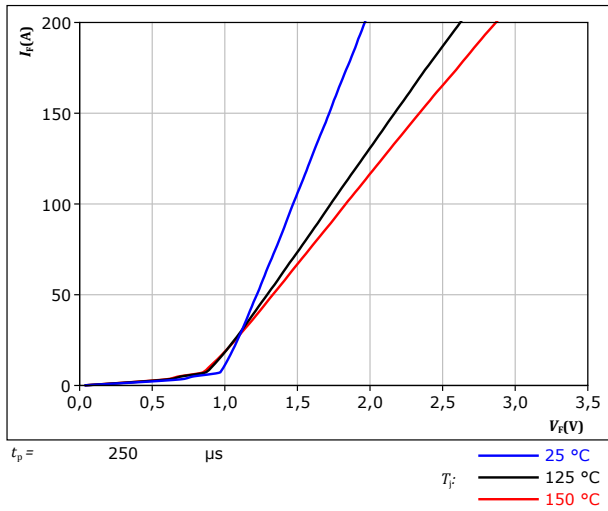
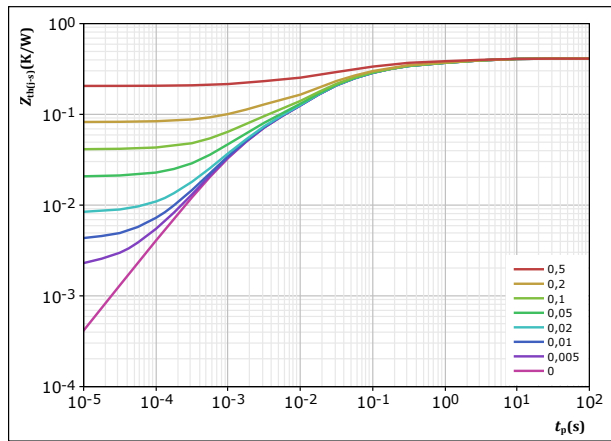


figure 18. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	0,411	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)	
3,61E-02	4,15E+00	
4,65E-02	7,98E-01	
1,31E-01	1,00E-01	
1,47E-01	1,86E-02	
5,10E-02	1,58E-03	



## Outer Boost Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 19. Rectifier

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

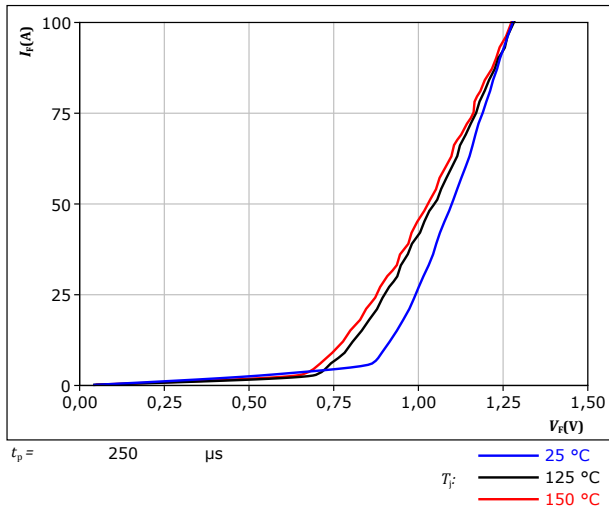
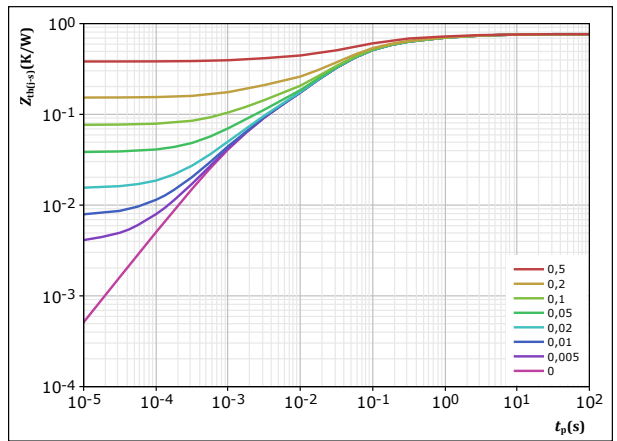


figure 20. Rectifier

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,765 \text{ K/W}$

Rectifier thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
4,68E-02	5,24E+00
1,43E-01	5,88E-01
3,57E-01	7,04E-02
1,61E-01	1,86E-02
5,74E-02	1,54E-03



### Aux Diode H Characteristics

figure 21. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

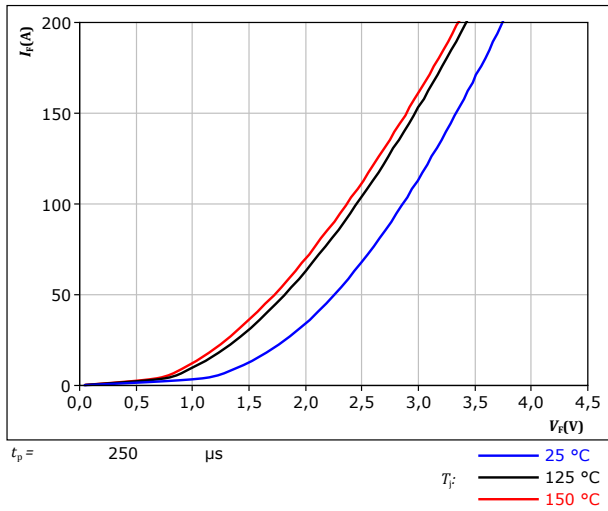
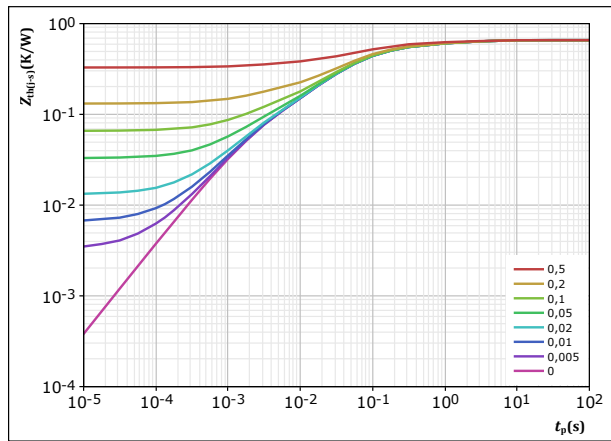


figure 22. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	0,657	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)	
6,51E-02	2,52E+00	
1,04E-01	3,73E-01	
3,01E-01	7,08E-02	
1,34E-01	1,87E-02	
5,30E-02	2,00E-03	



