



**flowPIM S3 + PFC**

**1200 V / 35 A**

**Topology features**

- Open Emitter configuration
- Temperature sensor
- Inverter
- 3ph Vienna rectifier

**Component features**

- Commutation rugged
- Easy to use / drive
- Suitable for hard and soft switching

**Housing features**

- Base isolation: Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
- CTI1600 housing material
- Compact, baseplate-less housing
- VINcoPress Technology
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief
- Press-fit pin
- Reliable cold welding connection

**Target applications**

- Embedded Drives
- Heat Pumps
- HVAC
- Industrial Drives

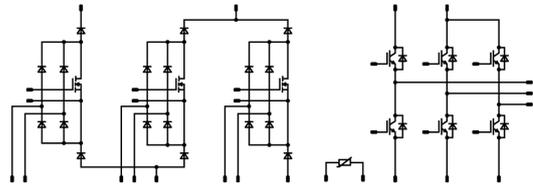
**Types**

- B0-SP12VPA035M702-LR29A13T

**flow S3 12 mm housing**



**Schematic**





Vincotech

**B0-SP12VPA035M702-LR29A13T**  
datasheet

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Inverter Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	54	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	70	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	118	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$i_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	9,5	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Inverter Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	39	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	70	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	72	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



Vincotech

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Boost Switch</b>				
Drain-source voltage	$V_{DS}$		600	V
Drain current (DC current)	$I_D$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	34	A
Peak drain current	$I_{DM}$	$I_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	220	A
Avalanche energy, single pulse	$E_{AS}$	$V_{DD} = 50\text{ V}$ $I_D = 11\text{ A}$	236	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive	$E_{AR}$	$V_{DD} = 50\text{ V}$ $I_D = 11\text{ A}$	1,16	mJ
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	$V_{DS} = 0..400\text{ V}$ $T_s = 25\text{ °C}$	80	V/ns
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	108	W
Gate-source voltage	$V_{GSS}$		±20	V
Reverse diode dv/dt	dv/dt		50	V/ns
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C

## Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	36	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	58	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Negative Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	36	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	58	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

**Maximum Ratings** $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Rectifier Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	54	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	280	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		390	A <sup>2</sup> s
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	68	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C

**Module Properties****Thermal Properties**

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

**Isolation Properties**

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			9,87	mm
Clearance			7,99	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 600	

\*100 % tested in production



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Inverter Switch

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$		10	0,0035	25	5,4	6	6,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	15		35	25 125 150		1,47 1,64 1,68	1,85 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$	0	1200		25			80	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$						None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$						7900		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	0	10		25		270		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$						97		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$	$V_{CC} = 600$ V	0/15		35	25	260		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)					0,81		K/W
--	---------------	---------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		131,52 128,96 128,64	ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$R_{gon} = 8$ Ω $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω				25 125 150		40 41,92 41,6	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		±15	600	35	25 125 150		168,32 199,36 207,68	ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		106,88 140,55 151,44	ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 3,25$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 5,27$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 5,9$ μC				25 125 150		2,88 3,55 3,69	mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		2,77 3,88 4,16	mWs



Vincotech

**B0-SP12VPA035M702-LR29A13T**  
datasheet

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Inverter Diode</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$				35	25 125 150		1,66 1,76 1,75	2,1 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V				25			40	μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)						1,31		K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RM}$					25 125 150		24,77 28,63 29,92		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		302,49 451,23 492,98		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=645$ A/μs $di/dt=639$ A/μs $di/dt=635$ A/μs	±15	600	35	25 125 150		3,25 5,27 5,9		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		1,25 2,15 2,44		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		224,65 167,29 163,58		A/μs



Vincotech

**B0-SP12VPA035M702-LR29A13T**  
datasheet

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Boost Switch

##### Static

Drain-source on-state resistance	$r_{DS(on)}$		10		23,6	25 125		44,8 79,8	40 <sup>(1)</sup>	mΩ
Gate-source threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$			0,00118	25	3	3,5	4	V
Gate to Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$		20	0		25			200	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$		0	600		25			2	μA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							2,4		Ω
Gate charge	$Q_g$		0/10	400	23,6	25		102		nC
Short-circuit input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$f = 250$ kHz	0	400	0	25		4360		pF
Short-circuit output capacitance	$C_{oss}$							74		

