



VINcoNPC X4

1500 V / 400 A

Topology features

- Neutral Point Clamped Topology (I-Type)
- Kelvin Emitter for improved switching performance
- Optional snubber diode for switching loss reduction with asymmetrical inductance feature
- Temperature sensor

Component features

- Easy paralleling
- High speed switching
- Low switching losses

Housing features

- Base isolation: Al₂O₃
- Optimized for three-level topologies
- Enables high switching frequencies
- Low inductive package
- Easy paralleling
- Optimal current sharing
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief
- M6 High Power Screw Contact
- M4 Low Inductive Interface
- Press-fit connection to driver PCB

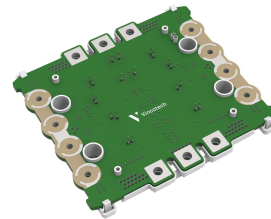
Target applications

- UPS

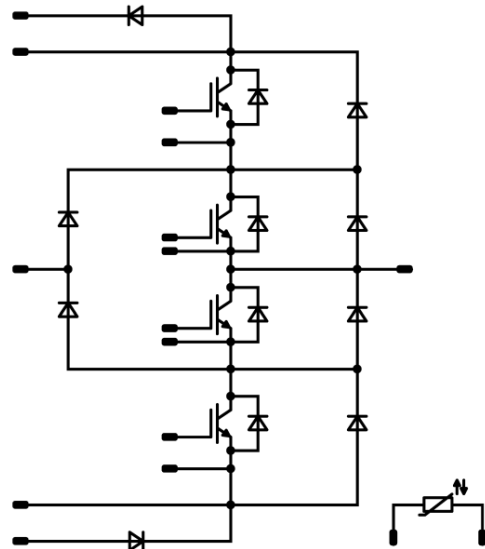
Types

- 70-W224NIA400SH-M400P

VINco X4 12 mm housing



Schematic





Vincotech

70-W224NIA400SH-M400P
datasheet

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Buck Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	306	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	1200	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	784	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Buck Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	255	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	2200	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		24208	A^2s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	483	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	36	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	130	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		84	A^2s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	98	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



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Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Boost Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	362	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	1200	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	773	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	253	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	600	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	425	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Boost Sw. Inv. Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	253	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	600	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	425	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Maximum Ratings** $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Snubber Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	84	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	540	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		1460	A ² s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	178	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Module Properties**Thermal Properties**

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			>12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 200	

*100 % tested in production



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Buck Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0136	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		400	25 125 150	1,78	2,37 2,78	2,42 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			8	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			960	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							0,5		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		22160		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							1280		pF
Gate charge	Q_g		±15		0	25		3040		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						0,12		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 2 \Omega$	-8/15	600	280	25		60,05		ns
Rise time	t_r					125		61,93	ns	
						150		62,44		
						25		25,48		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					125		28,14	ns	
						150		28,93		
						25		232,04		
Fall time	t_f					125		303,85	ns	
						150		321,09		
						25		30,77		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}					125		56,66	mWs	
						150		65,74		
		25		10,38						
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}	125		16,22	mWs					
		150		18,49						
		25		11,11						
						125		19,94		
						150		21,62		



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70-W224NIA400SH-M400P
datasheet

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Buck Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F			400	25 125 150		2,33 2,38 2,29	2,52 ⁽¹⁾ 2,47 ⁽¹⁾		V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V			25 150		35200	480 70800		μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,2		K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}				25 125 150		322,28 405,01 444,59			A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}				25 125 150		76,73 285,27 305,3			ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=10685$ A/μs $di/dt=9938$ A/μs $di/dt=9830$ A/μs	-8/15	600	280	25 125 150	13,38 36,88 44,9			μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}				25 125 150		3,94 14,85 18,13			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		9720,1 8423,63 7440,66			A/μs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max			

Protection Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				30	25 125 150		2,37 2,47	2,71 ⁽¹⁾ 2,77 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V				25 150		1800	120 3600	μ A

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,97		K/W
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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Boost Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0152	25	5,1	5,8	6,4	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		400	25 125 150	1,53	1,91 2,13	1,97 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			5,2	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			480	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							1,88		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		25200		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							1080		pF
Gate charge	Q_g		±15		0	25		3200		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						0,12		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 2 \Omega$	-8/15	600	280	25		107,03		ns				
						125		112,63						
						150		113,98						
Rise time	t_r									25		39,12		ns
										125		42,2		
										150		43,08		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$									25		365,86		ns
										125		472,72		
										150		506,04		
Fall time	t_f									25		56,08		ns
										125		124,27		
										150		154,24		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 21,38 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 41,75 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 47,63 \mu\text{C}$				25		14,73		mWs				
						125		20,89						
						150		22,53						
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25		18,92		mWs				
						125		30,83						
						150		35,06						



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Boost Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F				300	25 125 150	1,35	1,9 1,85 1,83	2,05 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V				25			56	μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,22		K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}					25 125 150		241,09 285,83 297,79		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		226,47 373,42 411,22		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=6962$ A/μs $di/dt=6504$ A/μs $di/dt=6774$ A/μs	-8/15	600	280	25 125 150		21,38 41,75 47,63		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		7,59 15,8 17,98		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		5460,51 978,46 996,95		A/μs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Boost Sw. Inv. Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				300	25 125 150	1,35	1,9 1,85 1,83	2,05 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V				25			56	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,22		K/W
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Snubber Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				100	25 125 150		2,22 2,31 2,21	2,54 ⁽¹⁾ 2,5 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V				25 150			120 17600	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,53		K/W
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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R100	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P					25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	d					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

⁽¹⁾ Value at chip level

⁽²⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

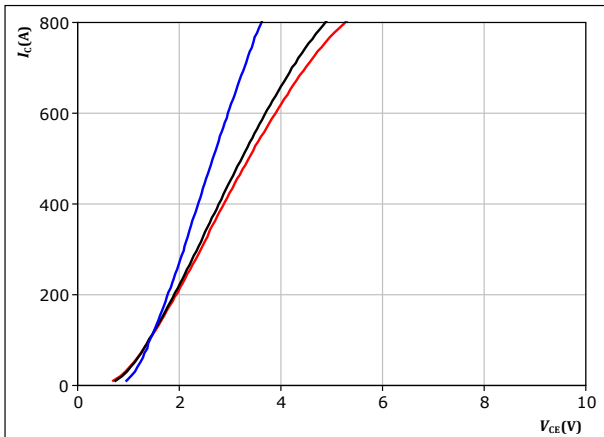


Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



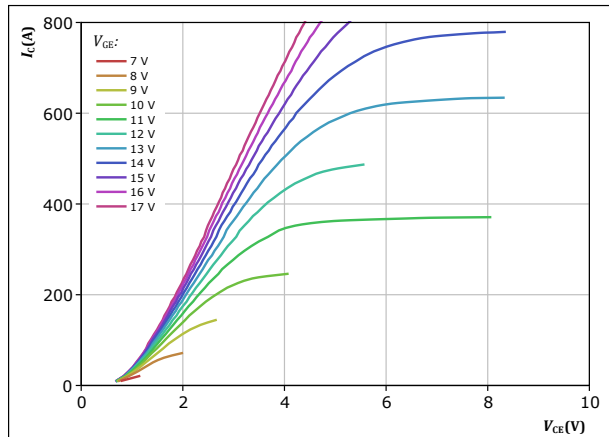
$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

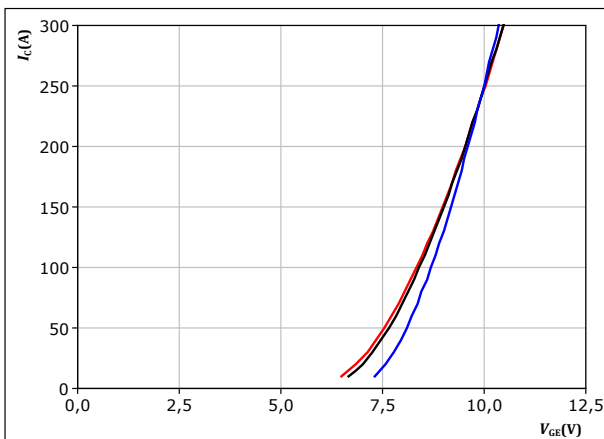


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



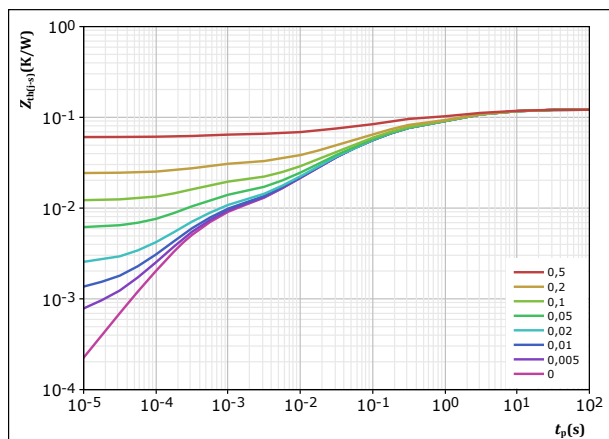
$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,121 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,29E-02	8,99E+00
3,70E-02	1,48E+00
4,55E-02	1,08E-01
1,78E-02	1,38E-02
7,98E-03	3,79E-04