### Aux Diode L Characteristics

figure 23. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

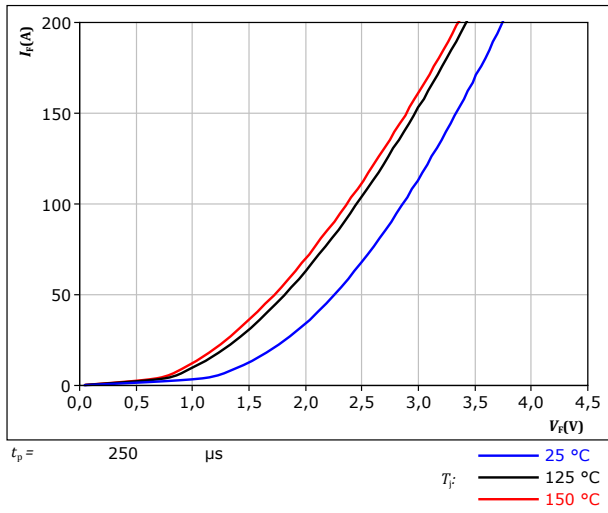
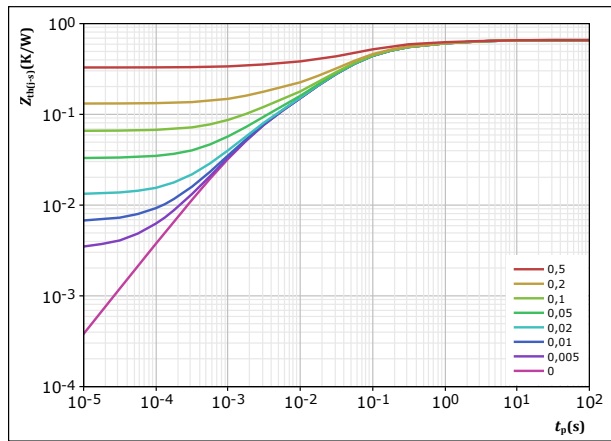


figure 24. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	0,657	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)	
6,51E-02	2,52E+00	
1,04E-01	3,73E-01	
3,01E-01	7,08E-02	
1,34E-01	1,87E-02	
5,30E-02	2,00E-03	

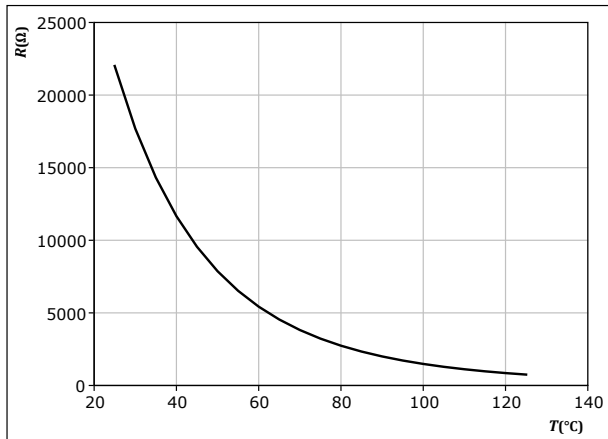


### Thermistor Characteristics

figure 25. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

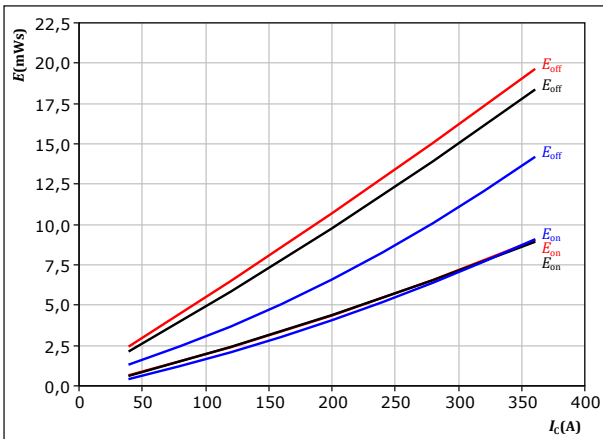




## Inner Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 26.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$



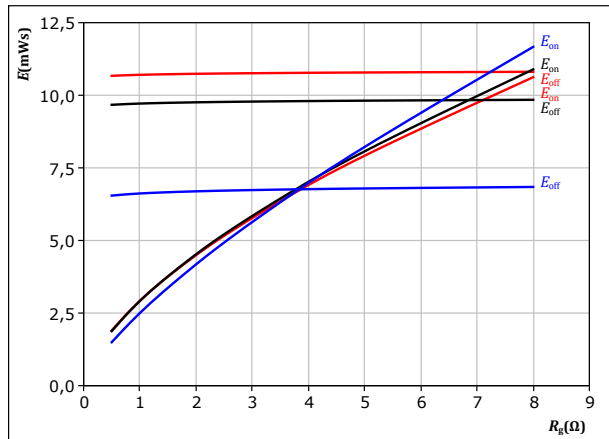
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 27.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$



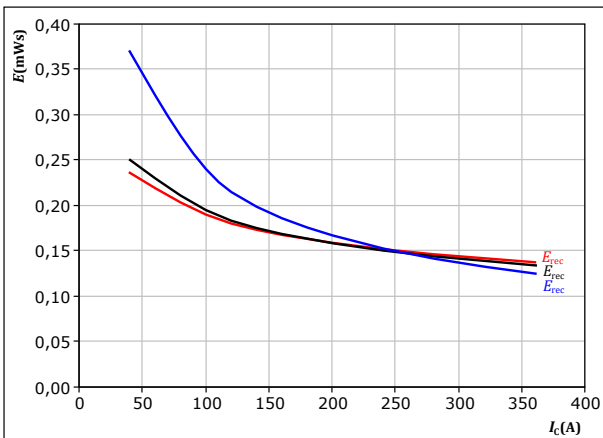
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 28.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