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)						0,65		K/W
--	---------------	---------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 16$ Ω $R_{goff} = 16$ Ω	0/10	400	40	25		56,93		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					125		51,37		
						25		24,1		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					125		25,81		
						25		232,94		
Fall time	$t_f$					125		251,74		
						25		22,41		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	125		25,17						
		25		0,407						
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$	125		0,702						
		25		0,552						
						125		0,611		mWs



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max			
<b>Boost Diode</b>											
<b>Static</b>											
Forward voltage	$V_F$				30	25 125 150		2,33 1,76 1,65	3 <sup>(1)</sup>	V	
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 650$ V				25			7	μA	
<b>Thermal</b>											
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)						1,63		K/W	
<b>Dynamic</b>											
Peak recovery current	$I_{RM}$	$di/dt=1859$ A/μs $di/dt=1647$ A/μs	0/10	400	40	25		24,04		A	
						125		37,73			
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25		31,95			
						125		54,03			
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25		0,396			
						125		1,19			
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$	25		0,091							
		125		0,269							
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	25		1310,25							
		125		1444,18							



Vincotech

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

#### Negative Boost Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				30	25 125 150		2,33 1,76 1,65	3 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 650$ V				25			7	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)						1,63		K/W
--	---------------	------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

#### Rectifier Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				50	25 125		1,24 1,24	1,3 <sup>(1)</sup> 1,33 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1600$ V				25 150			20 1500	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)						1,03		K/W
--	---------------	------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----



Vincotech

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit	
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_F$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]		$T_j$ [°C]

### Thermistor

#### Static

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R100	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$					25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

<sup>(1)</sup> Value at chip level

<sup>(2)</sup> Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

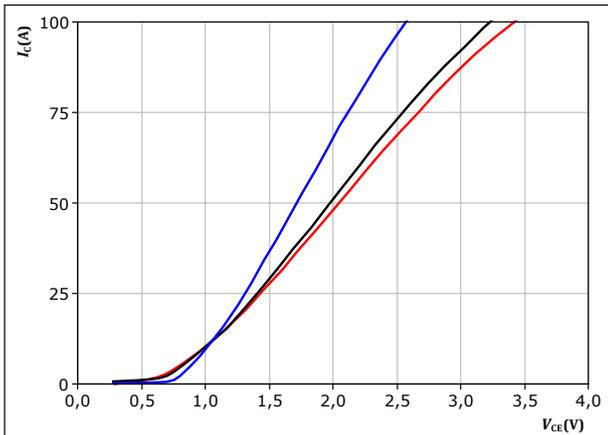


## Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



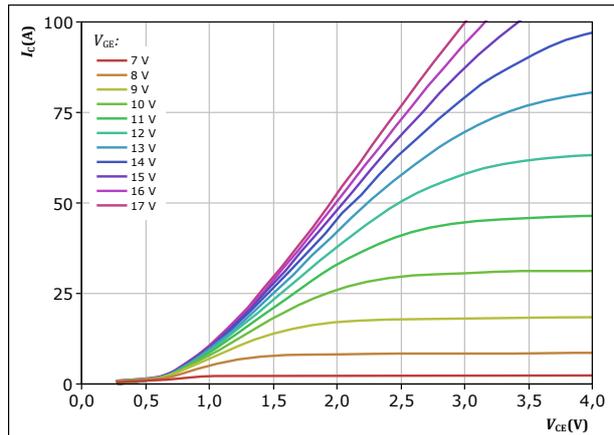
$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

