



### VINcoNPC X8

1500 V / 800 A

#### Topology features

- Neutral Point Clamped Topology (I-Type)
- Kelvin Emitter for improved switching performance
- Optional snubber diode for switching loss reduction with asymmetrical inductance feature
- Temperature sensor

#### Component features

- Easy paralleling
- High speed switching
- Low switching losses

#### Housing features

- Base isolation: Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
- Optimized for three-level topologies
- Enables high switching frequencies
- Low inductive package
- Easy paralleling
- Optimal current sharing
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief
- M6 High Power Screw Contact
- M4 Low Inductive Interface
- Press-fit connection to driver PCB

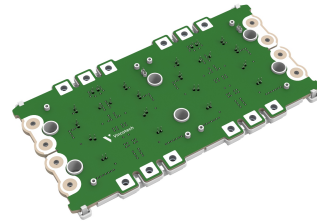
#### Target applications

- UPS

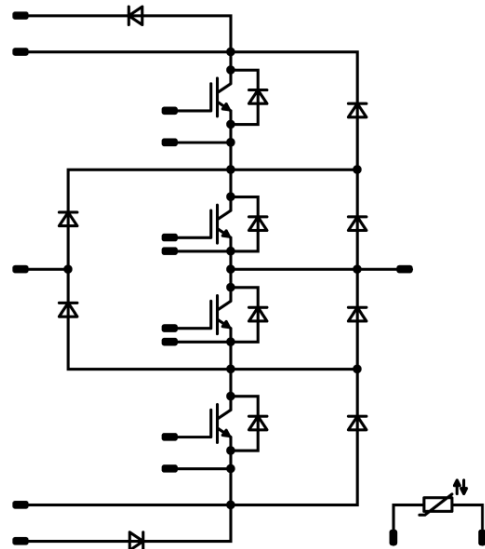
#### Types

- 70-W424NIA800SH-M800F

#### VINco X8 12 mm housing



#### Schematic





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**70-W424NIA800SH-M800F**  
datasheet

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Buck Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	612	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	2400	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	1568	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Buck Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	510	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	4400	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		96832	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	965	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	72	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	260	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		336	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	196	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Boost Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	724	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	2400	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	1546	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	506	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	1200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	851	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Boost Sw. Inv. Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	506	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	1200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	851	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Maximum Ratings** $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Snubber Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	195	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	1080	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		5840	A <sup>2</sup> s
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	356	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

**Module Properties****Thermal Properties**

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

**Isolation Properties**

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			>12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 200	

\*100 % tested in production



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**70-W424NIA800SH-M800F**  
datasheet

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Buck Switch

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0272	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		800	25 125 150	1,78	2,37 2,78	2,42 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			16	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			1920	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							0,25		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		44320		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							2560		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		±15		0	25		6080		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						0,06		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 2 \Omega$	-8/15	600	560	25		59		ns					
Rise time	$t_r$					125		60,79							
						150		60,84							
						25		24,96							
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					125		26,82							
						150		27,83							
						25		226,94							
Fall time	$t_f$					125		290,42							
						150		310,23							
						25		32,33							
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$					$Q_{tFWD} = 31,15 \mu\text{C}$					25		16,91		mWs
						$Q_{tFWD} = 68,75 \mu\text{C}$					125		23,88		
		$Q_{tFWD} = 84,24 \mu\text{C}$				150		27,71							
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25		23,62		mWs					
						125		37,37							
						150		41,61							



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Buck Diode</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			800	25 125 150		2,33 2,38 2,29	2,52 <sup>(1)</sup> 2,47 <sup>(1)</sup>	V	
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V			25 150		70400	960 141600	μA	
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					0,1		K/W	
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RM}$				25 125 150		699,38 822,94 889,59		A	
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		80,42 268,76 294,64		ns	
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=22032$ A/μs $di/dt=20531$ A/μs $di/dt=20273$ A/μs	-8/15	600	560	25 125 150	31,15 68,75 84,24		μC	
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		9,82 28,16 35,06		mWs	
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		20050,59 17915,06 17184,5		A/μs	



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Protection Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				60	25 125 150		2,37 2,47	2,71 <sup>(1)</sup> 2,77 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V				25 150		3600	240 7200	$\mu$ A

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,48		K/W
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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Boost Switch

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0304	25	5,1	5,8	6,4	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		800	25 125 150	1,53	1,91 2,13 2,21	1,97 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			10,4	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			960	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							0,938		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		50400		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							2160		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		±15		0	25		6400		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						0,06		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 2 \Omega$	-8/15	600	560	25		107,67		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					125		112,82	ns	
						150		114,21		
						25		42,07		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					125		44,93	ns	
						150		46,63		
						25		371,92		
Fall time	$t_f$					125		471,1	ns	
						150		503,56		
						25		63,14		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$					$Q_{tFWD} = 43,37 \mu\text{C}$			mWs	
						$Q_{tFWD} = 77,87 \mu\text{C}$				
		$Q_{tFWD} = 90,49 \mu\text{C}$								
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$				mWs					





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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Boost Diode</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			600	25 125 150	1,35	1,9 1,85 1,82	2,05 <sup>(1)</sup>		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V			25			112		μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					0,11			K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RM}$				25 125 150		481,12 574,31 602,3			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		250 348,96 412,31			ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=12412$ A/μs $di/dt=11466$ A/μs $di/dt=11475$ A/μs	-8/15	600	560	25 125 150	43,37 77,87 90,49			μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		15,83 28,95 33,46			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		3021,21 2737,28 3146,6			A/μs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

#### Boost Sw. Inv. Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				600	25 125 150	1,35	1,9 1,85 1,82	2,05 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V				25			112	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,11		K/W
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#### Snubber Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				200	25 125 150		1,91 1,85	2,54 <sup>(1)</sup> 2,5 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V				25 150			240 35200	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,27		K/W
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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Thermistor

#### Static

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R100	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$					25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

<sup>(1)</sup> Value at chip level

<sup>(2)</sup> Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

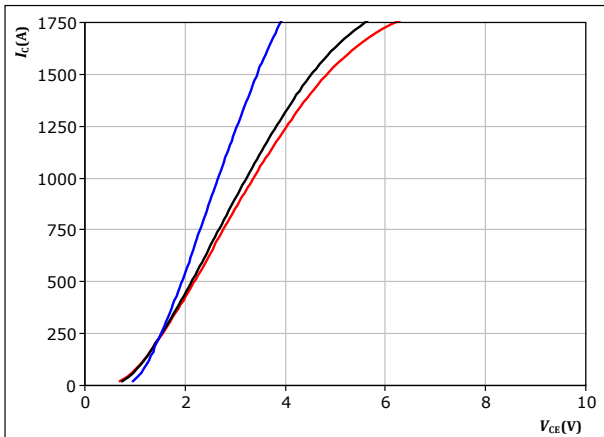


## Buck Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



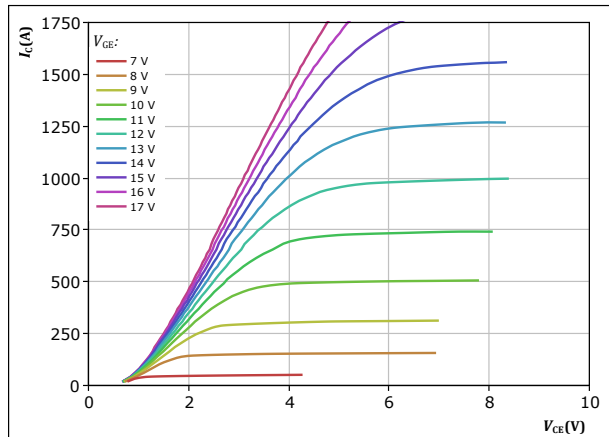
$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$

$T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

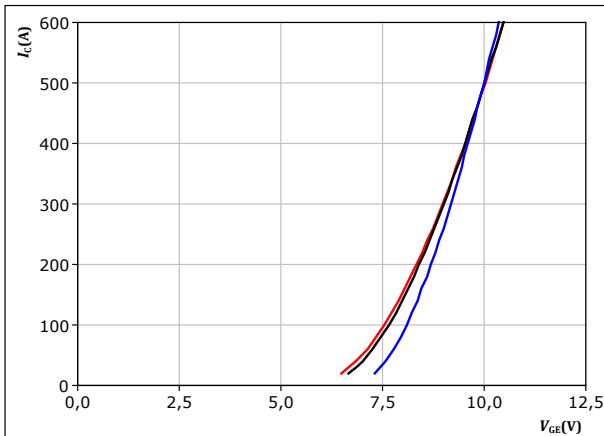


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



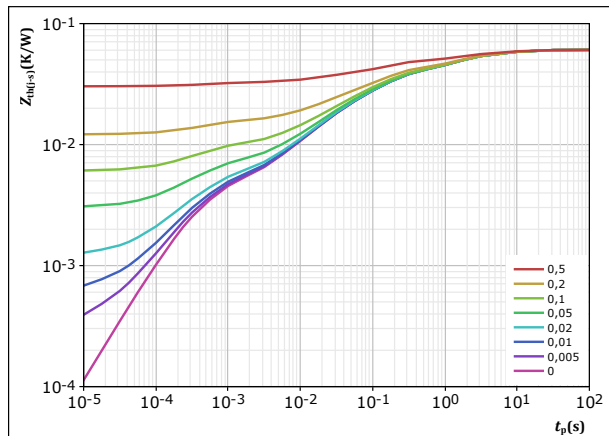
$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