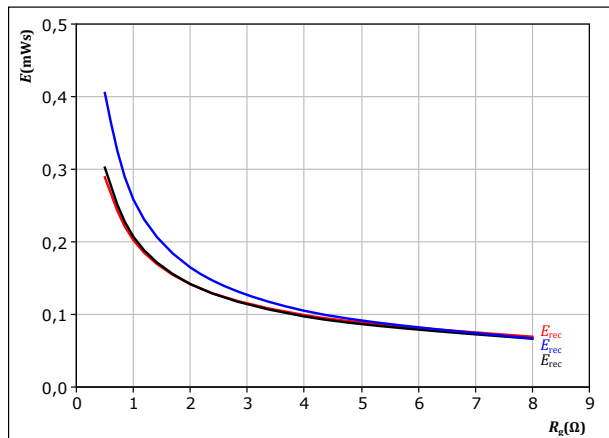
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 29.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$

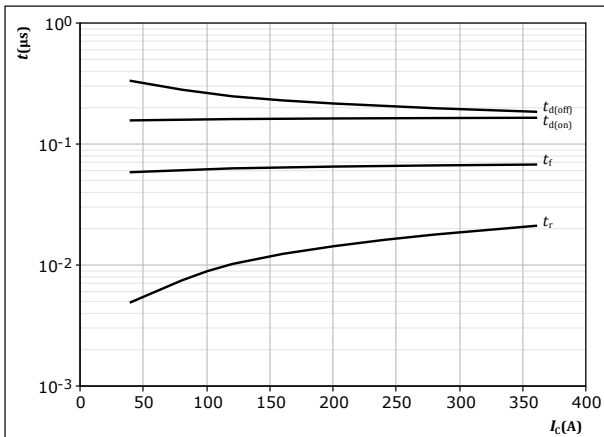
$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)



## Inner Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 30.** IGBT

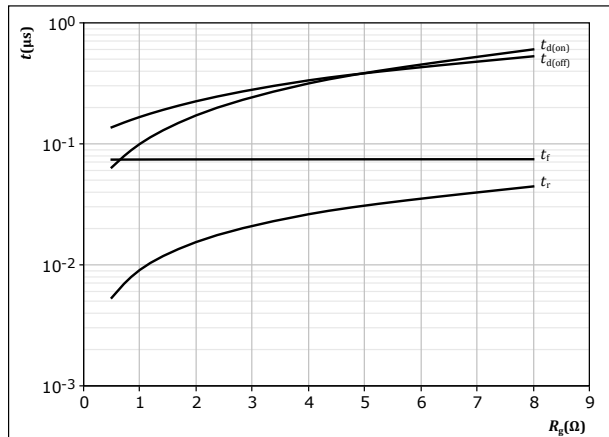
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{g\text{off}} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 31.** IGBT

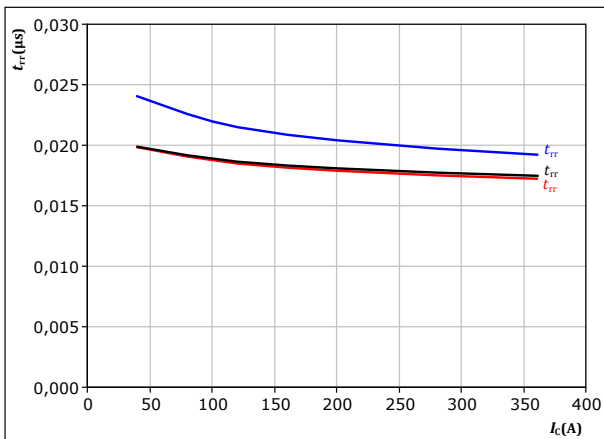
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$

**figure 32.** FWD

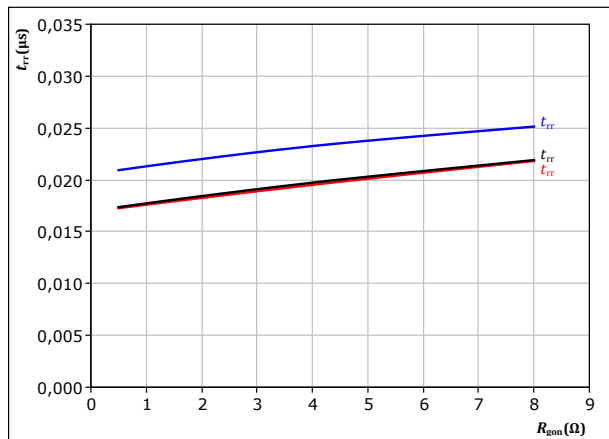
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 33.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g\text{on}})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



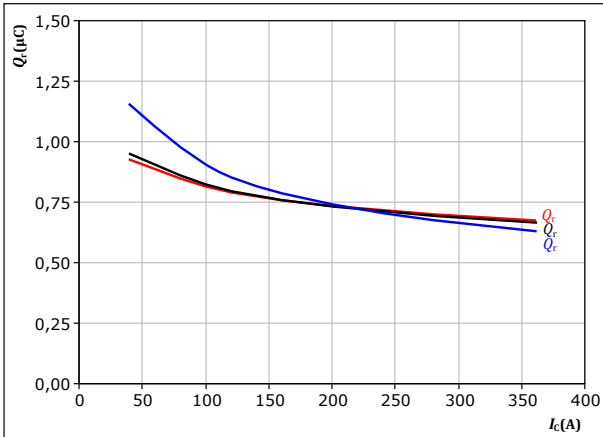


## Inner Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 34. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

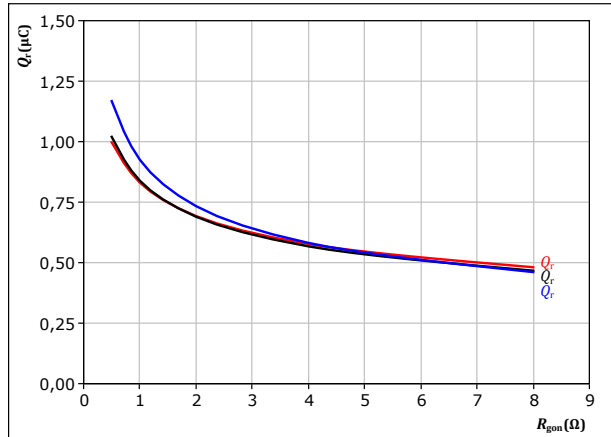
$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 35. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