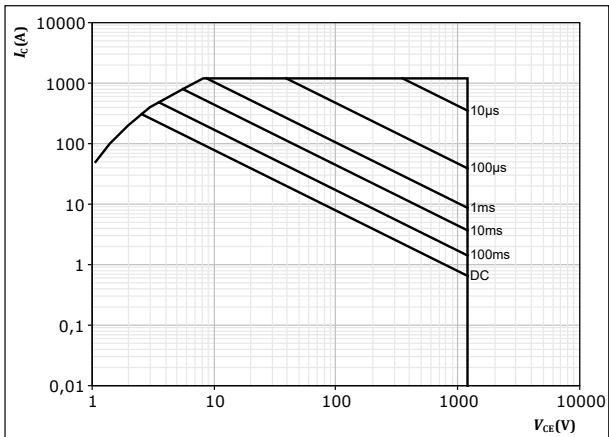


Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



D = single pulse
T_s = 80 °C
V_{CE} = 15 V
T_j = T_{jmax}



Buck Diode Characteristics

figure 6. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

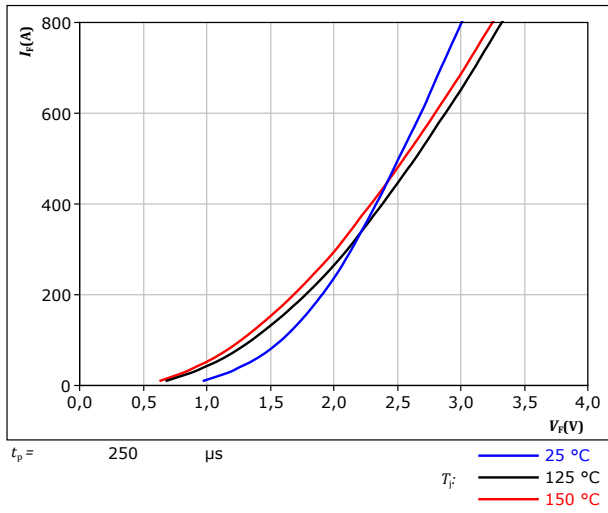
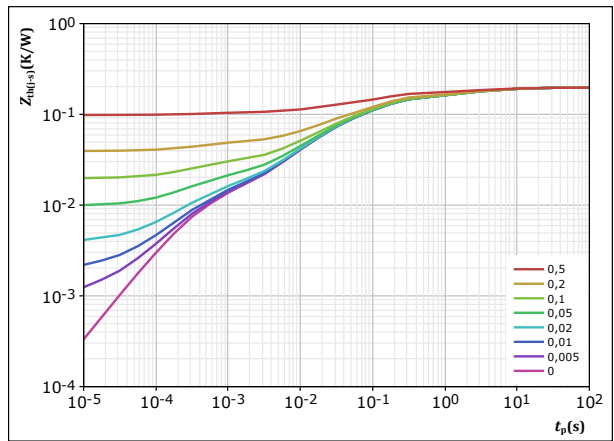


figure 7. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,197 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,58E-02	9,60E+00
3,61E-02	1,71E+00
9,10E-02	1,08E-01
4,34E-02	1,41E-02
1,05E-02	3,52E-04

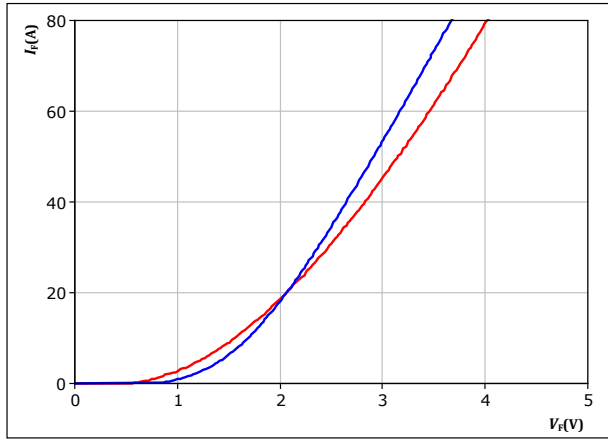


Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 8. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

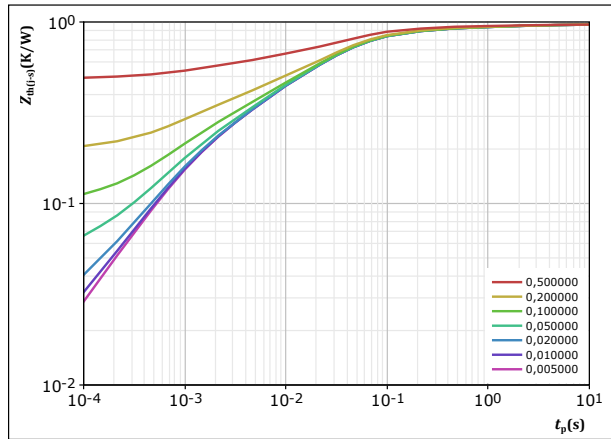


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C

figure 9. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,968 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,95E-02	5,74E+00
4,03E-02	1,10E+00
1,37E-01	1,35E-01
4,48E-01	2,90E-02
1,88E-01	4,59E-03
1,29E-01	8,12E-04
8,45E-03	9,28E-05

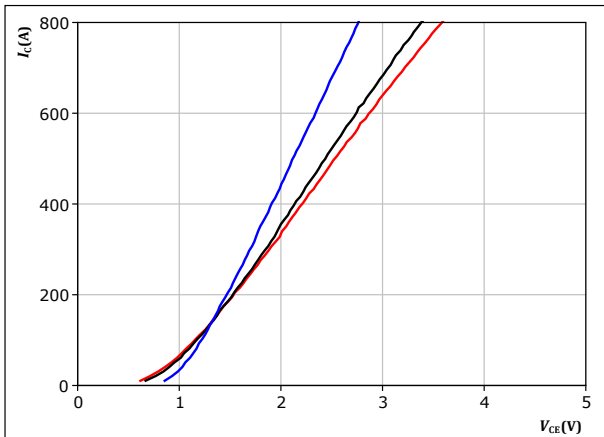


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 10. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

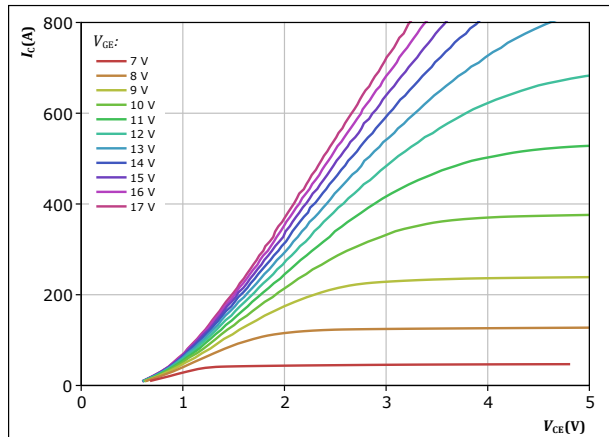


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

figure 11. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

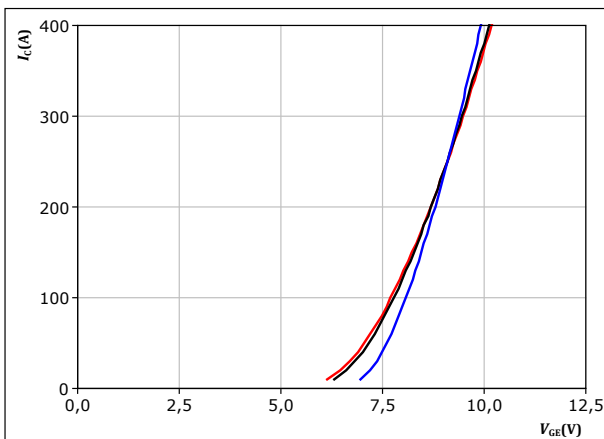


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 12. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