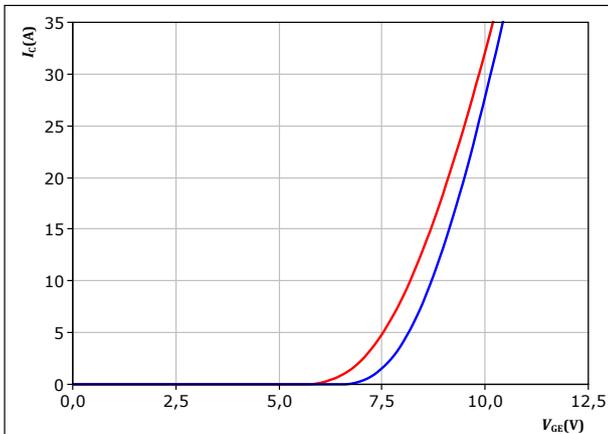


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



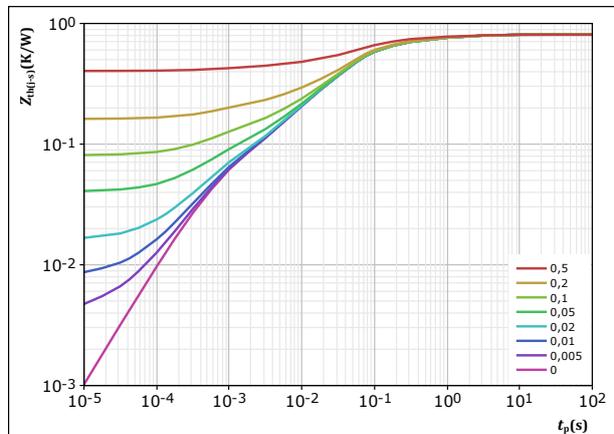
$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,808 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

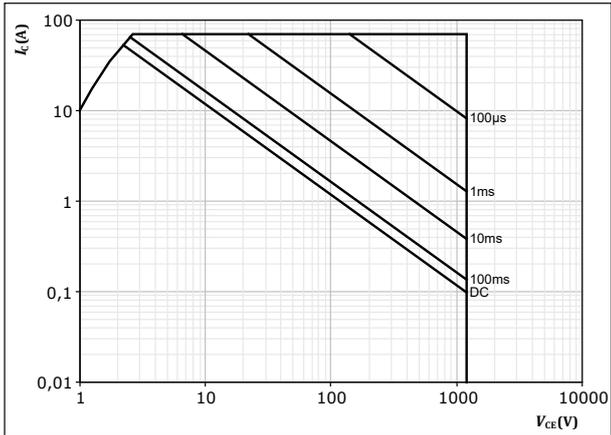
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,35E-02	2,08E+00
1,21E-01	3,43E-01
4,77E-01	5,37E-02
9,58E-02	7,23E-03
5,05E-02	6,30E-04



## Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

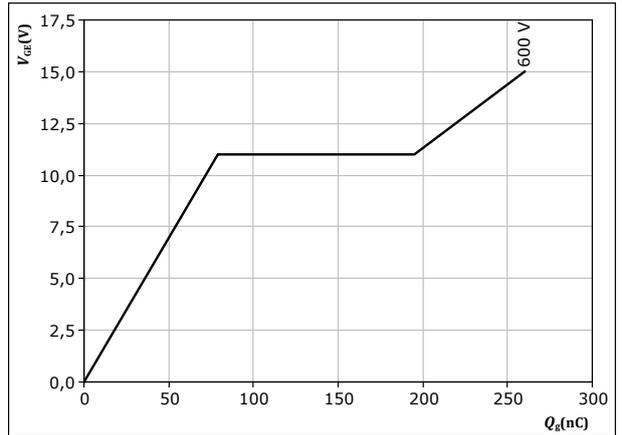
Safe operating area  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

**figure 6.** IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge  
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