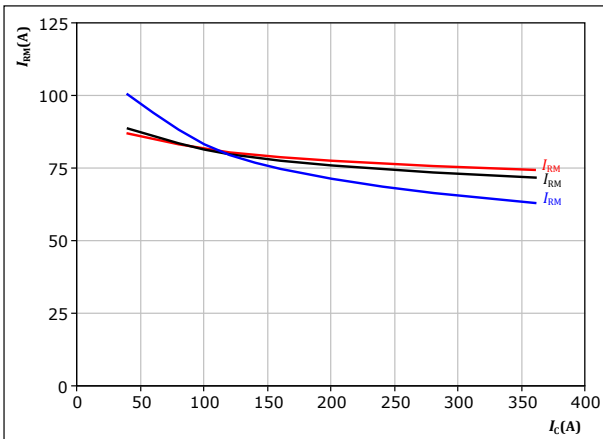
$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 36. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

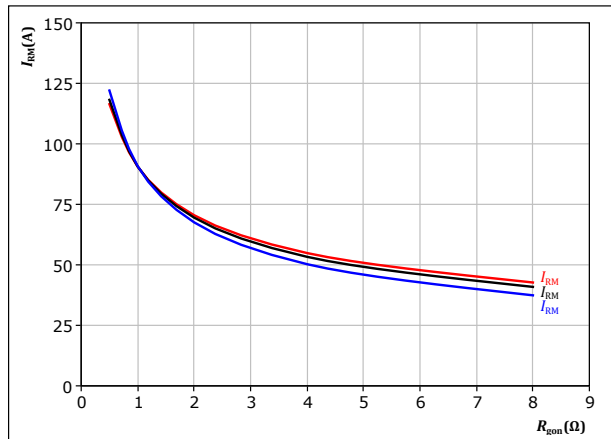
$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 37. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$

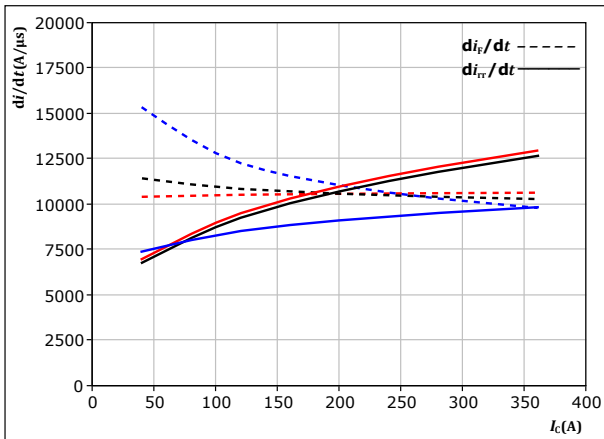
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## Inner Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 38.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_C)$



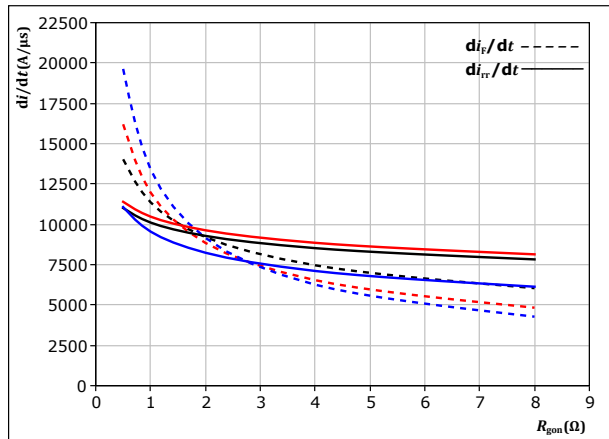
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_f:$   
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 39.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

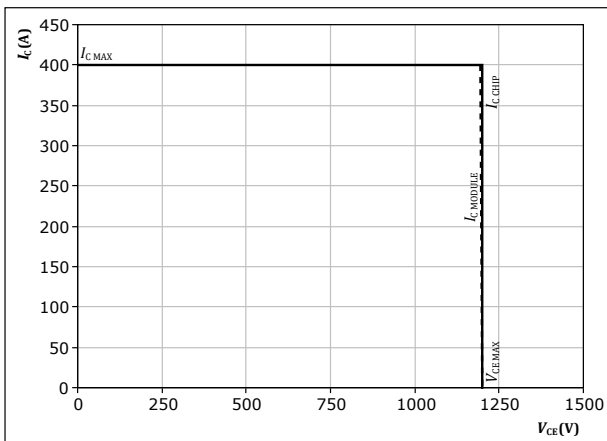
$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 200 \text{ A}$

$T_f:$   
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 40.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



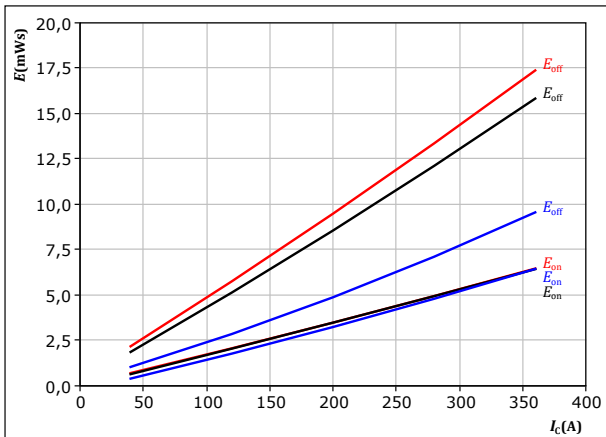
At  $T_f = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$



## Outer Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 41.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$



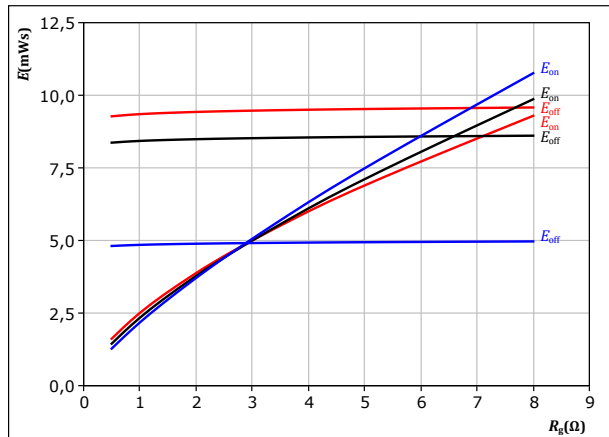
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 42.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$