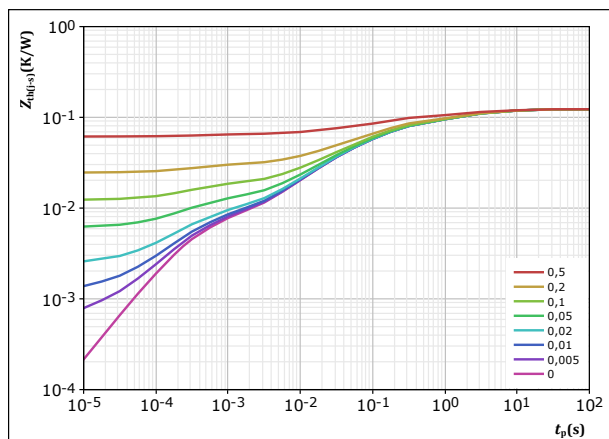


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

figure 13. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,123 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,52E-02	7,53E+00
3,31E-02	1,20E+00
4,96E-02	1,09E-01
1,87E-02	1,43E-02
6,30E-03	3,14E-04

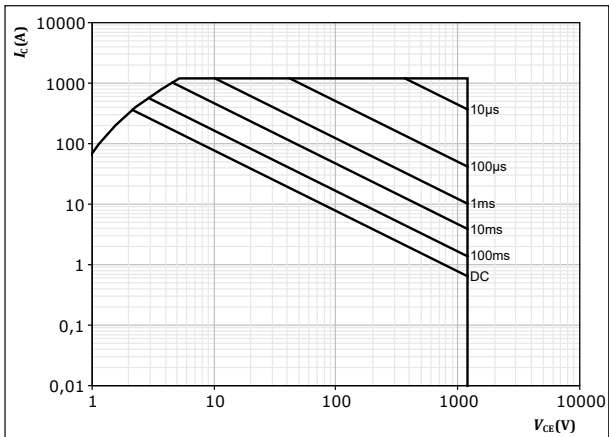


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 14. IGBT

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 15. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

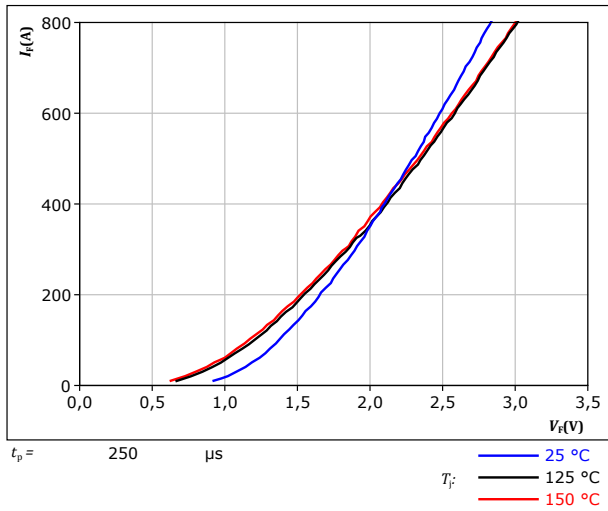
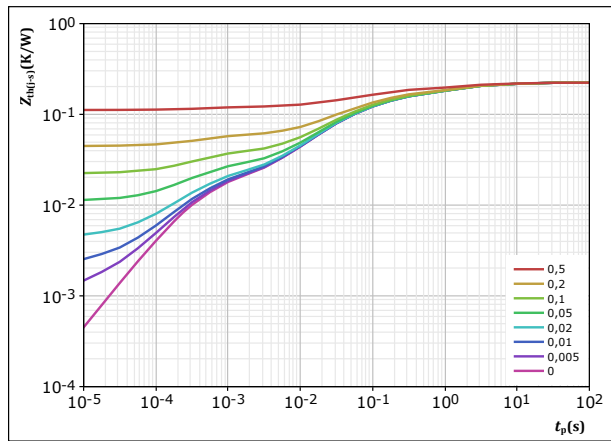


figure 16. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,223 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,92E-02	8,60E+00
5,74E-02	1,16E+00
8,18E-02	9,75E-02
4,93E-02	1,93E-02
1,57E-02	3,73E-04



Boost Sw. Inv. Diode Characteristics

figure 17. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

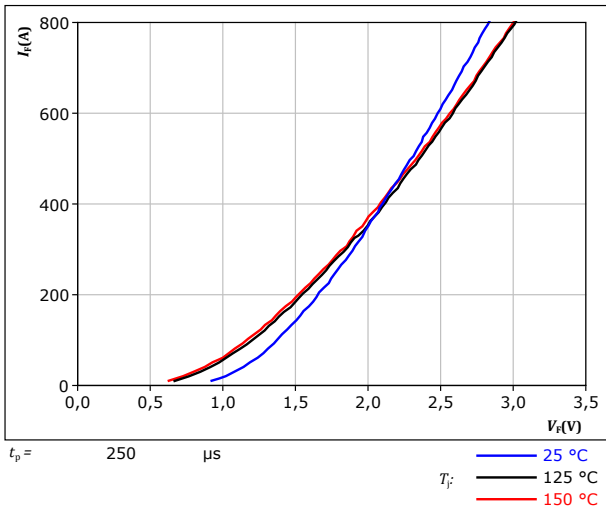
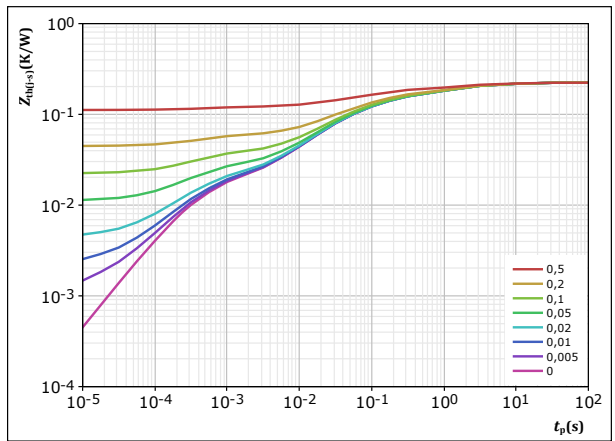


figure 18. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,223 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,92E-02	8,60E+00
5,74E-02	1,16E+00
8,18E-02	9,75E-02
4,93E-02	1,93E-02
1,57E-02	3,73E-04



Snubber Diode Characteristics

figure 19. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

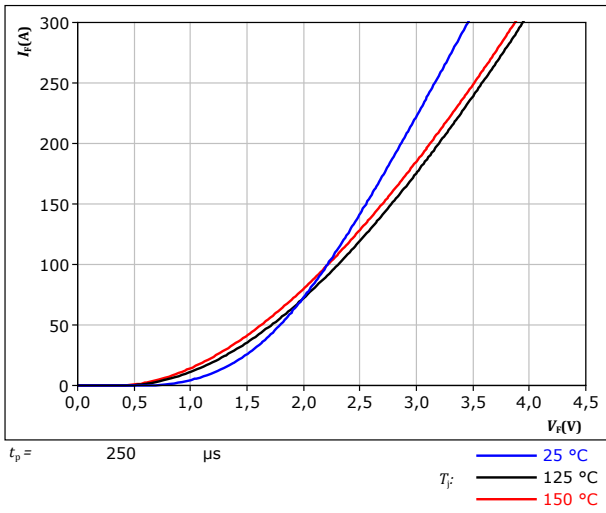
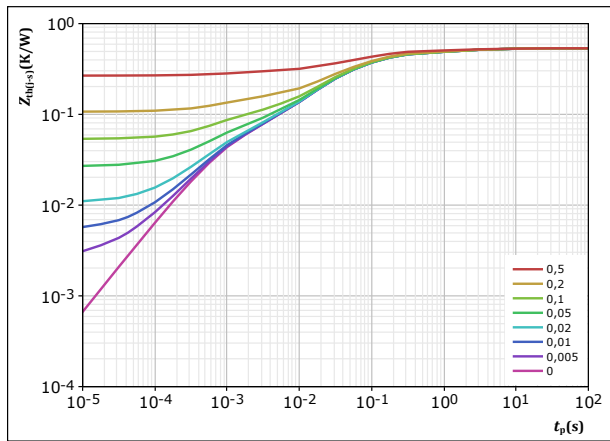


figure 20. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,534 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
2,56E-02	6,24E+00
5,52E-02	1,16E+00
2,34E-01	9,86E-02
1,71E-01	2,07E-02
4,81E-02	8,56E-04