$I_C = 35 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

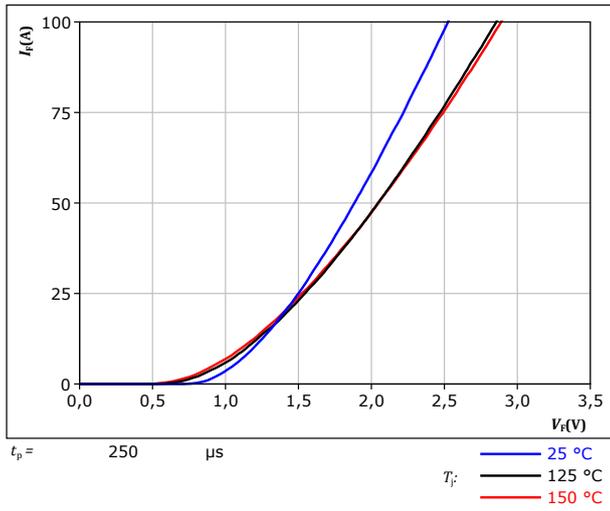


### Inverter Diode Characteristics

**figure 7.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

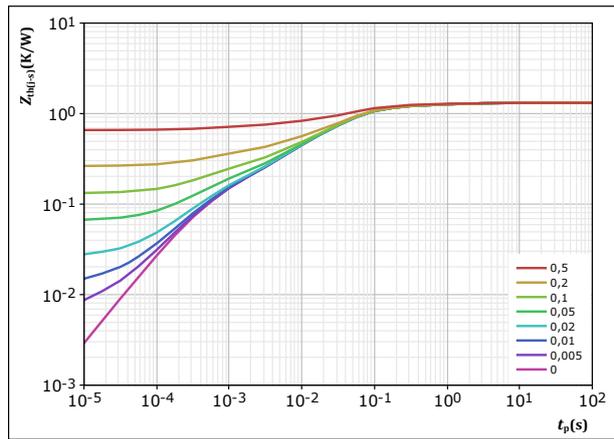
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 8.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,314 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,37E-02	1,83E+00
1,98E-01	1,73E-01
7,30E-01	3,93E-02
1,94E-01	5,22E-03
1,09E-01	4,63E-04

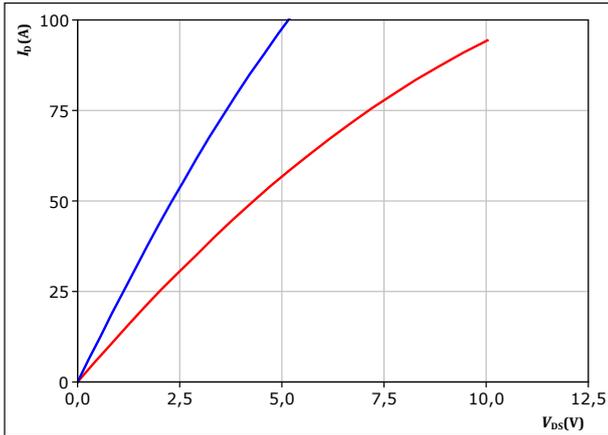


## Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 9.** MOSFET

Typical output characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

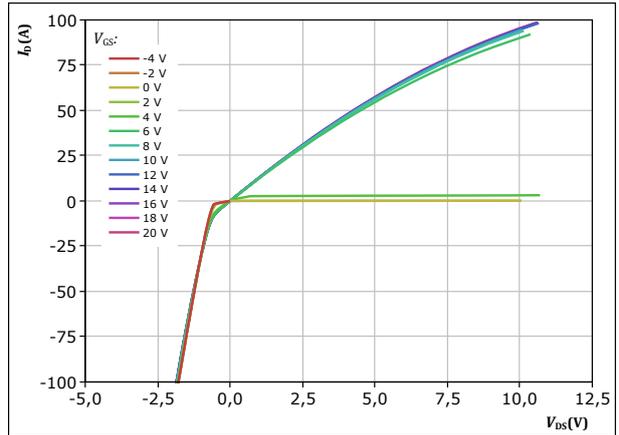


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GS} = 10 V$   
 $T_f: \text{ — } 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$

**figure 10.** MOSFET

Typical output characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

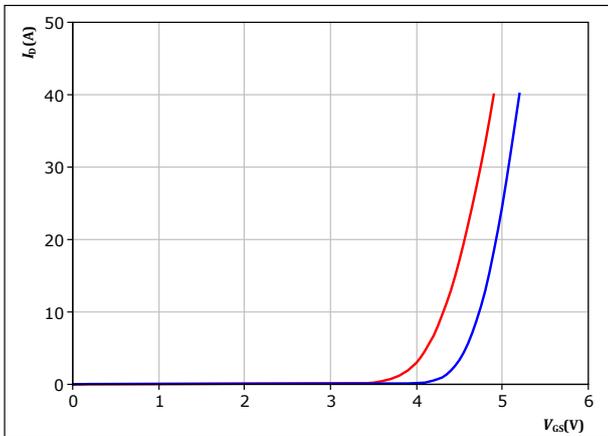


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_f = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GS}$  from -4 V to 20 V in steps of 2 V