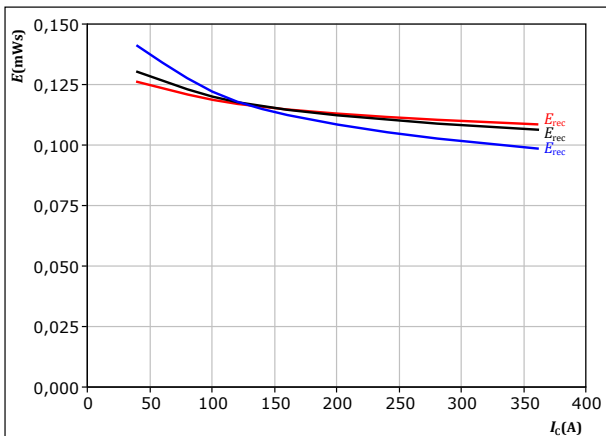
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 43.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



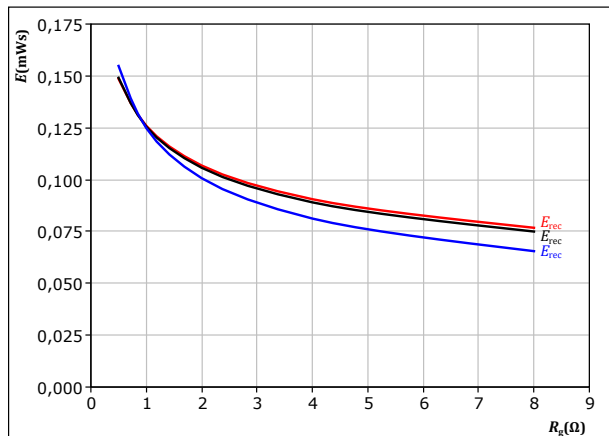
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 44.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$

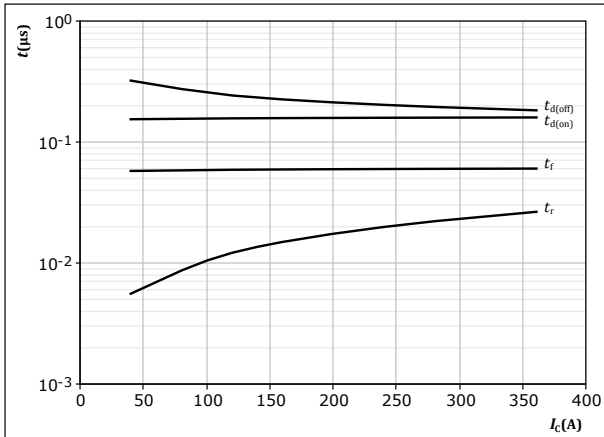
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## Outer Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 45.** IGBT

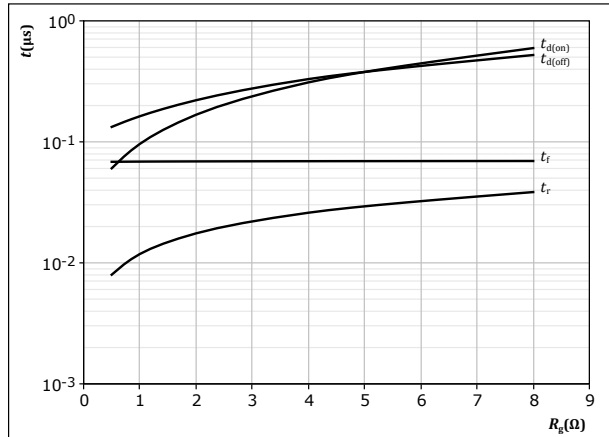
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 46.** IGBT

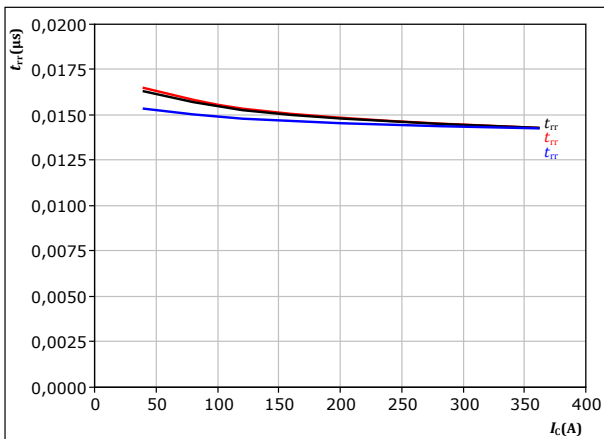
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$

**figure 47.** FWD

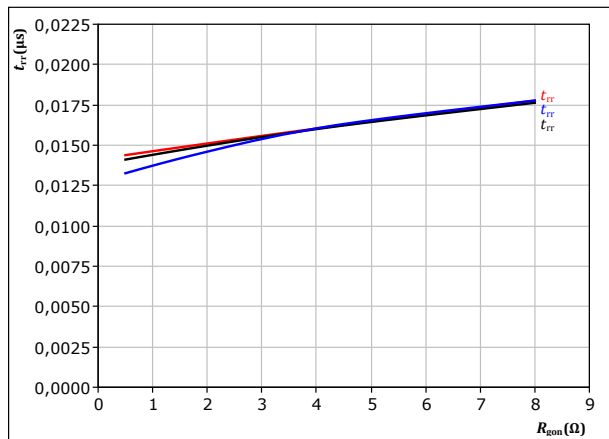
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 48.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