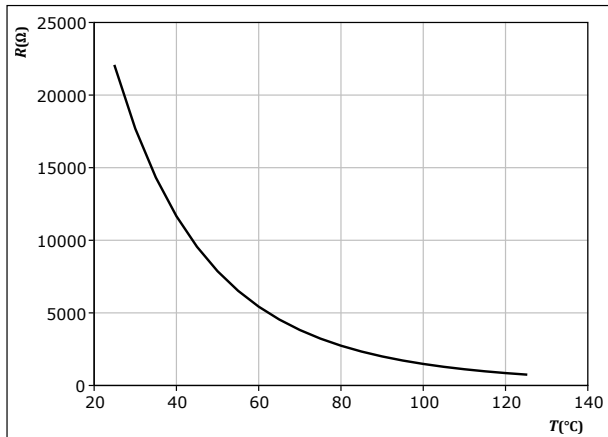


Thermistor Characteristics

figure 21. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$



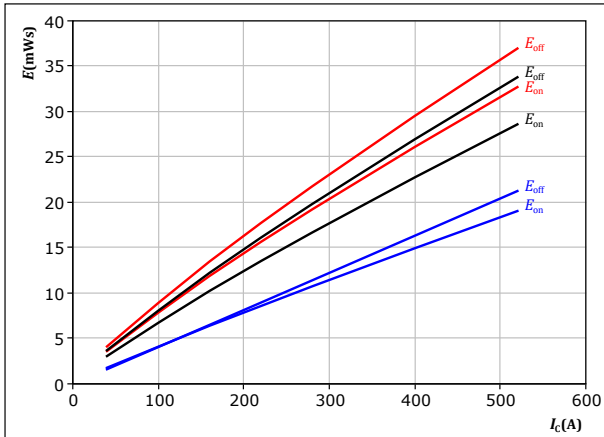


Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 22. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



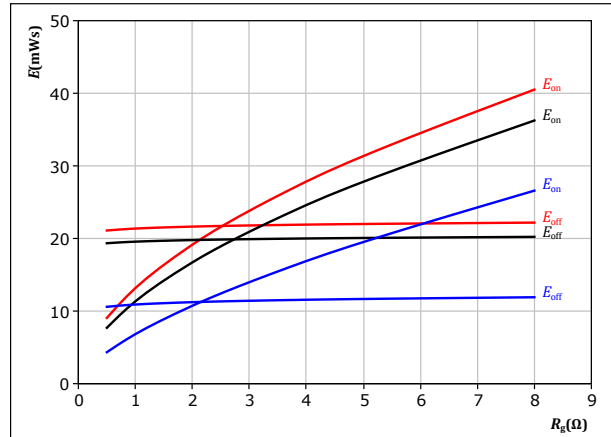
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = -8/15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$R_{gon} = 2$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C
$R_{goff} = 2$ Ω	

figure 23. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



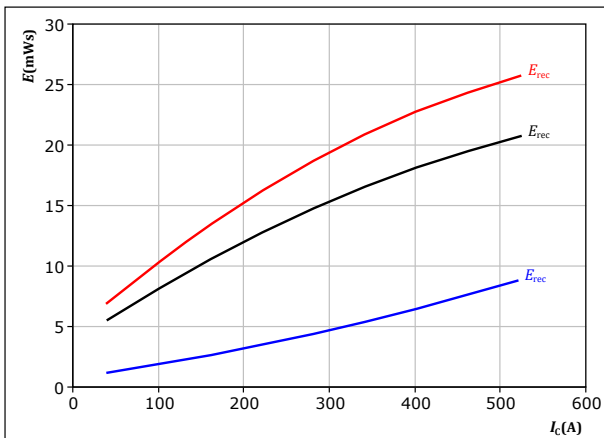
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = -8/15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$I_c = 280$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C

figure 24. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



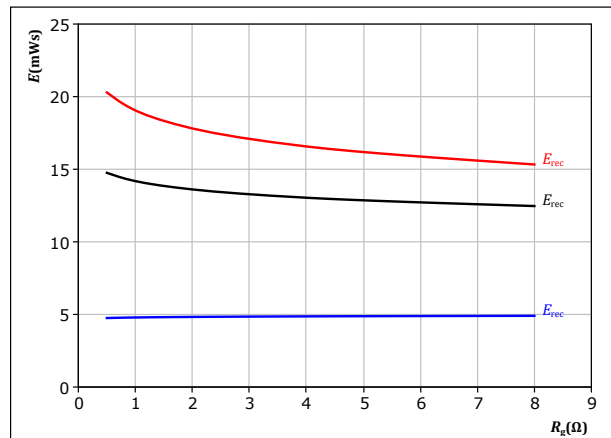
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = -8/15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$R_{gon} = 2$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C

figure 25. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

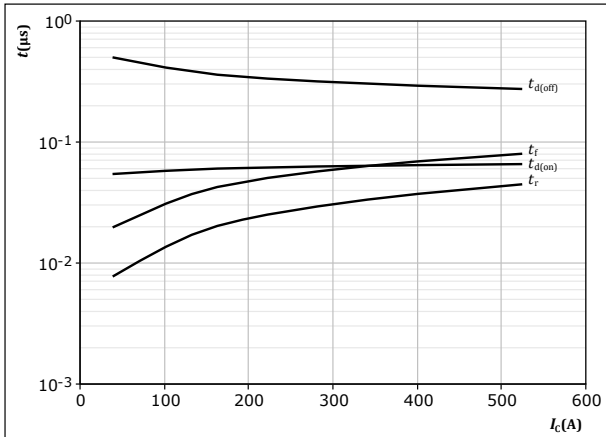
$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = -8/15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$I_c = 280$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C



Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 26. IGBT

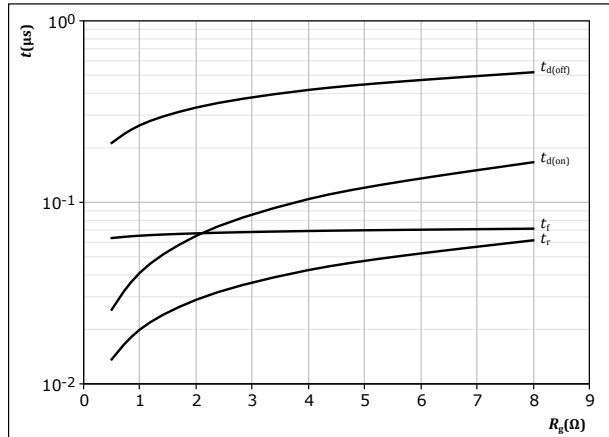
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 27. IGBT

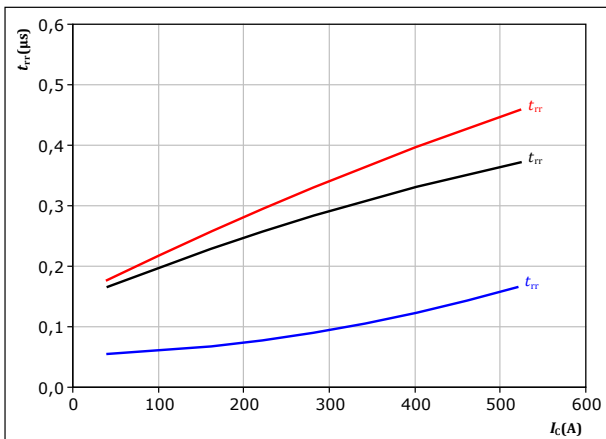
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 280 \text{ A}$

figure 28. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$

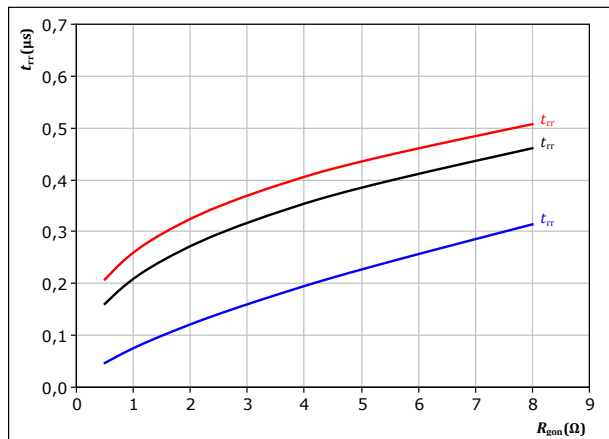


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 29. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 280 \text{ A}$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