**figure 11.** MOSFET

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{GS})$$

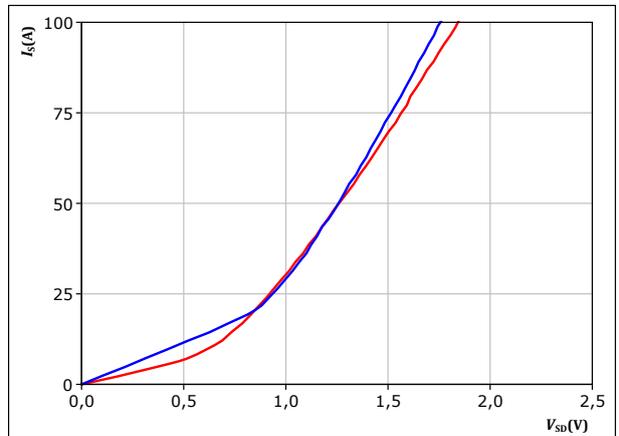


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{DS} = 10 V$   
 $T_f: \text{ — } 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$

**figure 12.** MOSFET

Typical reverse drain current characteristics

$$I_{SD} = f(V_{SD})$$



$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GS} = 10 V$   
 $T_f: \text{ — } 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$

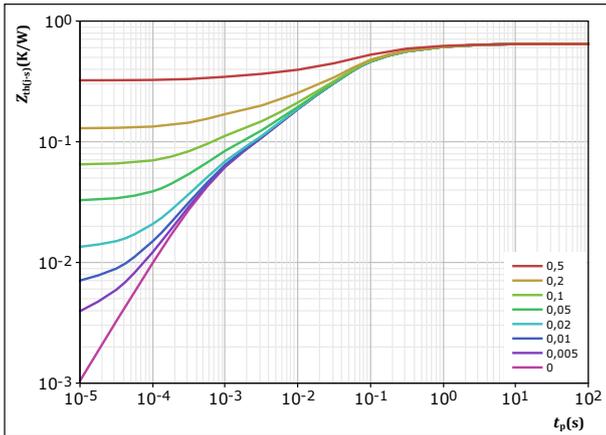


### Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 13.** MOSFET

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-c)} = f(t_p)$$



$$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$$

$$R_{th(j-c)} = 0,646 \text{ K/W}$$

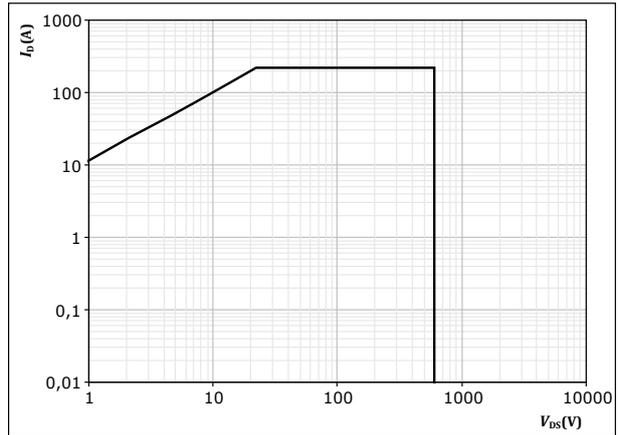
MOSFET thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
4,44E-02	2,13E+00
1,14E-01	3,41E-01
3,30E-01	5,71E-02
1,03E-01	7,52E-03
5,42E-02	6,34E-04