$T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,061 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,43E-03	8,99E+00
1,85E-02	1,48E+00
2,28E-02	1,08E-01
8,91E-03	1,38E-02
3,99E-03	3,79E-04



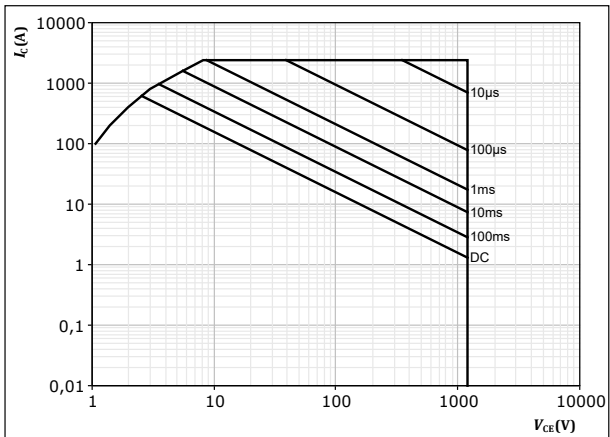
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## Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$  single pulse

$T_s = 80$  °C

$V_{CE} = 15$  V

$T_j = T_{jmax}$

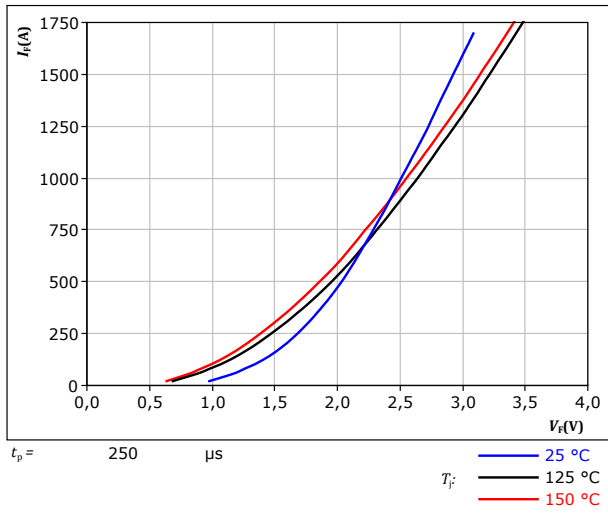


### Buck Diode Characteristics

**figure 6.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

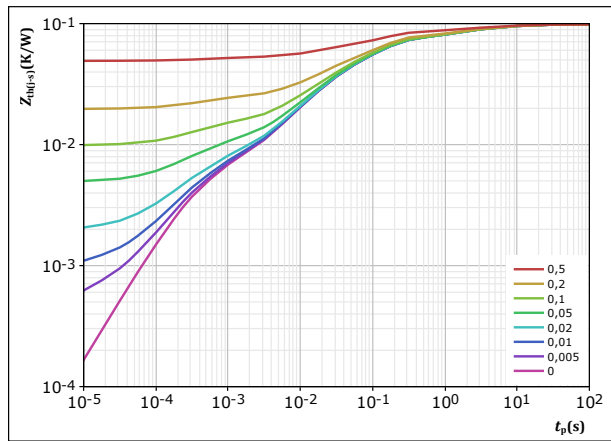
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 7.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,098 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
7,90E-03	9,60E+00
1,80E-02	1,71E+00
4,55E-02	1,08E-01
2,17E-02	1,41E-02
5,23E-03	3,52E-04

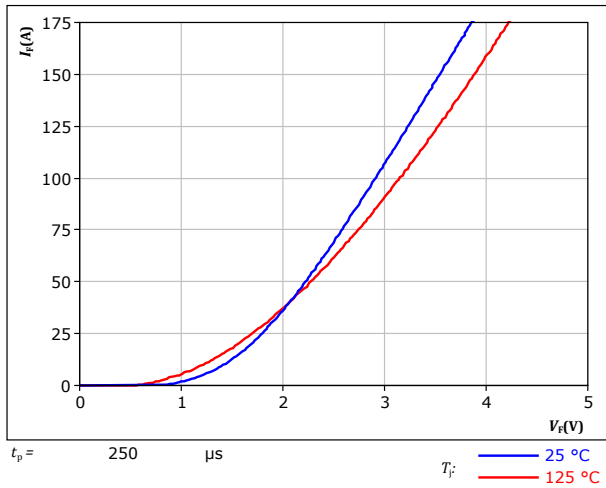


## Protection Diode Characteristics

**figure 8.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

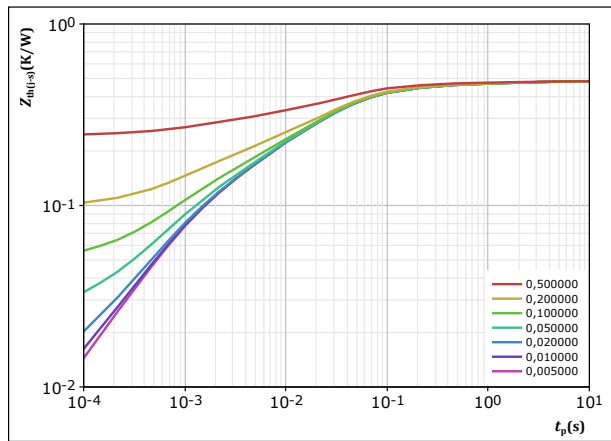
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 9.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$$

$$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,484 \text{ K/W}$$

FWD thermal model values

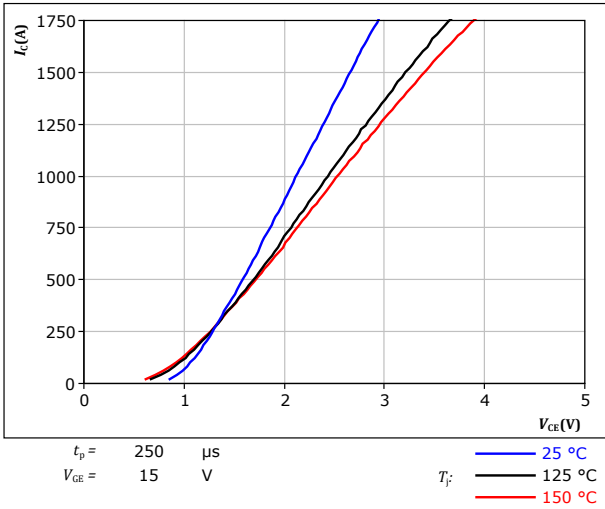
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
9,74E-03	5,74E+00
2,02E-02	1,10E+00
6,83E-02	1,35E-01
2,24E-01	2,90E-02
9,42E-02	4,59E-03
6,46E-02	8,12E-04
4,23E-03	9,28E-05



### Boost Switch Characteristics

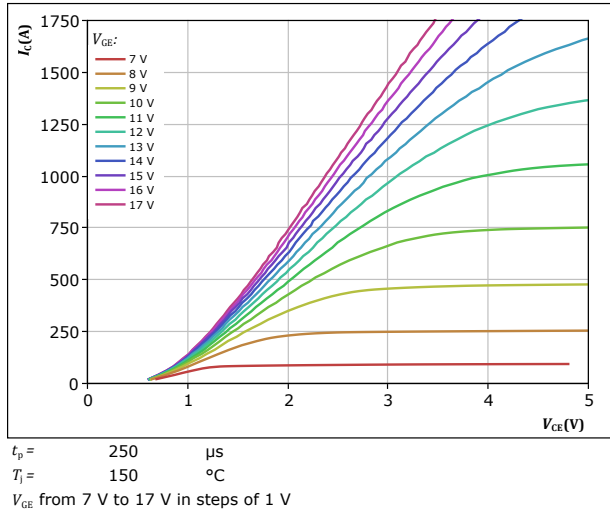
**figure 10.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