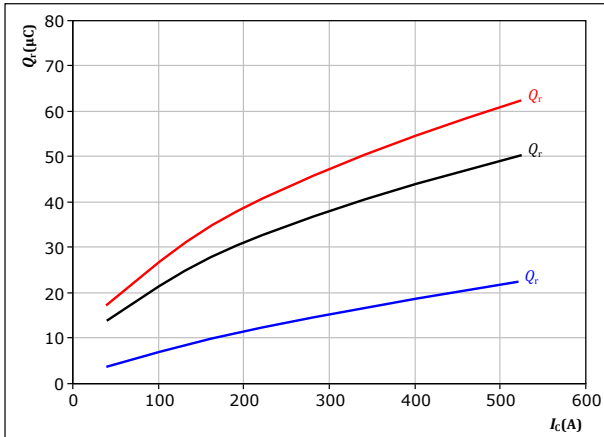


Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 30. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

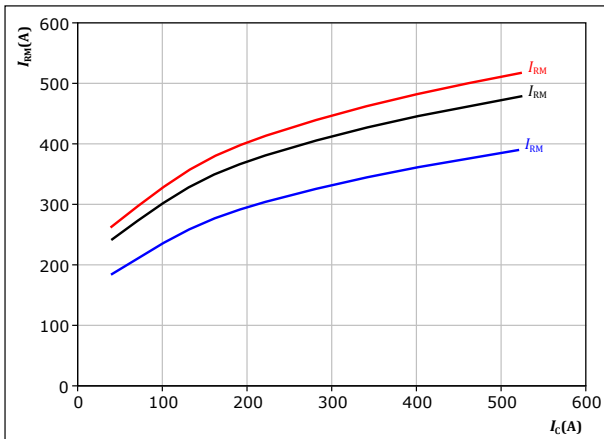
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 32. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

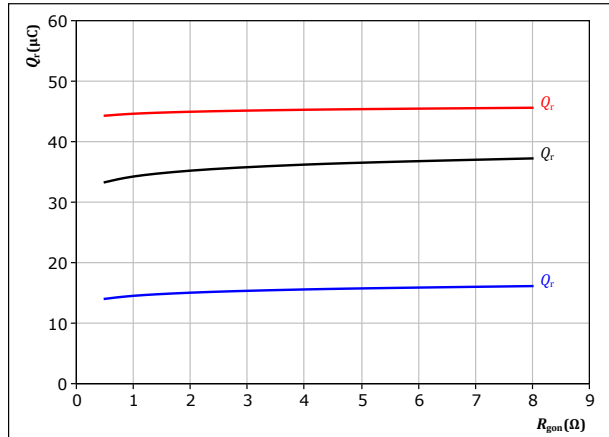
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 31. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

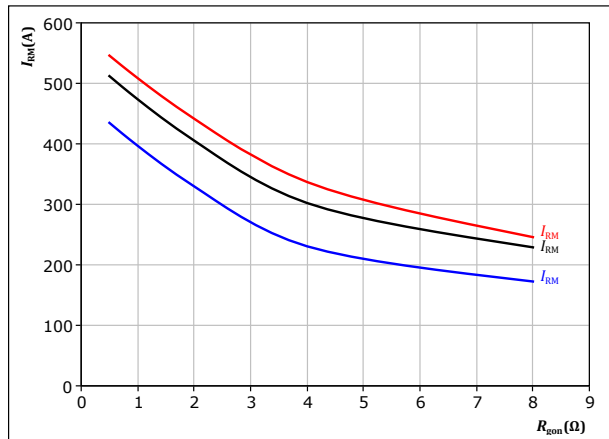
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $I_c = 280$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 33. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $I_c = 280$ A

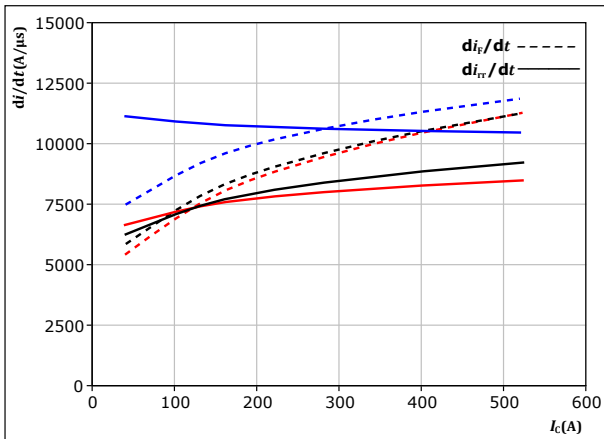
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 34. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



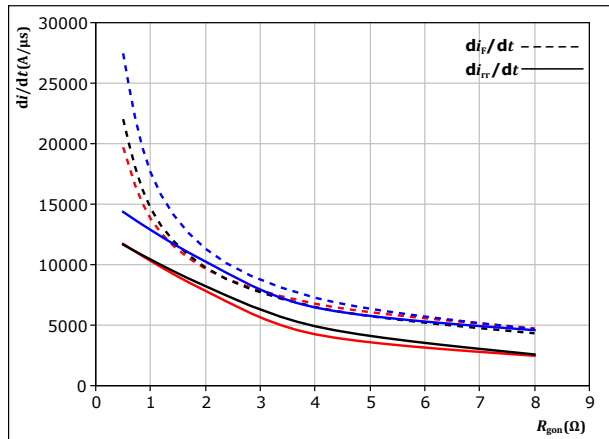
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 35. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

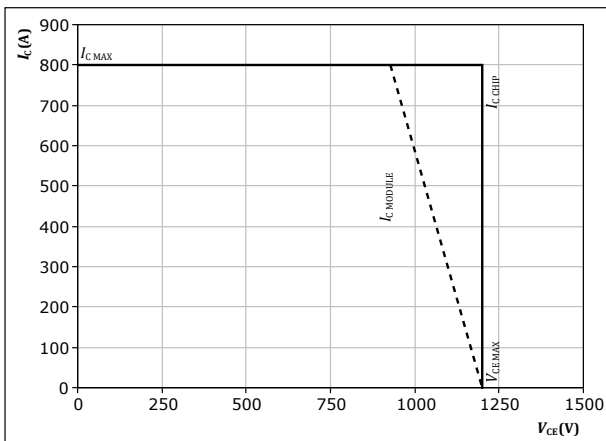
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 280 \text{ A}$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 36. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \ \Omega$

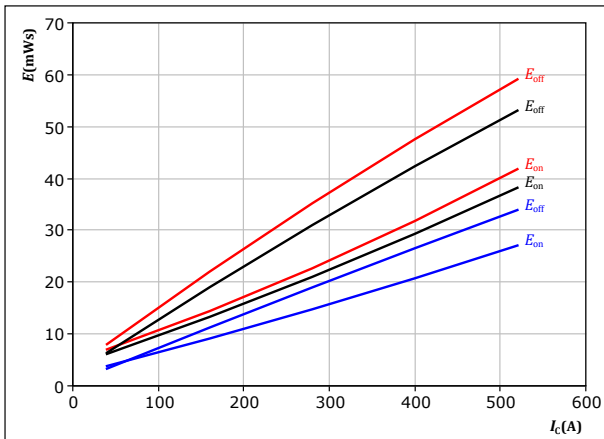


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 37. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