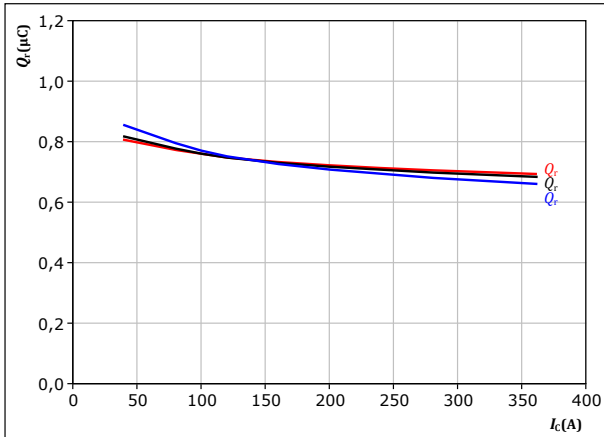


## Outer Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 49.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

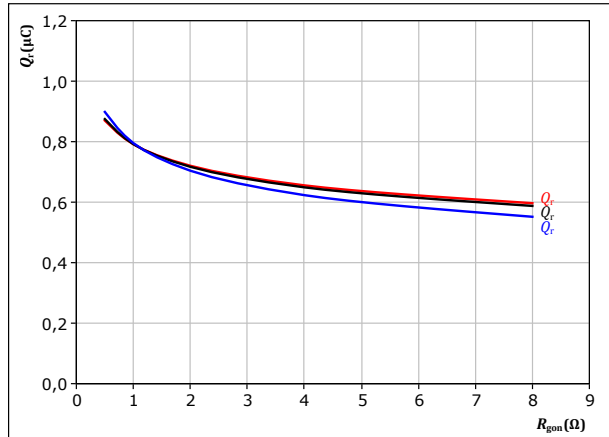
$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 50.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

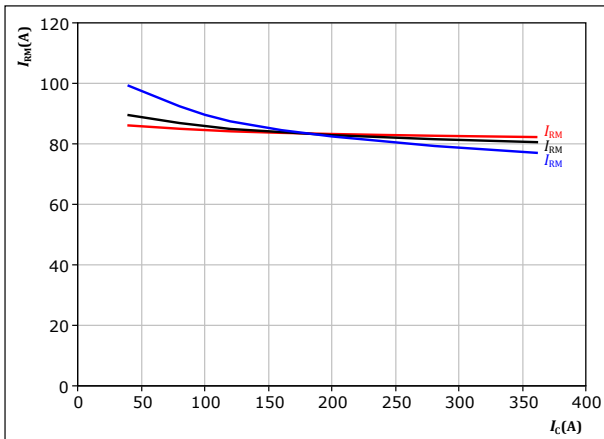
$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 51.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

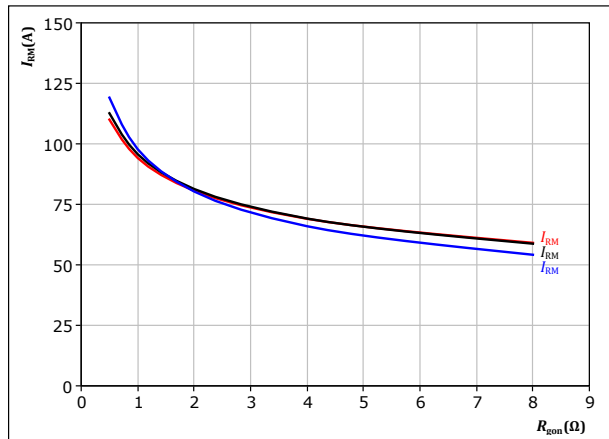
$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 52.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 200 \text{ A}$

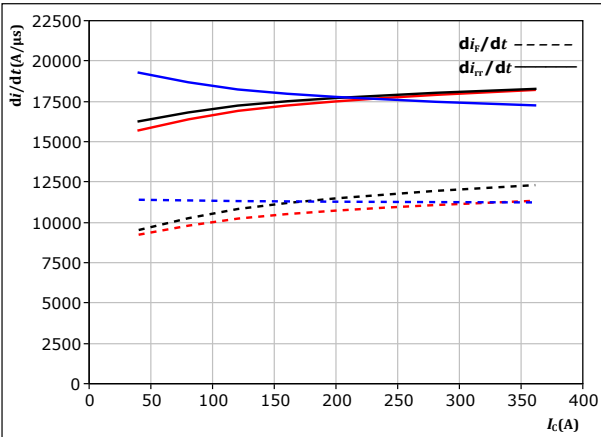
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## Outer Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 53.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_C)$



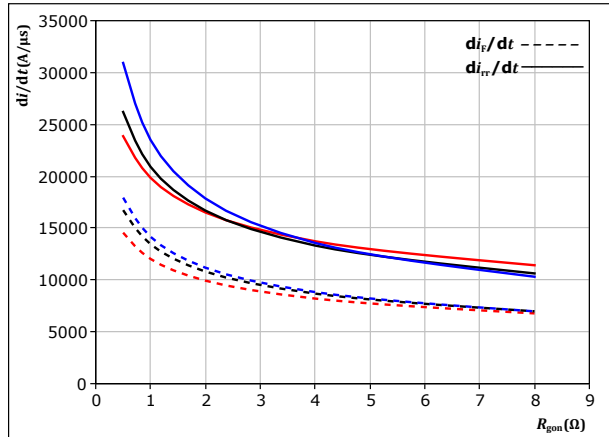
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j =$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 54.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

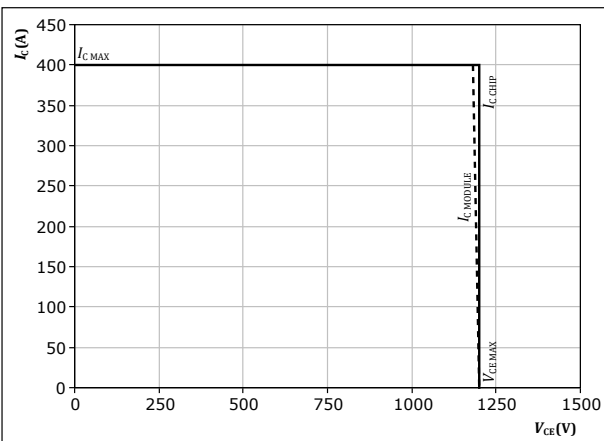
$V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 200 \text{ A}$

$T_j =$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 55.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