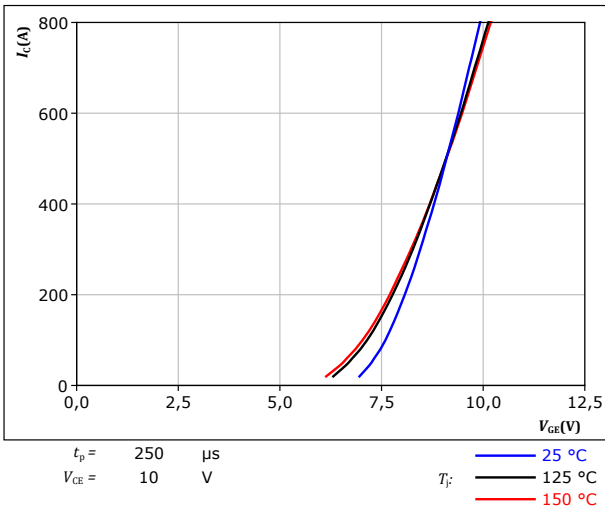
**figure 11.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



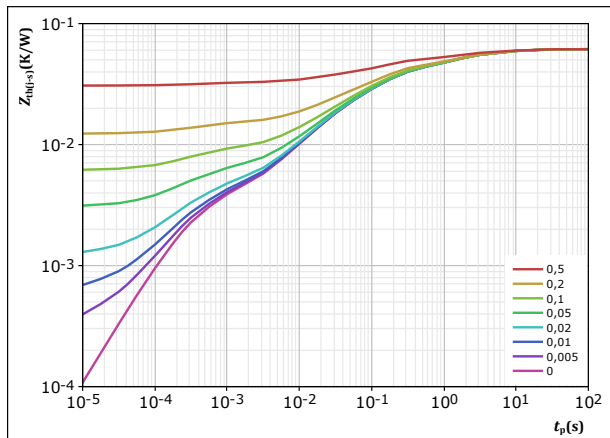
**figure 12.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



**figure 13.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,061 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
7,59E-03	7,53E+00
1,65E-02	1,20E+00
2,48E-02	1,09E-01
9,37E-03	1,43E-02
3,15E-03	3,14E-04



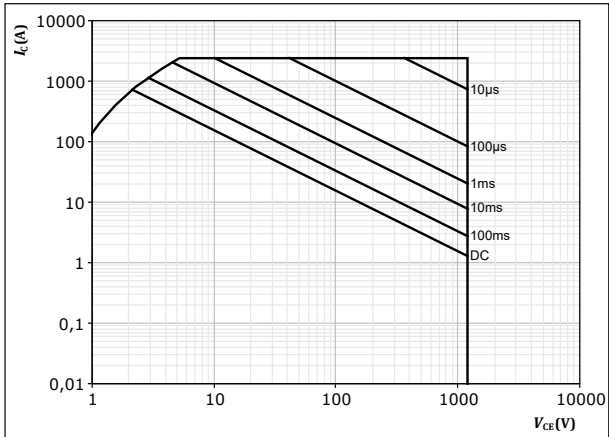


### Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 14. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

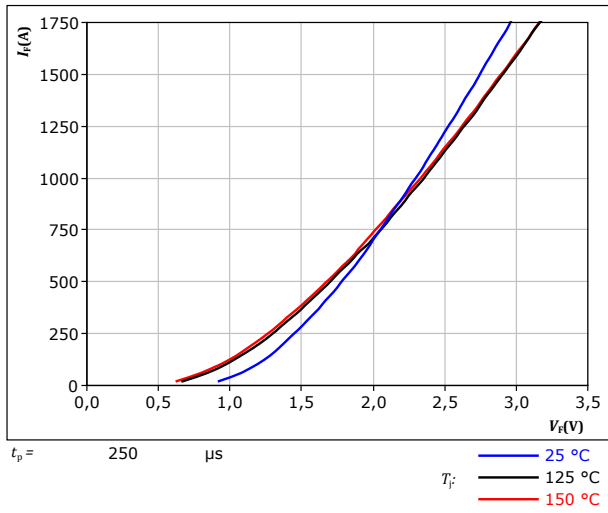


## Boost Diode Characteristics

**figure 15.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

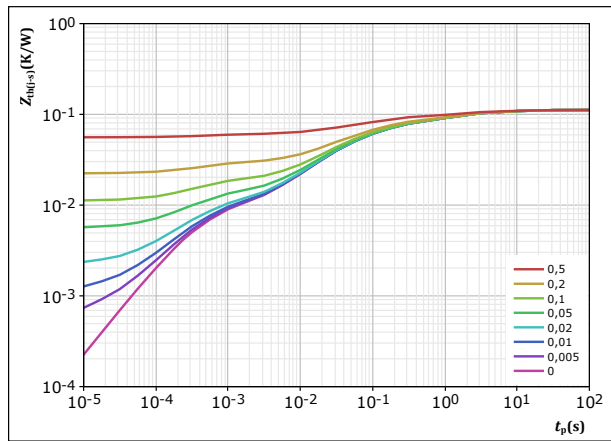
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 16.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	0,112	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)	
9,59E-03	8,60E+00	
2,87E-02	1,16E+00	
4,09E-02	9,75E-02	
2,47E-02	1,93E-02	
7,86E-03	3,73E-04	

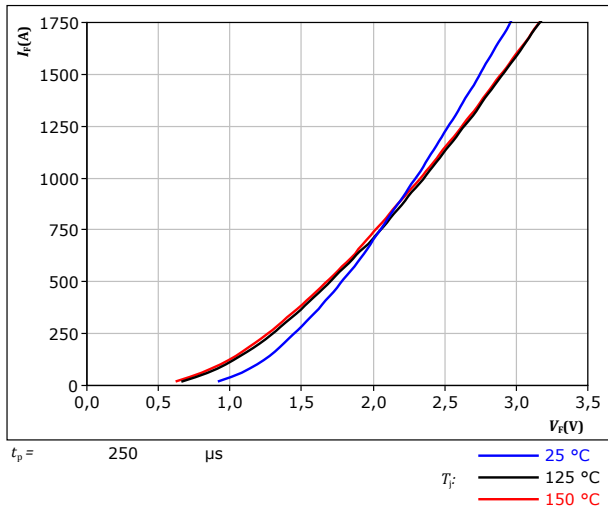


## Boost Sw. Inv. Diode Characteristics

**figure 17.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

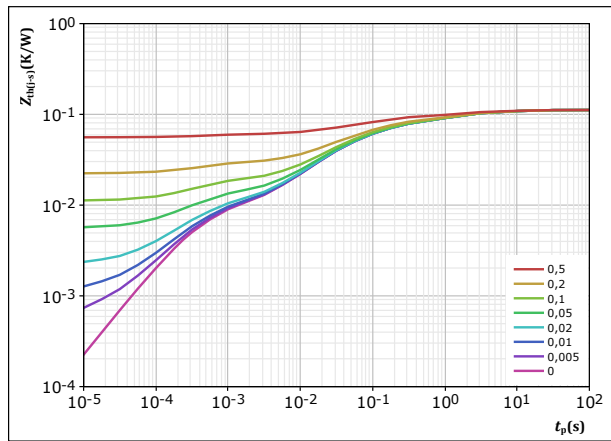
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 18.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	0,112	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)	
9,59E-03	8,60E+00	
2,87E-02	1,16E+00	
4,09E-02	9,75E-02	
2,47E-02	1,93E-02	
7,86E-03	3,73E-04	

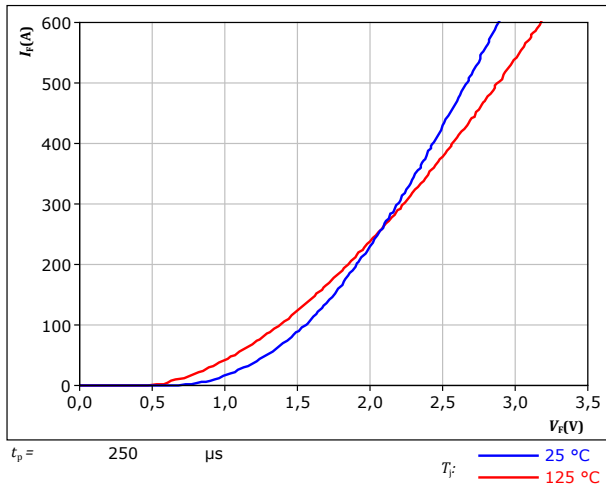


## Snubber Diode Characteristics

**figure 19.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

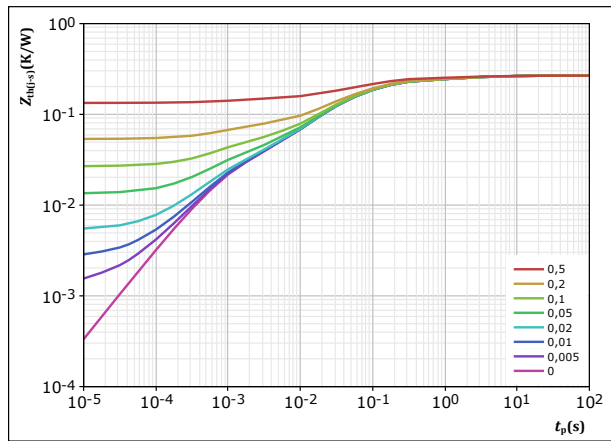
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 20.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$$D = \frac{t_p}{T} = 0,267 \quad \text{K/W}$$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,28E-02	6,24E+00
2,76E-02	1,16E+00
1,17E-01	9,86E-02
8,56E-02	2,07E-02
2,40E-02	8,56E-04