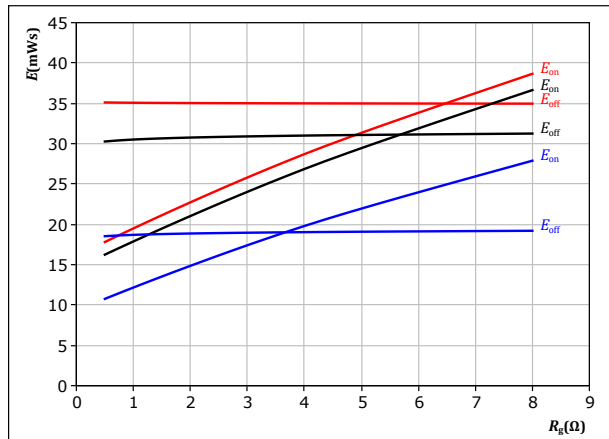
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 38. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

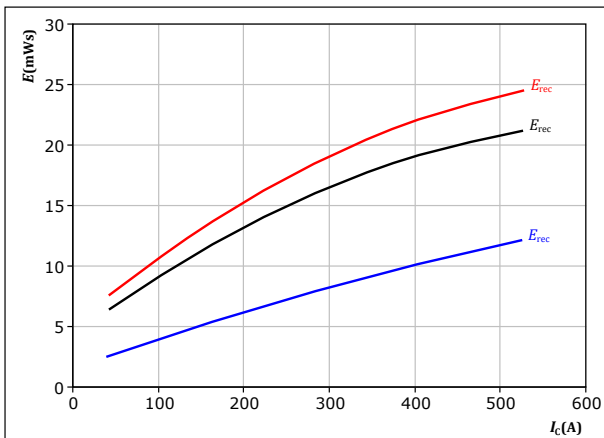
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 280 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 39. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

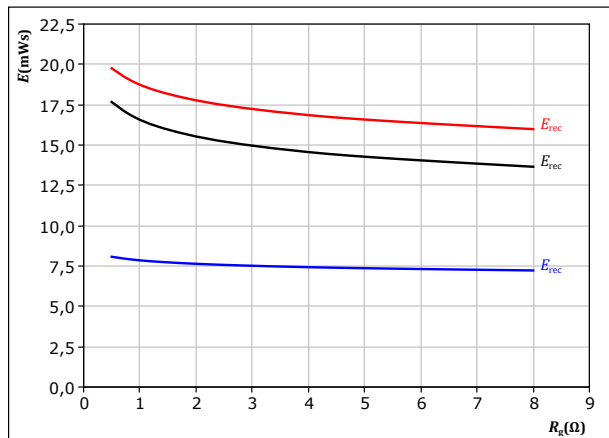
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 40. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 280 \text{ A}$

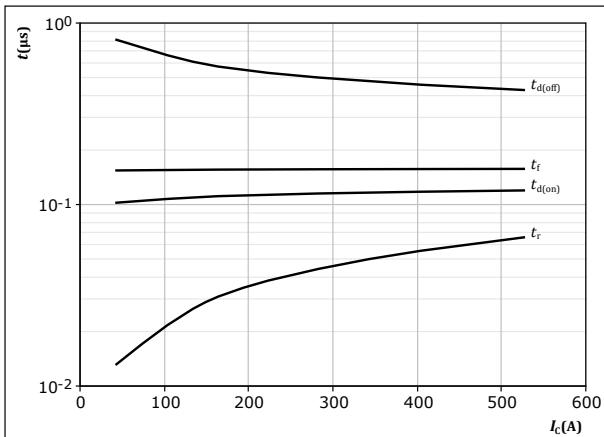
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 41. IGBT

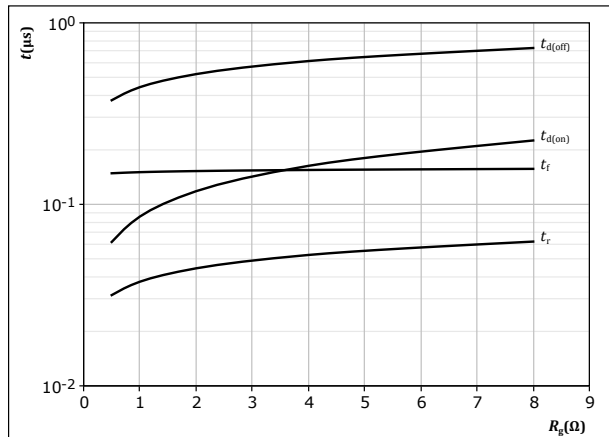
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 2$ Ω

figure 42. IGBT

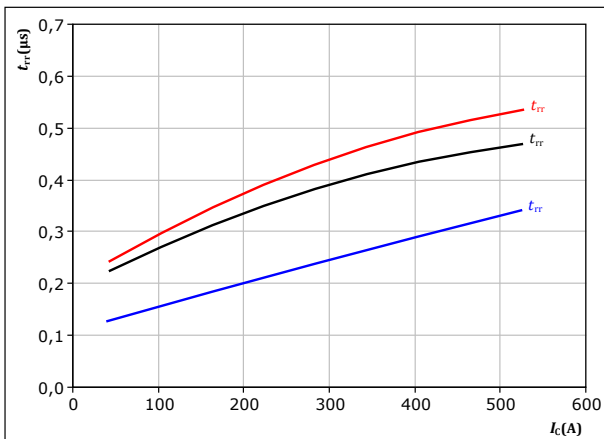
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $I_c = 280$ A

figure 43. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$

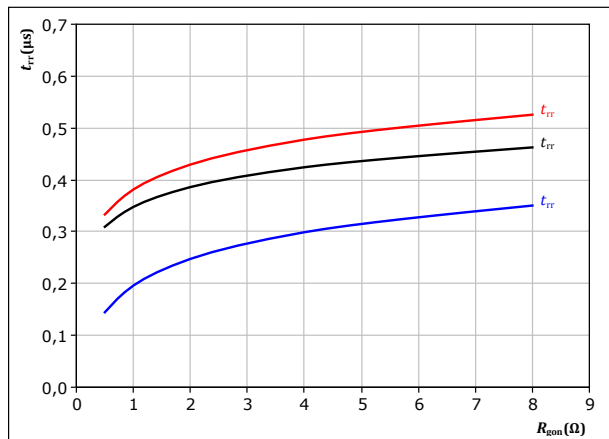


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 44. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $I_c = 280$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

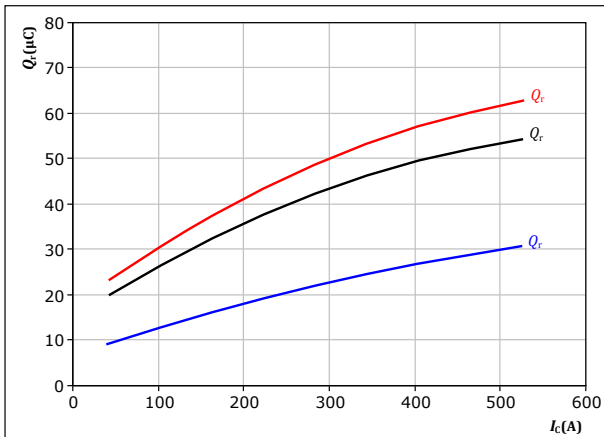


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 45. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

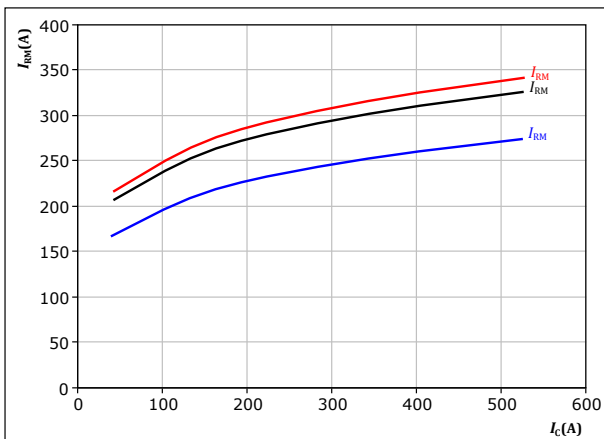
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 47. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

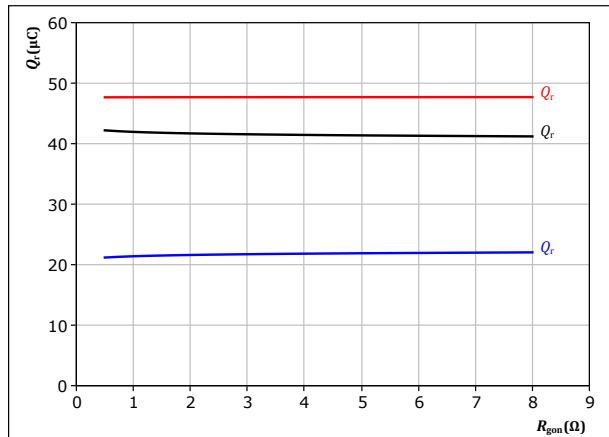
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 46. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