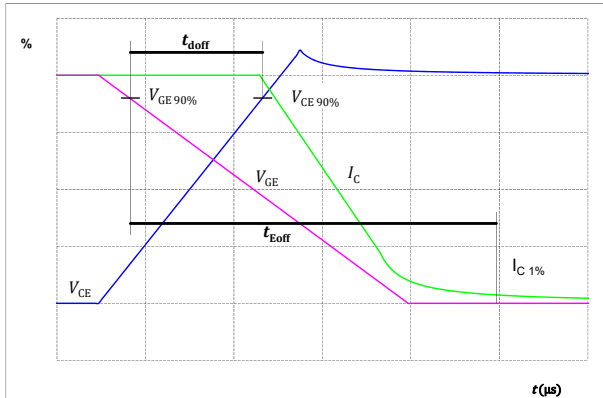
At  $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$



## Switching Definitions

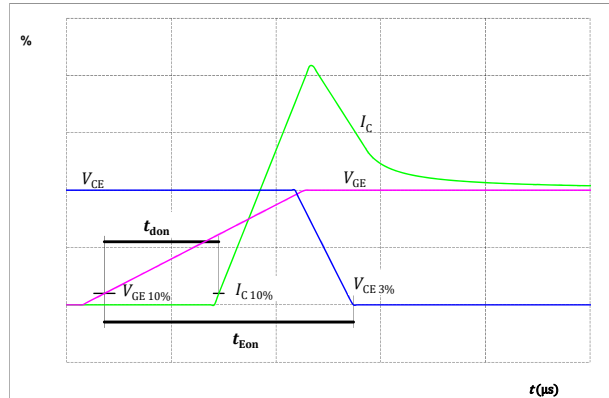
**figure 56.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



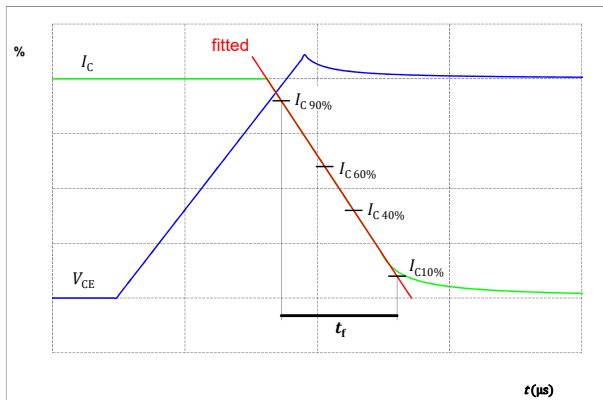
**figure 57.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



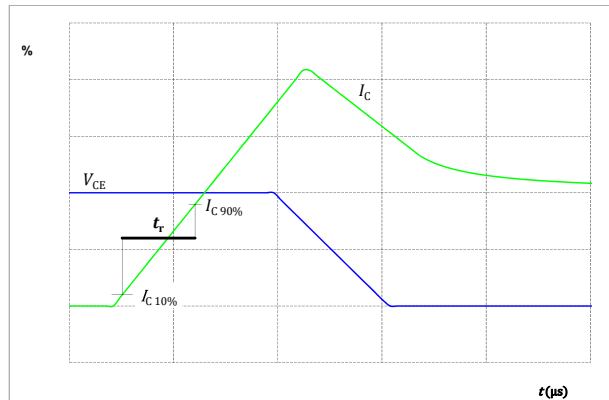
**figure 58.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



**figure 59.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





### Switching Definitions

figure 60. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$

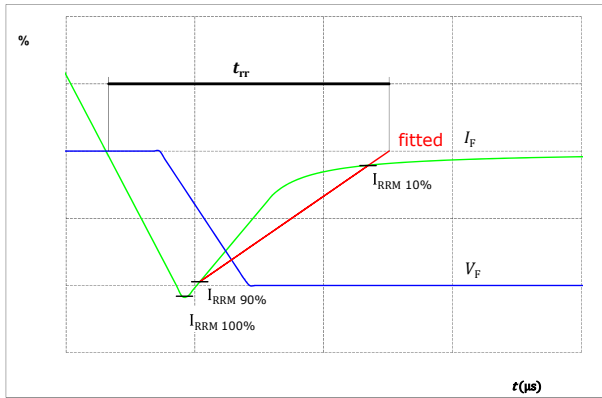
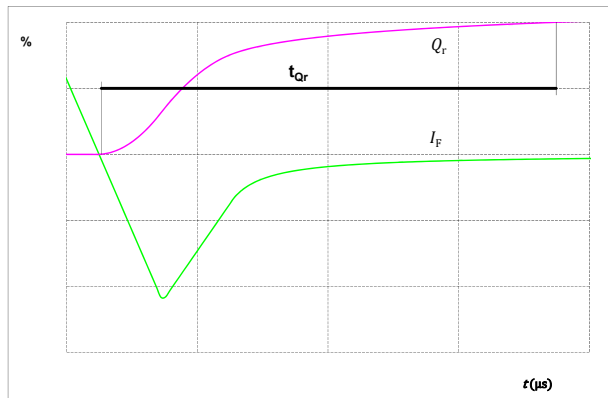


figure 61. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qr}$  ( $t_{Qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )






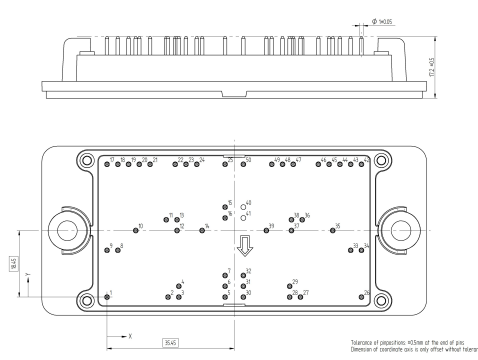


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Ordering Code	
<b>Version</b>	<b>Ordering Code</b>
Without thermal paste	30-FT12B2A200H705-PK49L06
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	30-FT12B2A200H705-PK49L06-/3/

Marking						
	<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b> NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTVV	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	<b>UL &amp; VIN</b> UL VIN	<b>Lot</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b> TTTTTTTV	<b>Lot number</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	