**figure 14.** MOSFET

Safe operating area

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$



D = single pulse

$$T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$$

$$T_j = T_{jmax}$$

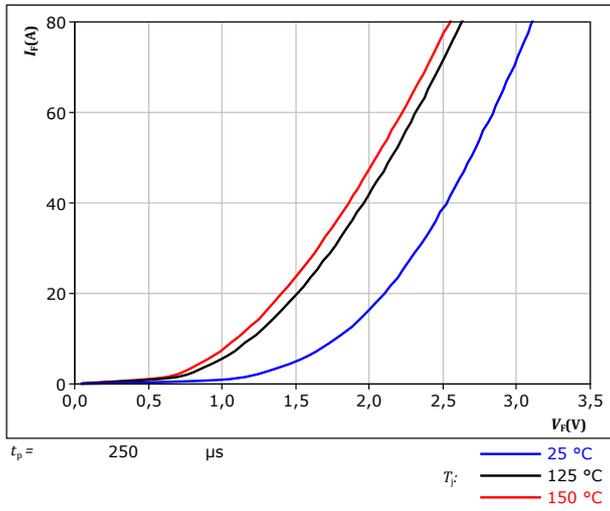


### Boost Diode Characteristics

**figure 15.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

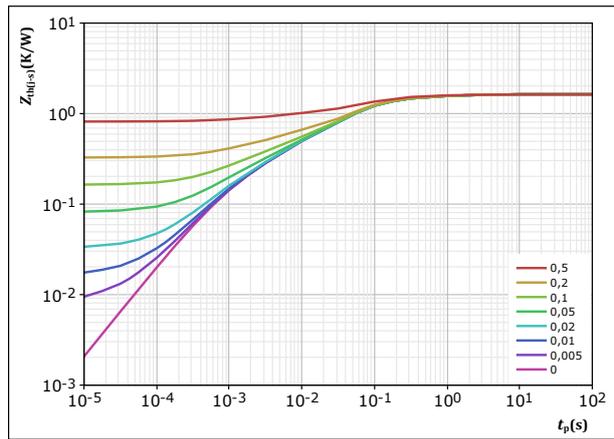
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 16.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,633 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,04E-01	1,98E+00
2,66E-01	2,44E-01
8,96E-01	5,30E-02
2,60E-01	4,95E-03
1,07E-01	7,81E-04

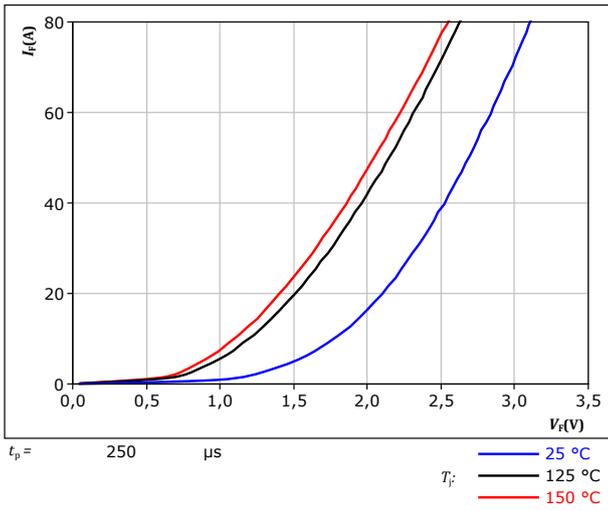


## Negative Boost Diode Characteristics

**figure 17.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

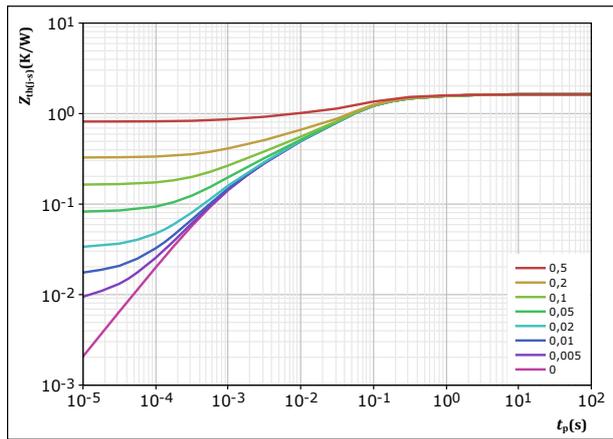
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 18.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	1,633	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)	
1,04E-01	1,98E+00	
2,66E-01	2,44E-01	
8,96E-01	5,30E-02	
2,60E-01	4,95E-03	
1,07E-01	7,81E-04	