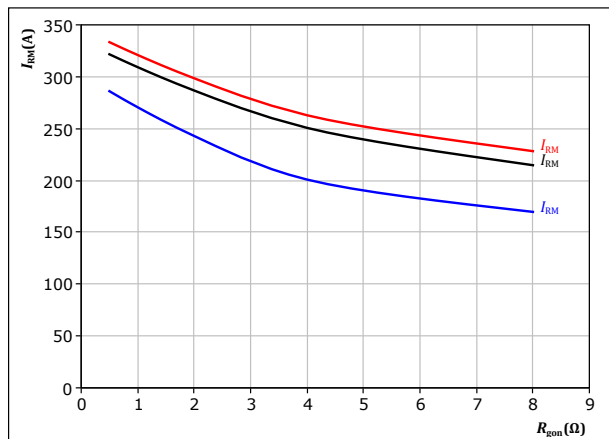
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $I_c = 280$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 48. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -8/15$ V
 $I_c = 280$ A

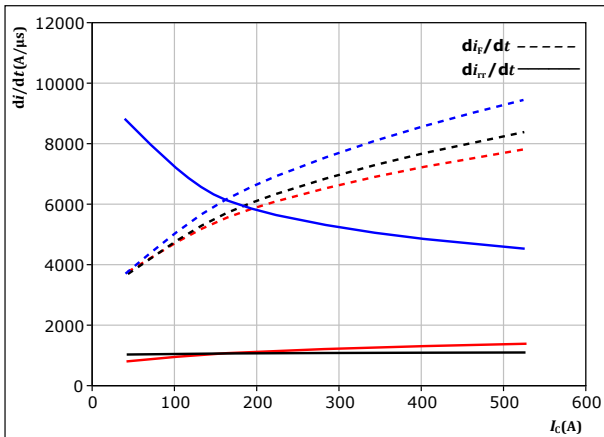
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 49. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



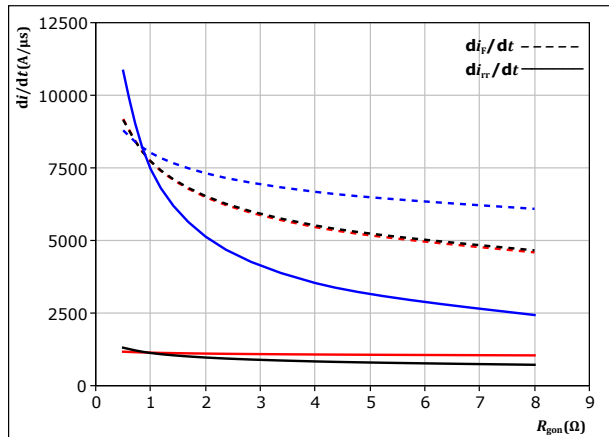
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j:$
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 50. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

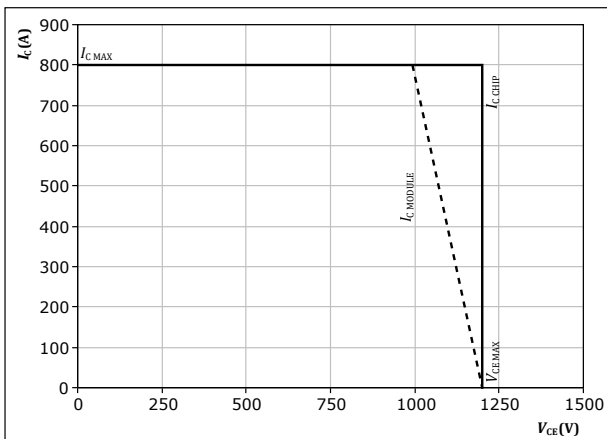
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 280 \text{ A}$

$T_j:$
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 51. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \ \Omega$



Switching Definitions

figure 52. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

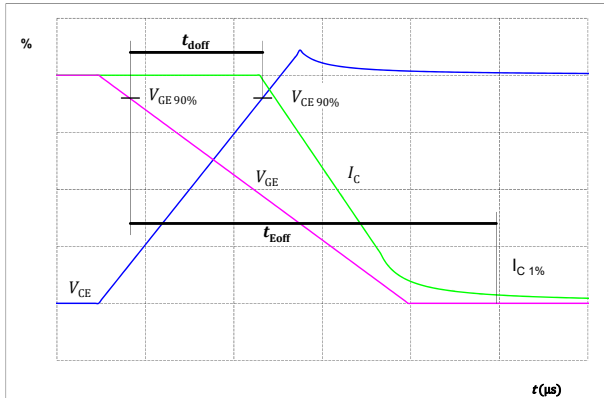


figure 53. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

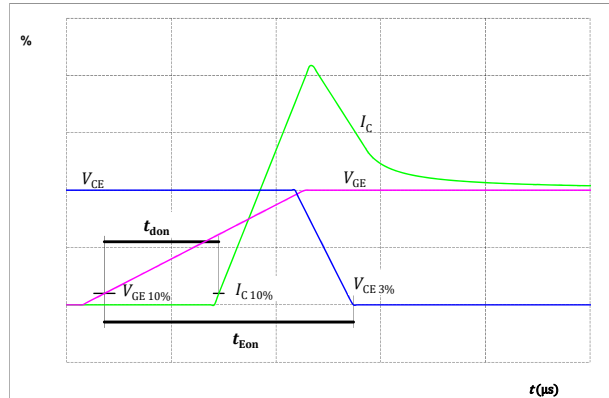


figure 54. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

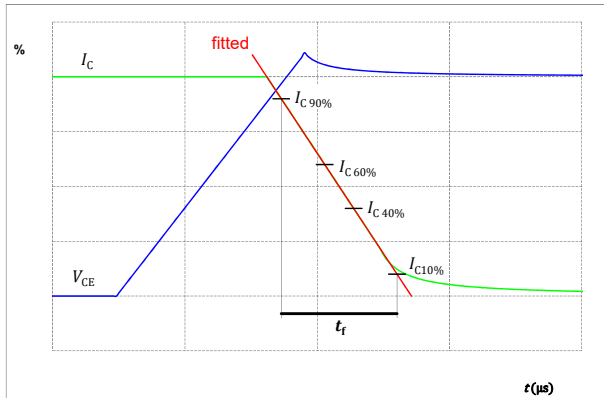
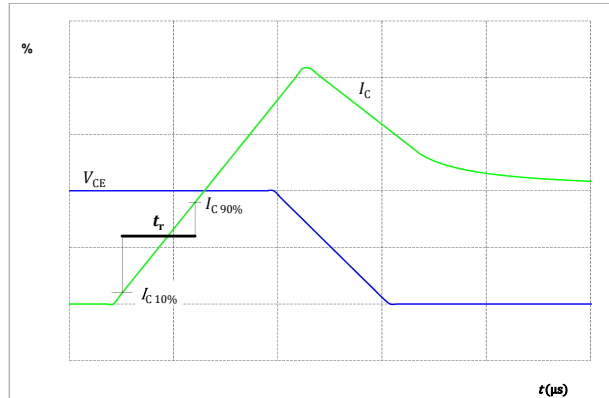


figure 55. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Switching Definitions

figure 56. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

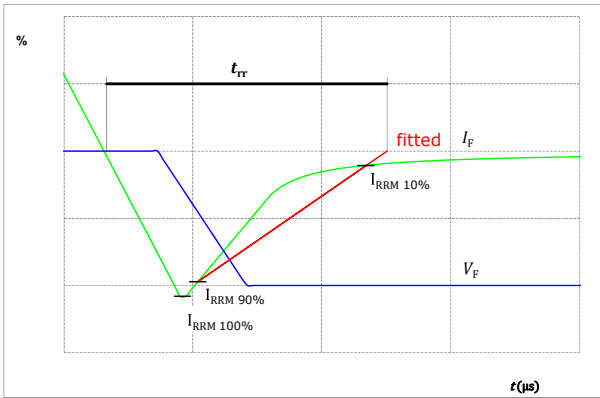
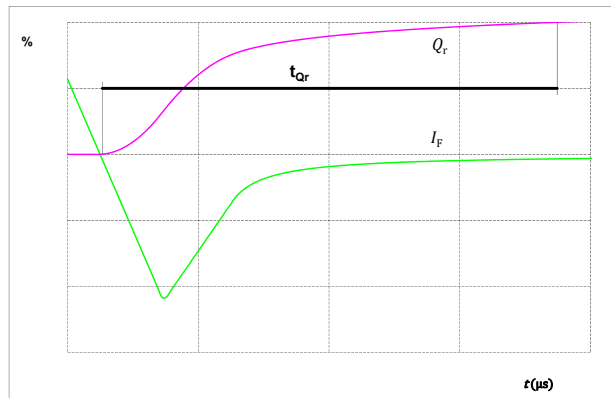


figure 57. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)