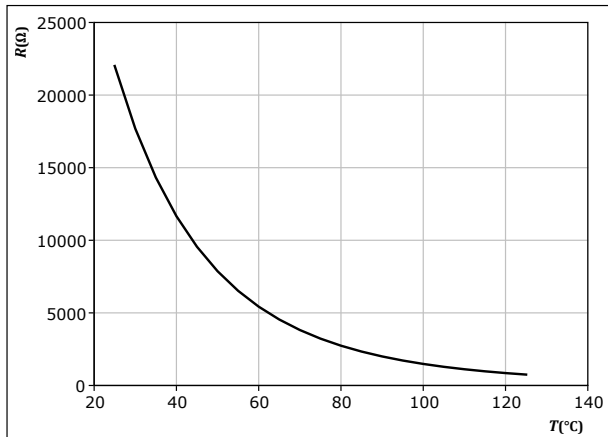


## Thermistor Characteristics

**figure 21.** Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$



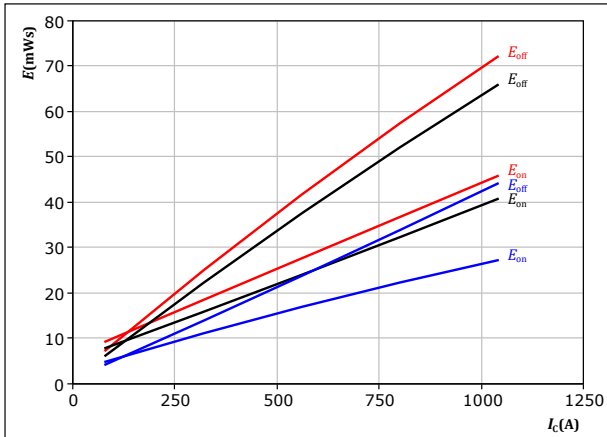


## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 22.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



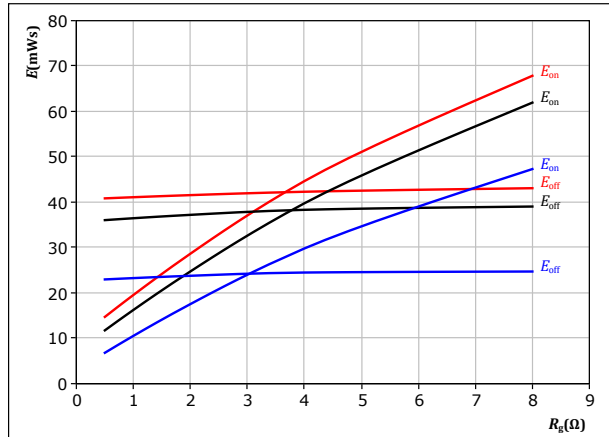
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	-8/15	V		— 125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	2	$\Omega$		— 150 °C
$R_{goff} =$	2	$\Omega$		

**figure 23.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



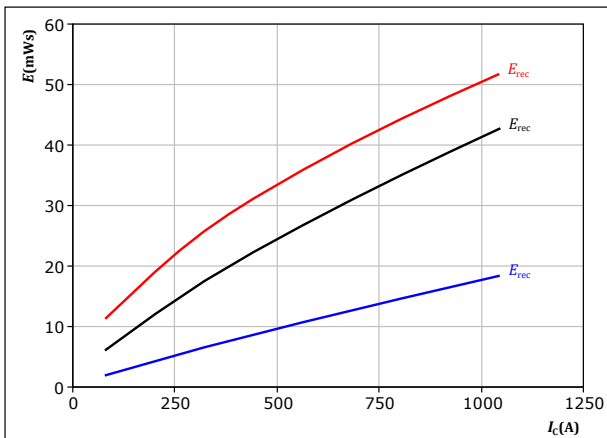
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	-8/15	V		— 125 °C
$I_c =$	560	A		— 150 °C

**figure 24.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



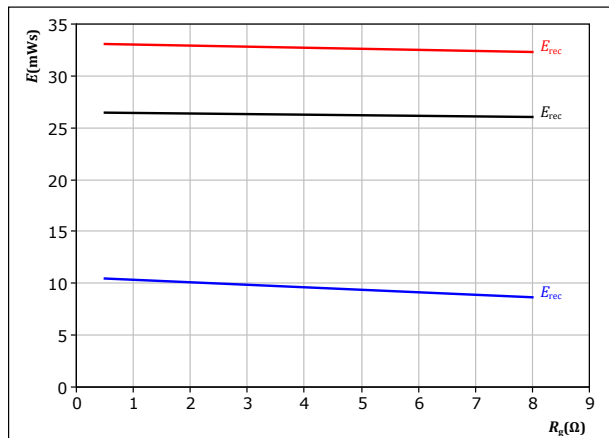
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	-8/15	V		— 125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	2	$\Omega$		— 150 °C

**figure 25.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

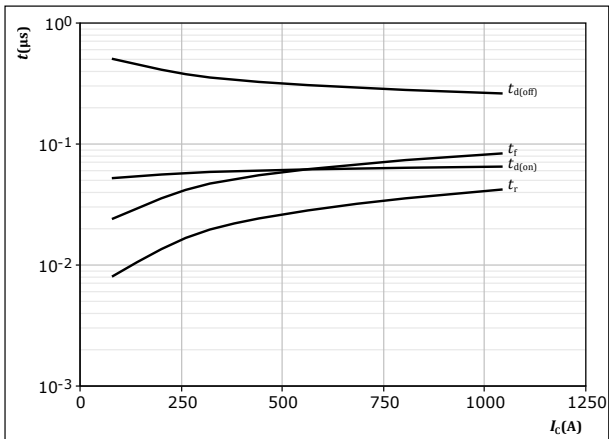
$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	-8/15	V		— 125 °C
$I_c =$	560	A		— 150 °C



## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 26.** IGBT

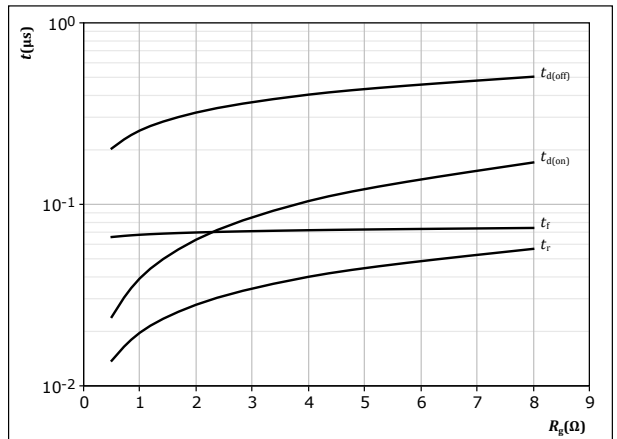
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 27.** IGBT

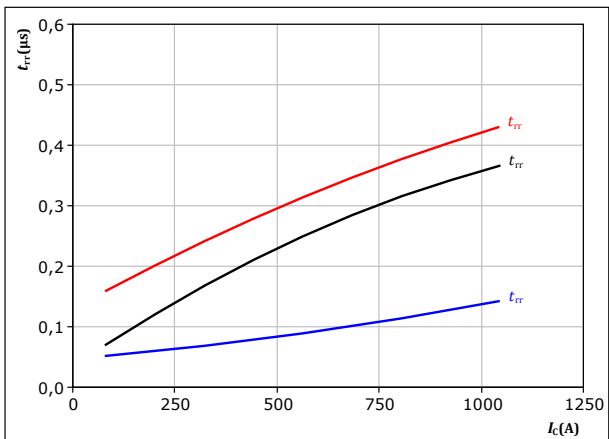
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 560 \text{ A}$

**figure 28.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$

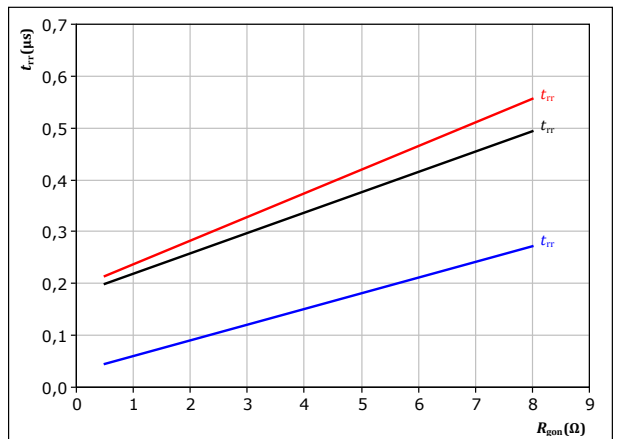


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 29.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 560 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