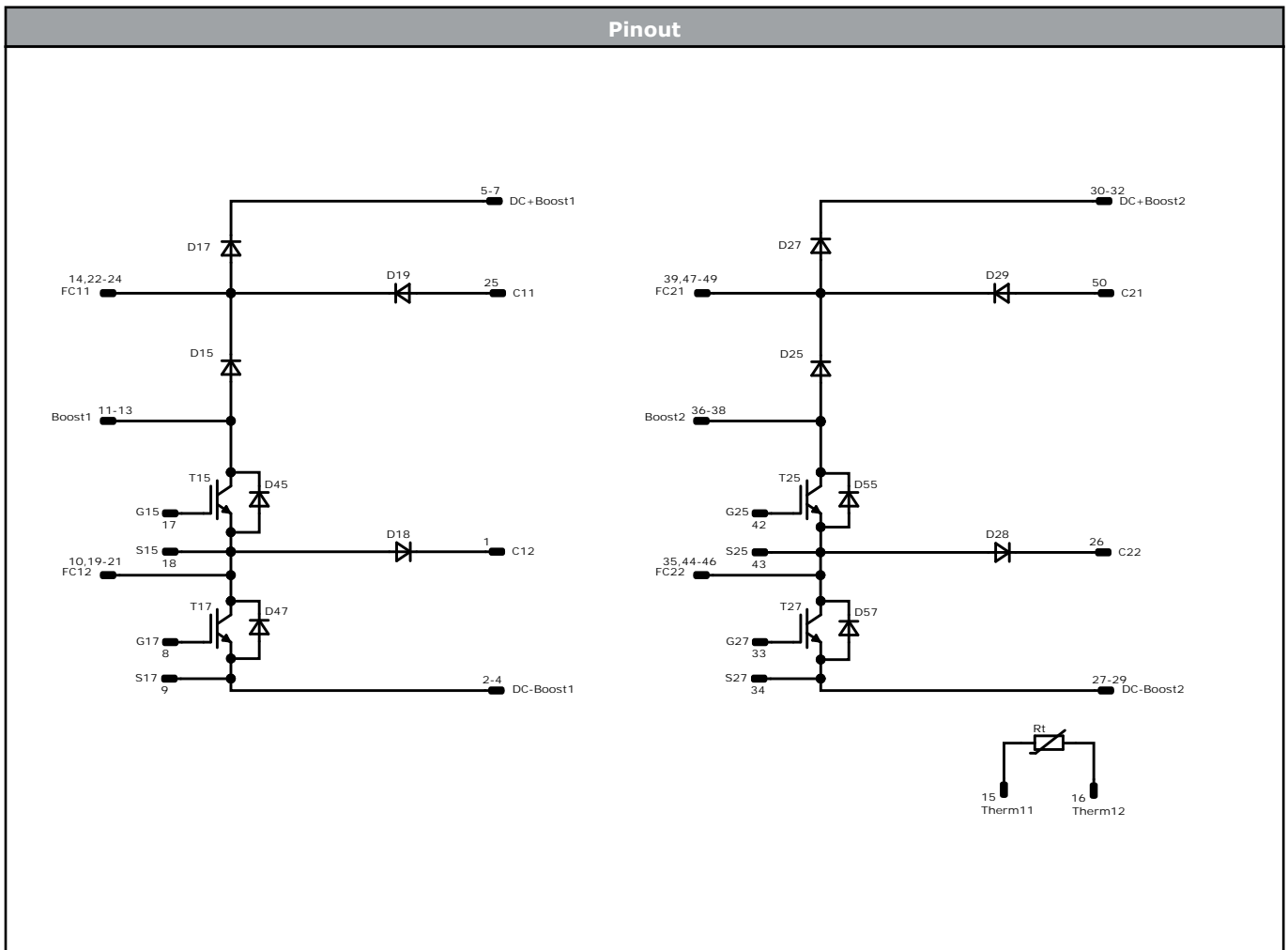
Outline							
Pin table [mm]							
Pin	X	Y	Function	26	70,9	0	C22
1	0	0	C12	27	53,9	0	DC-Boost2
2	17	0	DC-Boost1	28	50,9	0	DC-Boost2
3	20	0	DC-Boost1	29	50,9	3	DC-Boost2
4	20	3	DC-Boost1	30	38	0	DC+Boost2
5	32,9	0	DC+Boost1	31	38	3	DC+Boost2
6	32,9	3	DC+Boost1	32	38	6	DC+Boost2
7	32,9	6	DC+Boost1	33	67,9	13	G27
8	3	13	G17	34	70,9	13	S27
9	0	13	S17	35	62,9	18,5	FC22
10	8	18,5	FC12	36	54,4	21,5	Boost2
11	16,5	21,5	Boost1	37	51,4	18,5	Boost2
12	19,5	18,5	Boost1	38	51,4	21,5	Boost2
13	19,5	21,5	Boost1	39	44,4	18,5	FC21
14	26,5	18,5	FC11	40	not assembled		
15	32,9	25	Therm11	41	not assembled		
16	32,9	22	Therm12	42	70,9	36,9	G25
17	0	36,9	G15	43	67,9	36,9	S25
18	3	36,9	S15	44	64,9	36,9	FC22
19	6	36,9	FC12	45	61,9	36,9	FC22
20	9	36,9	FC12	46	58,9	36,9	FC22
21	12	36,9	FC12	47	51,9	36,9	FC21
22	19	36,9	FC11	48	48,9	36,9	FC21
23	22	36,9	FC11	49	45,9	36,9	FC21
24	25	36,9	FC11	50	38	36,9	C21
25	32,9	36,9	C11				



Tolerance of position: ±0.1mm at the end of pin  
Dimension of package pins is only valid without solder



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Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T15, T25	IGBT	1200 V	200 A	Inner Boost Switch	
D15, D25	FWD	1200 V	80 A	Inner Boost Diode	
D45, D55	Rectifier	1600 V	40 A	Inner Boost Sw. Protection Diode	
T17, T27	IGBT	1200 V	200 A	Outer Boost Switch	
D17, D27	FWD	1200 V	80 A	Outer Boost Diode	
D47, D57	Rectifier	1600 V	40 A	Outer Boost Sw. Protection Diode	
D19, D29	FWD	1200 V	75 A	Aux Diode H	
D18, D28	FWD	1200 V	75 A	Aux Diode L	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 36	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

Application Note
For use of pre-charging auxiliary diodes see application note: "The Advantages and Operation of Flying-Capacitor Boosters" at vincotech.com

UL recognition and file number
This device is UL 1557 recognized under E192116 up to a junction temperature under switching condition $T_{j,op}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$ and up to 4000VAC/1min isolation voltage. For more information see vincotech.com website.



Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
30-FT12B2A200H705-PK49L06-D1-14	6 Aug. 2024	Initial Release	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.