Vincotech

70-W224NIA400SH-M400P
datasheet

Ordering Code	
Version	Ordering Code
Without thermal paste	70-W224NIA400SH-M400P
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	70-W224NIA400SH-M400P-/3/

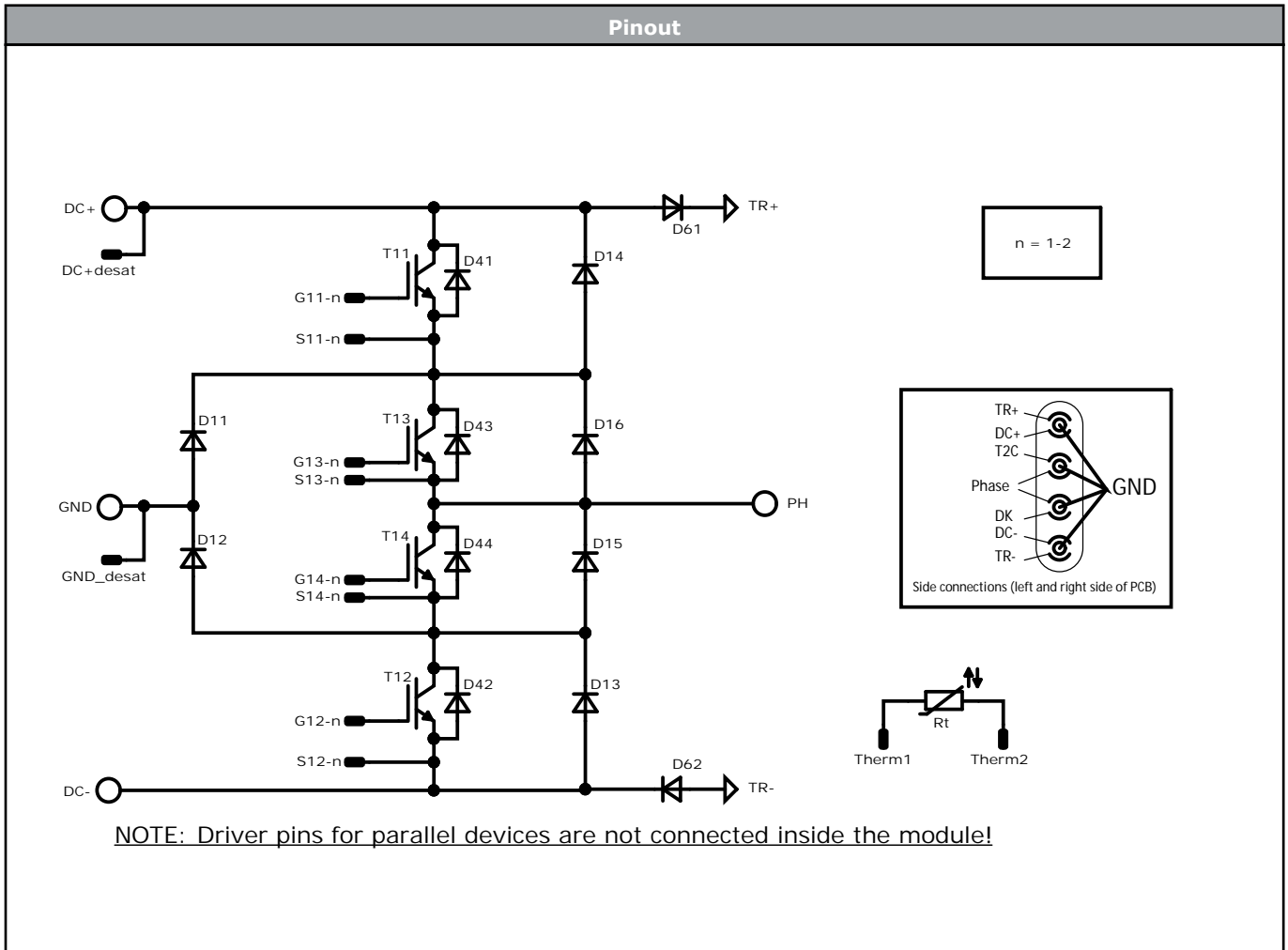
Marking						
	Text	Name NN- NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTVV	Date code WWYY	Lot LLLLL	Serial SSSS	
	Datamatrix	Type&Ver TTTTTVV	Lot number LLLLL	Serial SSSS	Date code WWYY	

Outline							
Pin table [mm]							
Pin	X	Y	Function	2.5	22	110,4	GND
1.1	-2,15	84,85	G11-1	2.6	44	110,4	DC-
1.2	-2,15	81,95	S11-1	3.1	-39,1	89,8	TR+
1.3	46,15	84,85	G11-2	3.2	-39,1	89,8	GND
1.4	46,15	81,95	S11-2	3.3	-39,1	89,8	DC+
1.5	19,45	93,05	DC+ desat	3.4	83,1	89,8	TR+
1.6	24,55	93,05	DC+ desat	3.5	83,1	89,8	GND
1.7	-7,65	70,05	G13-1	3.6	83,1	89,8	DC+
1.8	-7,65	67,15	S13-1	3.7	-39,1	65,2	T2C
1.9	51,65	70,05	G13-2	3.8	-39,1	65,2	GND
1.10	51,65	67,15	S13-2	3.9	-39,1	65,2	Phase
1.11	16,75	75,35	GND desat	3.10	83,1	65,2	T2C
1.12	27,25	75,35	GND desat	3.11	83,1	65,2	GND
1.13	-2,55	28	G14-1	3.12	83,1	65,2	Phase
1.14	-5,45	28	S14-1	3.13	-39,1	45,2	Phase
1.15	46,55	28	G14-2	3.14	-39,1	45,2	GND
1.16	49,45	28	S14-2	3.15	-39,1	45,2	DK
1.17	-4,8	50,85	G12-1	3.16	83,1	45,2	Phase
1.18	-1,6	49,05	S12-1	3.17	83,1	45,2	GND
1.19	48,8	50,85	G12-2	3.18	83,1	45,2	DK
1.20	45,6	49,05	S12-2	3.19	-39,1	20,6	DC-
1.21	67,65	89,8	Therm1	3.20	-39,1	20,6	GND
1.22	67,65	86,7	Therm2	3.21	-39,1	20,6	TR-
2.1	0	0	Ph	3.22	83,1	20,6	DC-
2.2	22	0	Ph	3.23	83,1	20,6	GND
2.3	44	0	Ph	3.24	83,1	20,6	TR-
2.4	0	110,4	DC+				

Optional connector PCB between modules:
Screw depth from PCB top:
min. 7
max. 10

Screw depth from PCB top:
min. 9
max. 12

Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T12	IGBT	1200 V	400 A	Buck Switch	Parallel devices with separate control. Values apply to complete device.
D11, D12	FWD	1200 V	400 A	Buck Diode	
D41, D42, D43, D44	FWD	1200 V	30 A	Protection Diode	
T13, T14	IGBT	1200 V	400 A	Boost Switch	Parallel devices with separate control. Values apply to complete device.
D13, D14	FWD	1200 V	300 A	Boost Diode	
D15, D16	FWD	1200 V	300 A	Boost Sw. Inv. Diode	
D61, D62	FWD	1200 V	100 A	Snubber Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 8	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for VINco X4 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for VINco X4 packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
Certification pending. For more information see vincotech.com website.

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
70-W224NIA400SH-M400P-D8-14	25 Oct. 2024	Remeasure Datasheet characteristics No change in Module	

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As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.