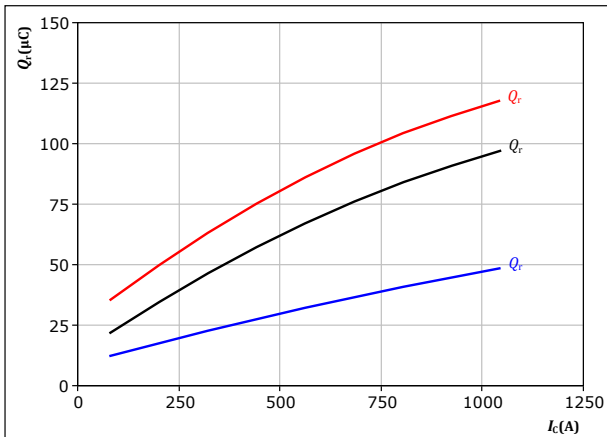


## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 30.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

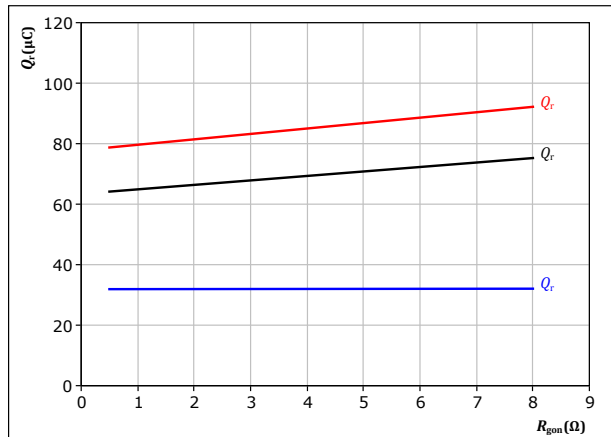
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 31.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

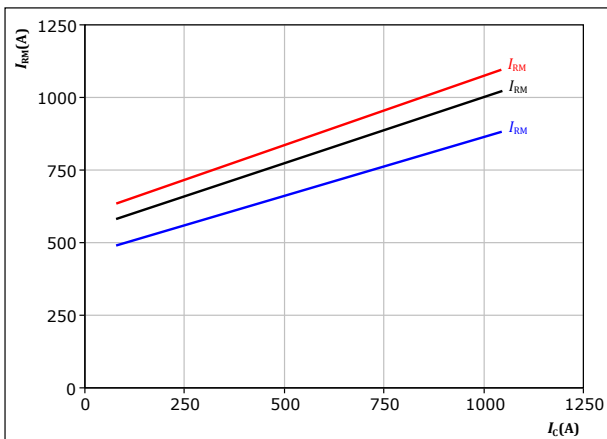
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 560 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 32.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

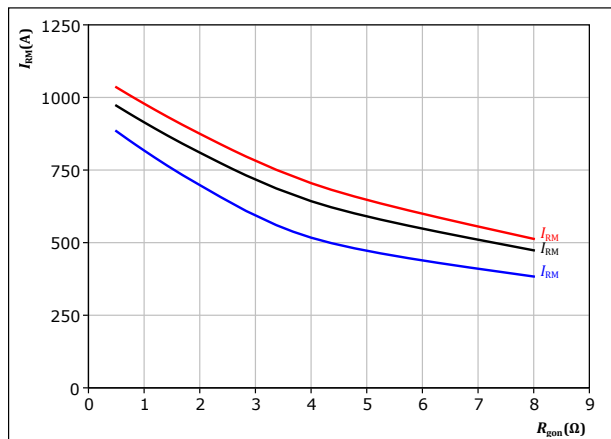
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 33.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 560 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

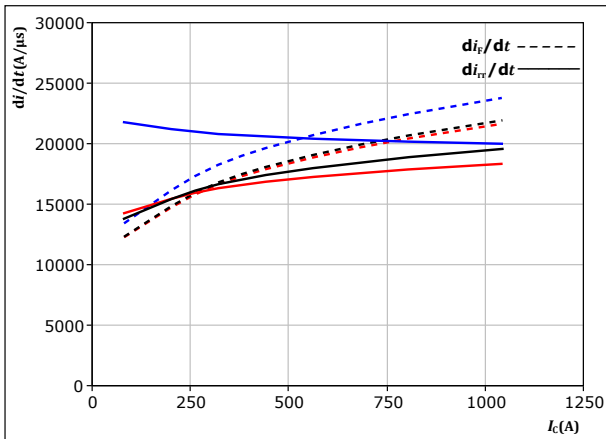




## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 34.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$



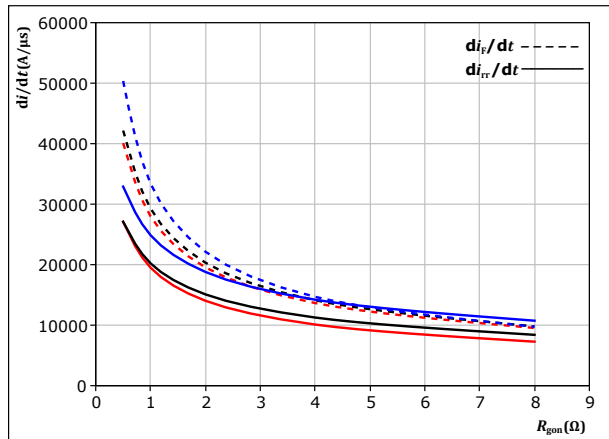
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C  
 125 °C  
 150 °C

**figure 35.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

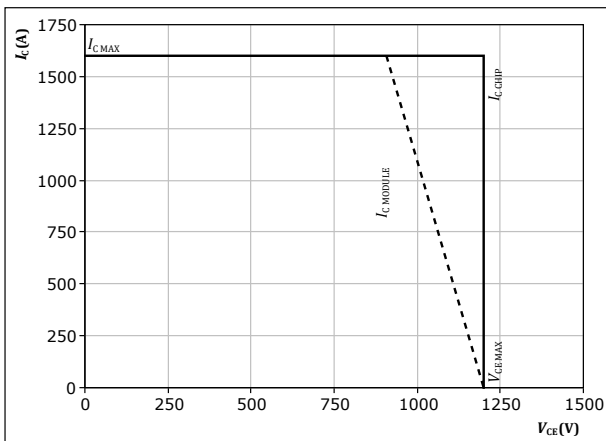
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 560 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : 25 °C  
 125 °C  
 150 °C

**figure 36.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

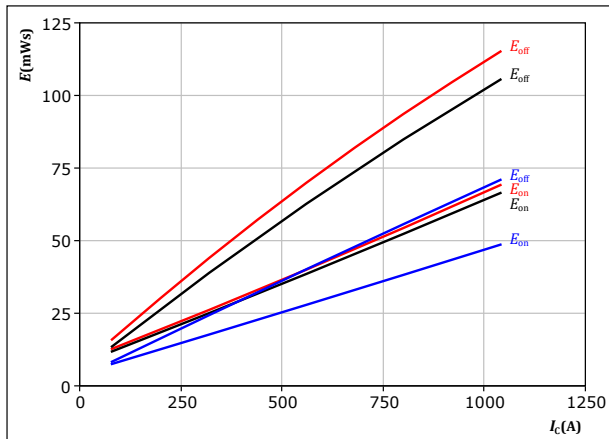


## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 37.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



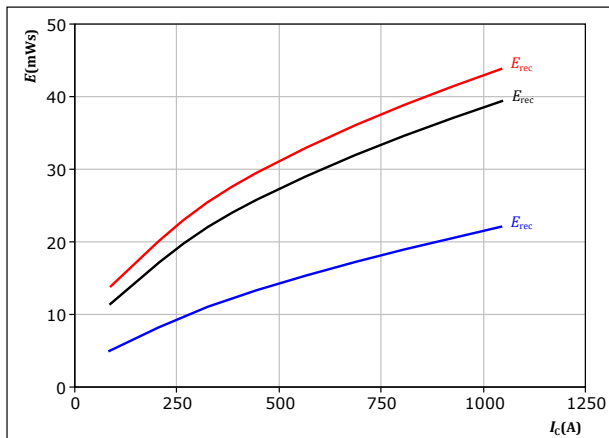
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	-8/15	V		— 125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	2	$\Omega$		— 150 °C
$R_{goff} =$	2	$\Omega$		

**figure 39.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



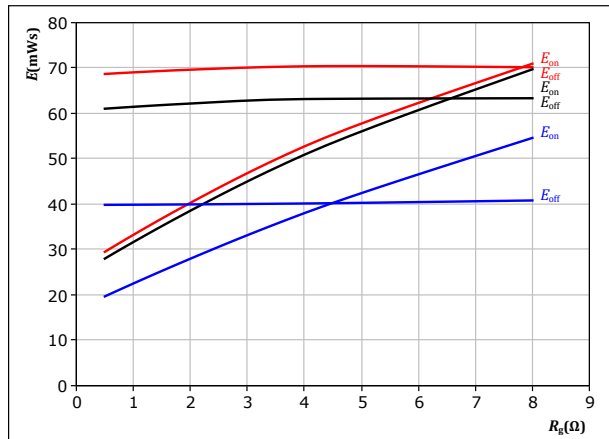
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	-8/15	V		— 125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	2	$\Omega$		— 150 °C

**figure 38.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



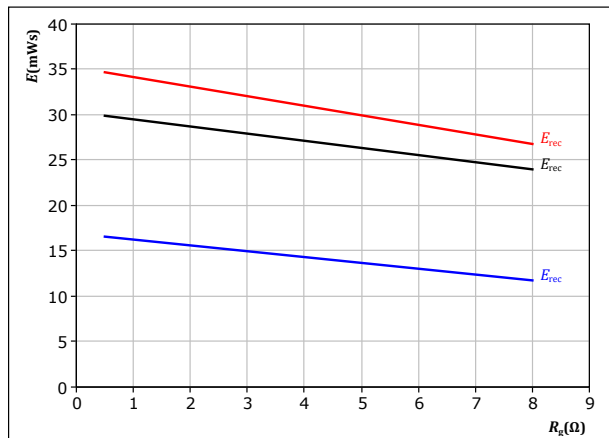
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	-8/15	V		— 125 °C
$I_c =$	560	A		— 150 °C

**figure 40.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

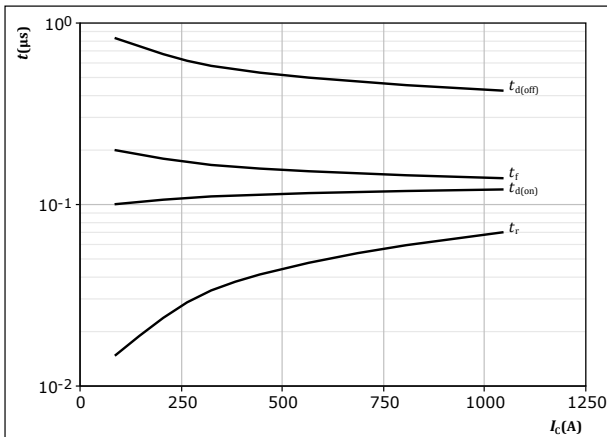
$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	-8/15	V		— 125 °C
$I_c =$	560	A		— 150 °C



## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 41. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$

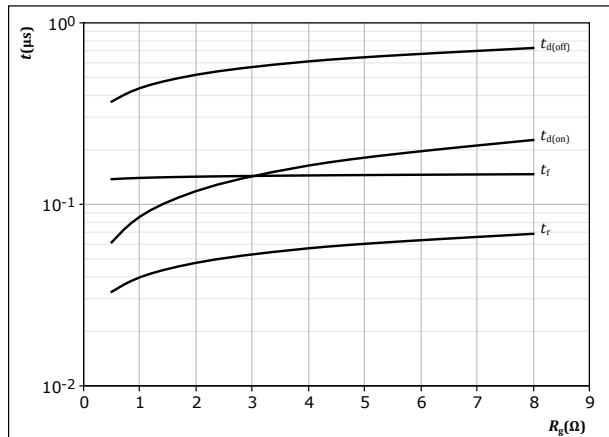


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 42. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$

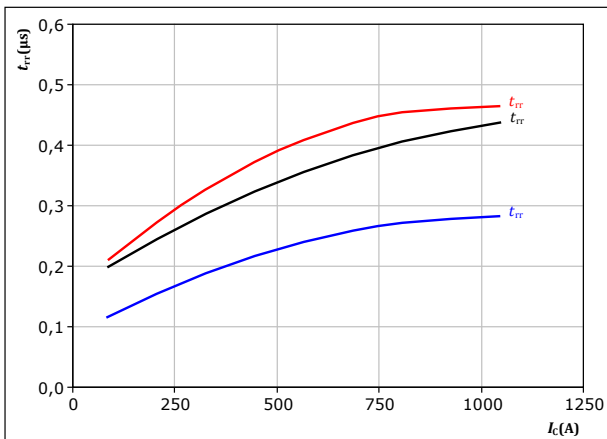


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 560 \text{ A}$

figure 43. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



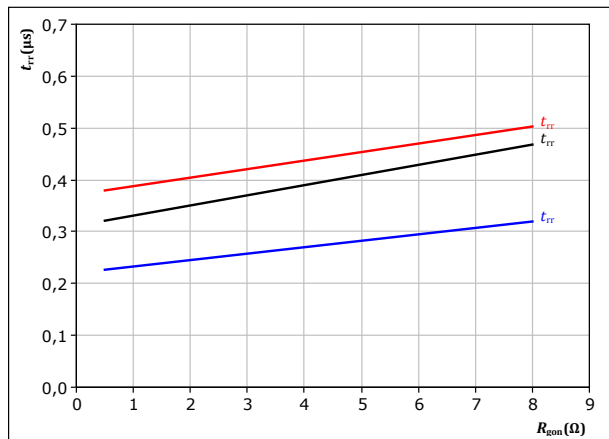
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

figure 44. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 560 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

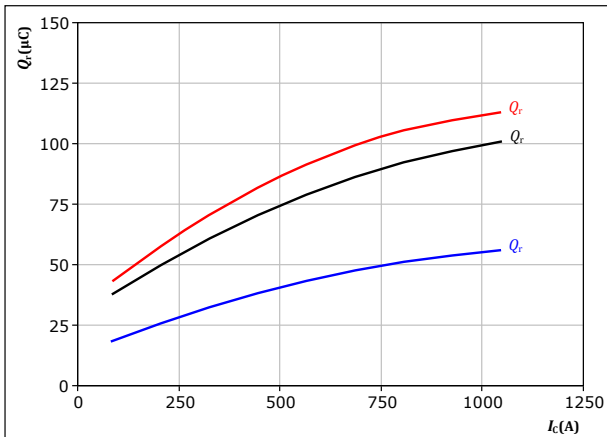


## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 45. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

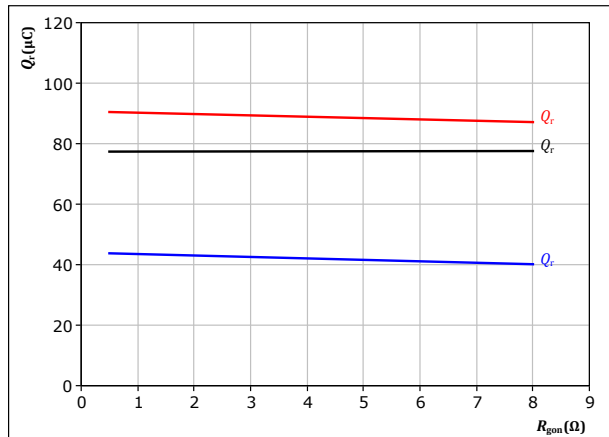
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 46. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

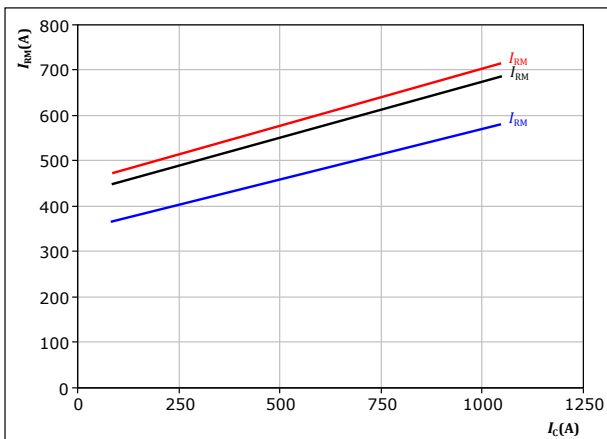
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 560 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 47. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

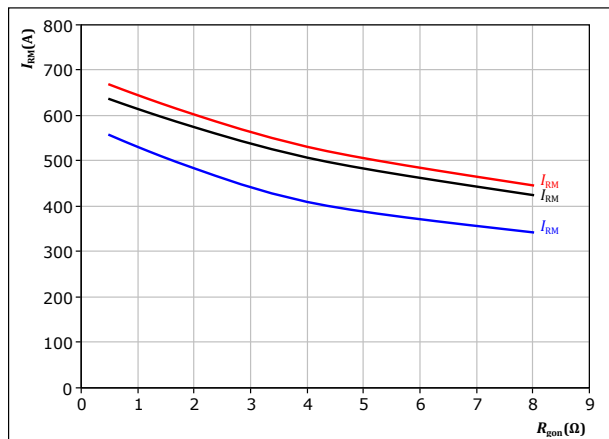
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 48. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 560 \text{ A}$

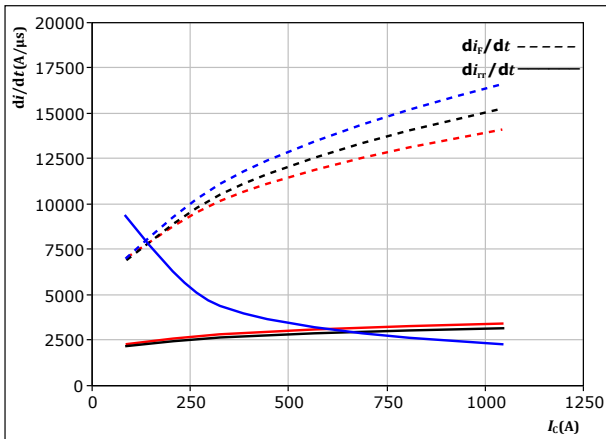
$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 49.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$



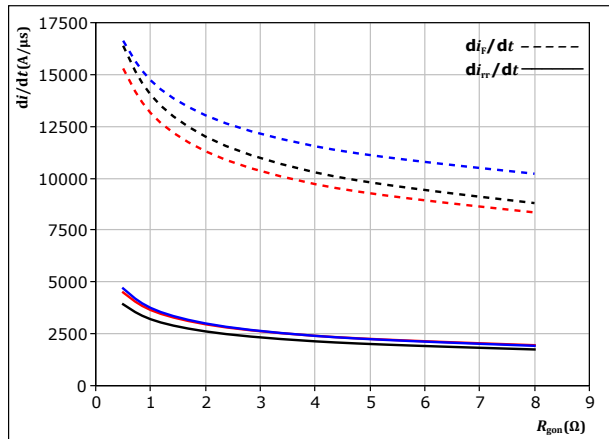
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 50.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

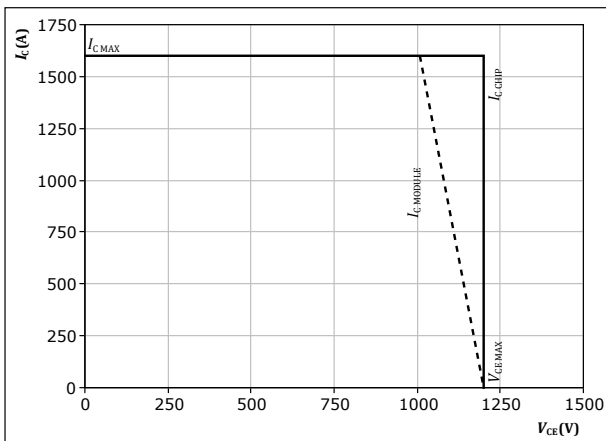
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -8/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 560 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 51.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \ \Omega$



## Switching Definitions

figure 52. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )

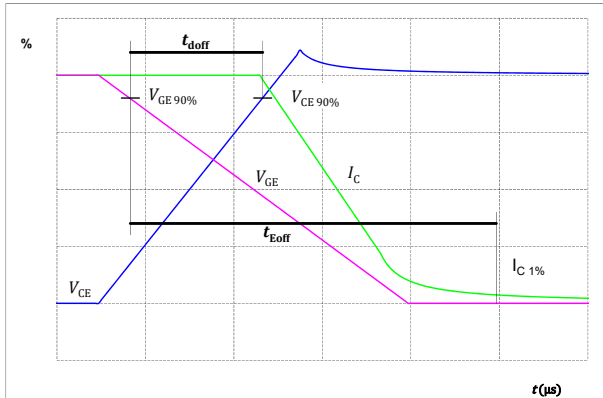


figure 53. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )

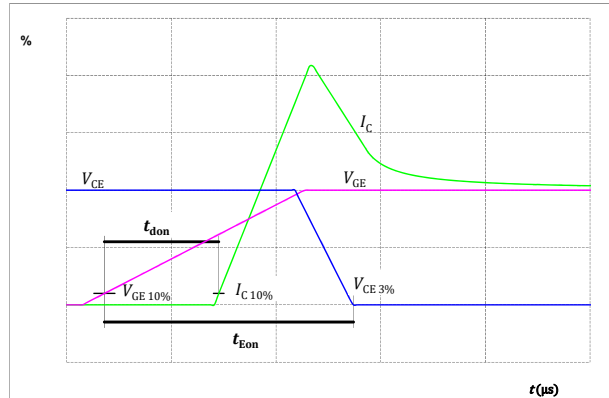


figure 54. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$

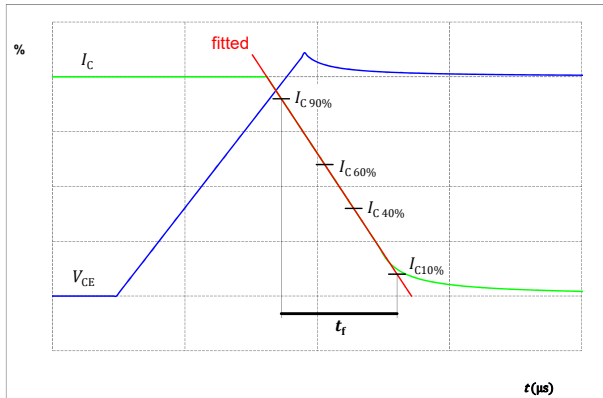
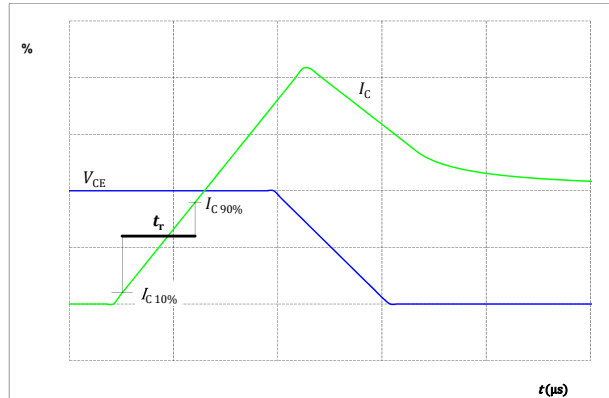


figure 55. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





### Switching Definitions

figure 56. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$

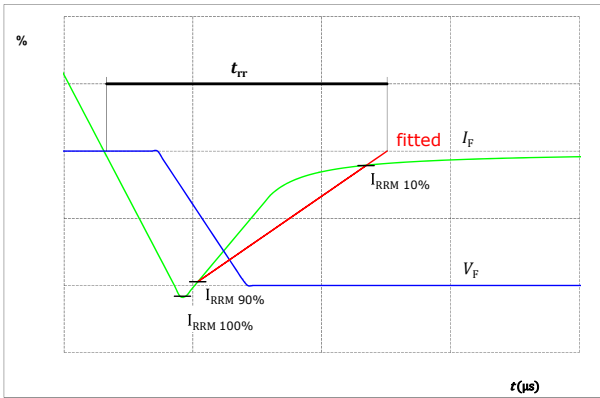
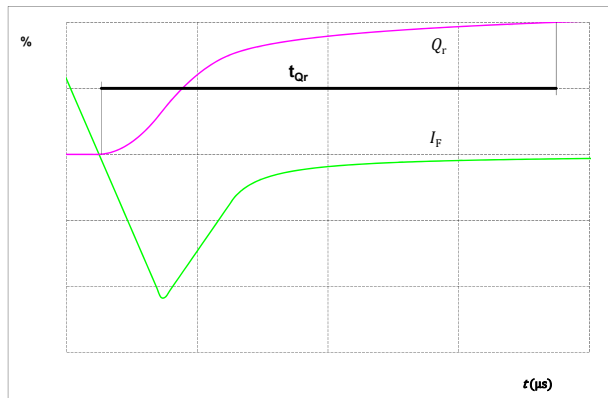


figure 57. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qr}$  ( $t_{Qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )






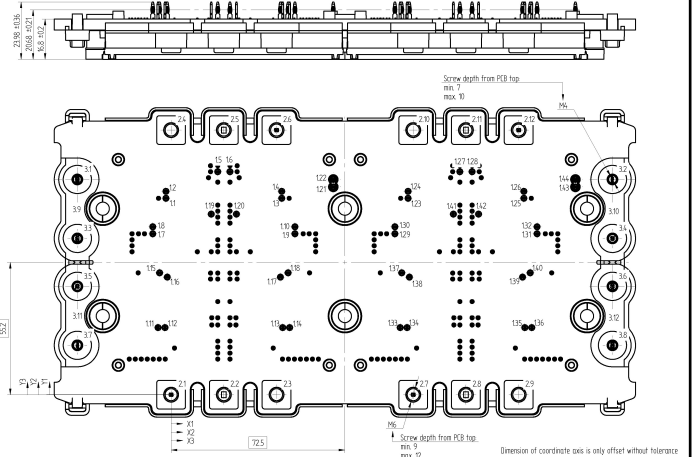
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**70-W424NIA800SH-M800F**  
datasheet

Ordering Code	
<b>Version</b>	<b>Ordering Code</b>
Without thermal paste	70-W424NIA800SH-M800F
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	70-W424NIA800SH-M800F-/3/

Marking						
	<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b> NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTVV	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	<b>Lot</b> LLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS	
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b> TTTTTVV	<b>Lot number</b> LLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	

Outline							
Pin table [mm]							
Pin	X	Y	Function	1.35	147,55	28	G14-4
1.1	-2,15	81,95	S11-1	1.36	150,45	28	S14-4
1.2	-2,15	84,85	G11-1	1.37	96,2	50,85	G12-3
1.3	46,15	81,95	S11-2	1.38	99,4	49,05	S12-3
1.4	46,15	84,85	G11-2	1.39	146,6	49,05	S12-4
1.5	19,45	93,05	DC+ (desat)	1.40	149,8	50,85	G12-4
1.6	24,55	93,05	DC+ (desat)	1.41	117,75	75,35	GND (desat)
1.7	-7,65	67,15	S13-1	1.42	128,25	75,35	GND (desat)
1.8	-7,65	70,05	G13-1	1.43	168,65	86,7	Therm22
1.9	51,65	67,15	S13-2	1.44	168,65	89,8	Therm21
1.10	51,65	70,05	G13-2	2.1	0	0	Phase
1.11	-5,45	28	S14-1	2.2	22	0	Phase
1.12	-2,55	28	G14-1	2.3	44	0	Phase
1.13	46,55	28	G14-2	2.4	0	110,4	DC+
1.14	49,45	28	S14-2	2.5	22	110,4	GND
1.15	-4,8	50,85	G12-1	2.6	44	110,4	DC-
1.16	-1,6	49,05	S12-1	2.7	101	0	Phase
1.17	45,6	49,05	S12-2	2.8	123	0	Phase
1.18	48,8	50,85	G12-2	2.9	145	0	Phase
1.19	16,75	75,35	GND (desat)	2.10	101	110,4	DC+
1.20	27,25	75,35	GND (desat)	2.11	123	110,4	GND
1.21	67,65	86,7	Therm12	2.12	145	110,4	DC-
1.22	67,65	89,8	Therm11	3.1	-39,1	89,8	TR+
1.23	98,85	81,95	S11-3	3.2	184,1	89,8	TR+
1.24	98,85	84,85	G11-3	3.3	-39,1	65,2	DC+
1.25	147,15	81,95	S11-4	3.4	184,1	65,2	DC+
1.26	147,15	84,85	G11-4	3.5	-39,1	45,2	DC-
1.27	120,45	93,05	DC+ (desat)	3.6	184,1	45,2	DC-
1.28	125,55	93,05	DC+ (desat)	3.7	-39,1	20,6	TR-
1.29	93,35	67,15	S13-3	3.8	184,1	20,6	TR-
1.30	93,35	70,05	G13-3	3.9	-39,1	89,8	GND
1.31	152,65	67,15	S13-4	3.10	184,1	89,8	GND
1.32	152,65	70,05	G13-4	3.11	-39,1	45,2	GND
1.33	95,55	28	S14-3	3.12	184,1	45,2	GND
1.34	98,45	28	G14-3				

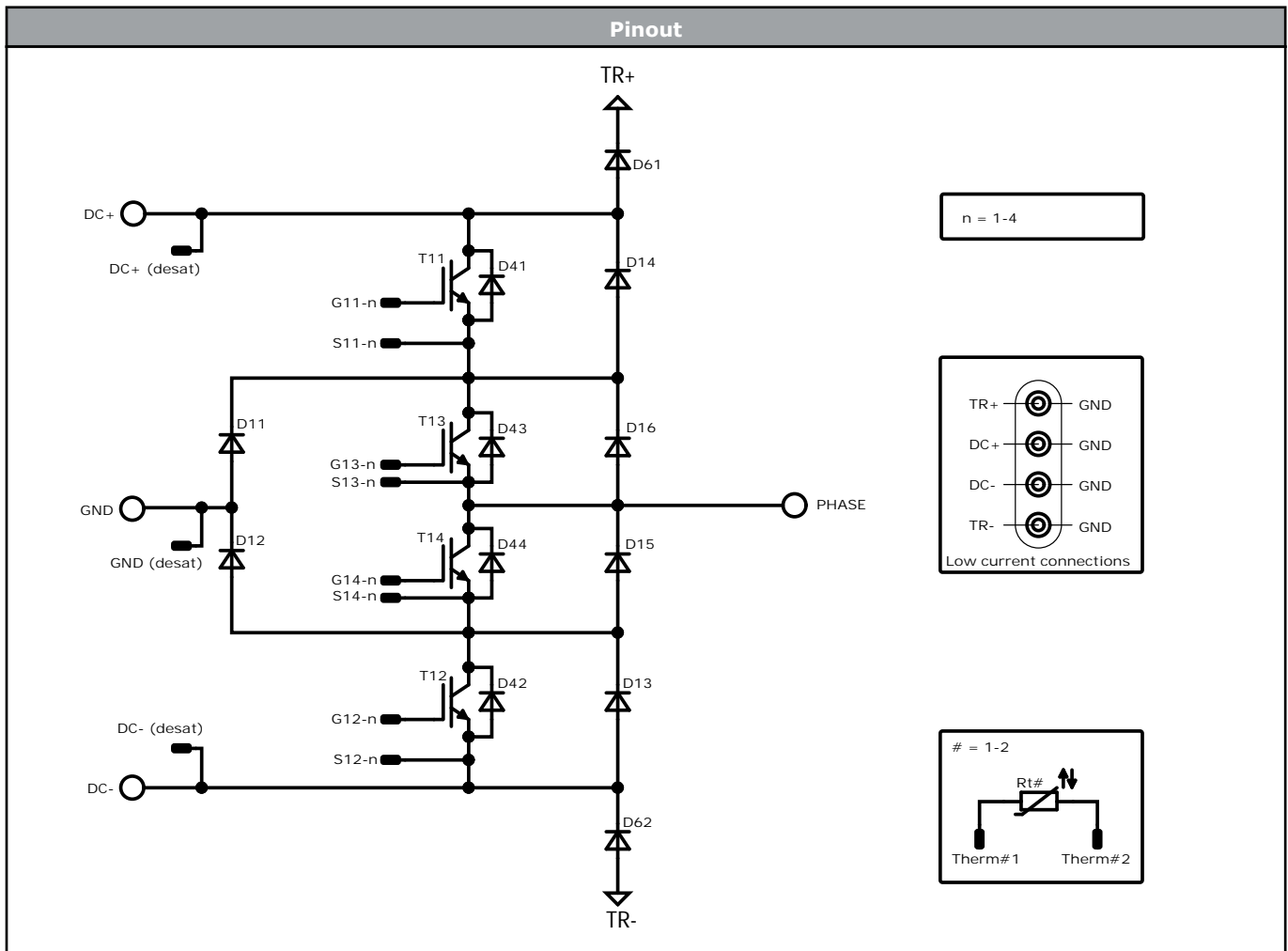






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**70-W424NIA800SH-M800F**  
datasheet



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T12	IGBT	1200 V	800 A	Buck Switch	Parallel devices with separate control. Values apply to complete device.
D11, D12	FWD	1200 V	800 A	Buck Diode	
D41, D42, D43, D44	FWD	1200 V	60 A	Protection Diode	
T13, T14	IGBT	1200 V	800 A	Boost Switch	Parallel devices with separate control. Values apply to complete device.
D13, D14	FWD	1200 V	600 A	Boost Diode	
D15, D16	FWD	1200 V	600 A	Boost Sw. Inv. Diode	
D61, D62	FWD	1200 V	200 A	Snubber Diode	
Rt1, Rt2	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 4	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for VINco X8 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for VINco X8 packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
Certification pending. For more information see vincotech.com website.

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
70-W424NIA800SH-M800F-D7-14	12 Nov. 2024	Remeasure Datasheet characteristics No change in Module	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.