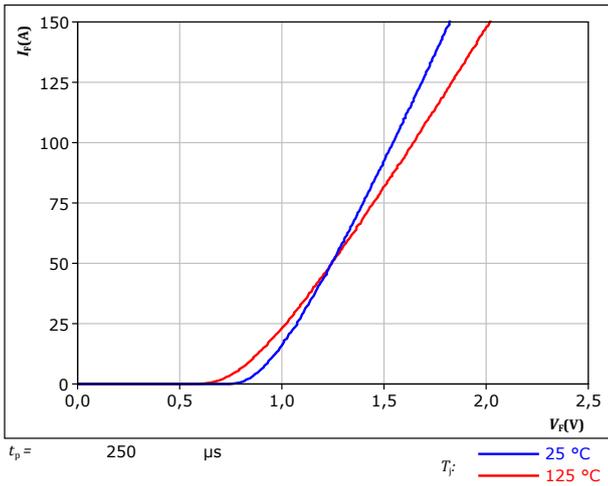


## Rectifier Diode Characteristics

**figure 19.** Rectifier

Typical forward characteristics

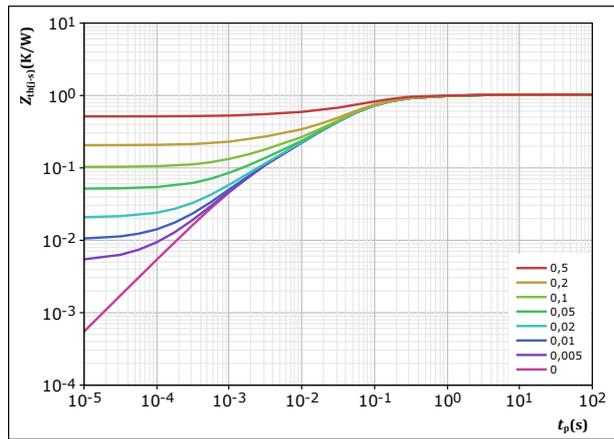
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 20.** Rectifier

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 1,03 \text{ K/W}$

Rectifier thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
3,49E-02	4,44E+00
1,34E-01	4,89E-01
6,58E-01	6,96E-02
1,42E-01	1,42E-02
6,15E-02	1,75E-03

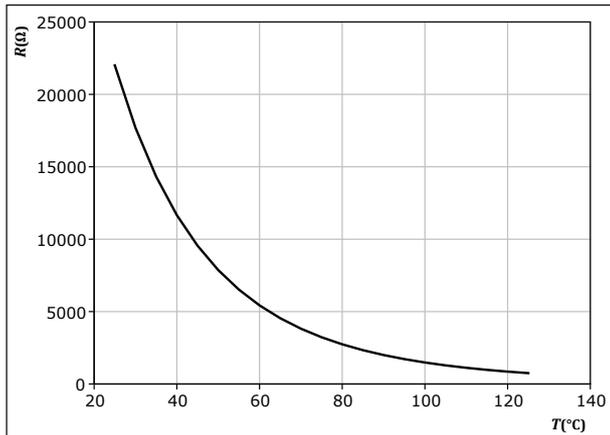


## Thermistor Characteristics

**figure 21.** Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

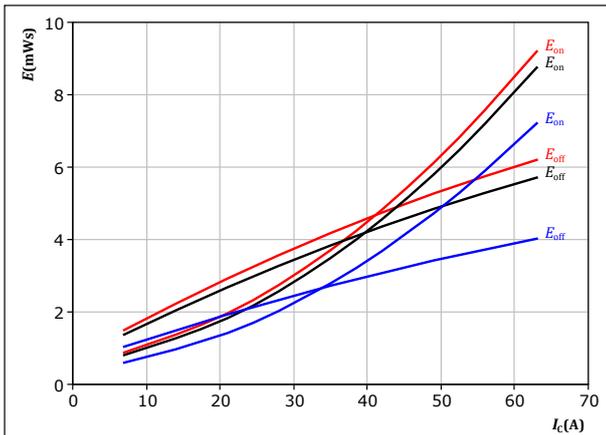




## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 22.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$

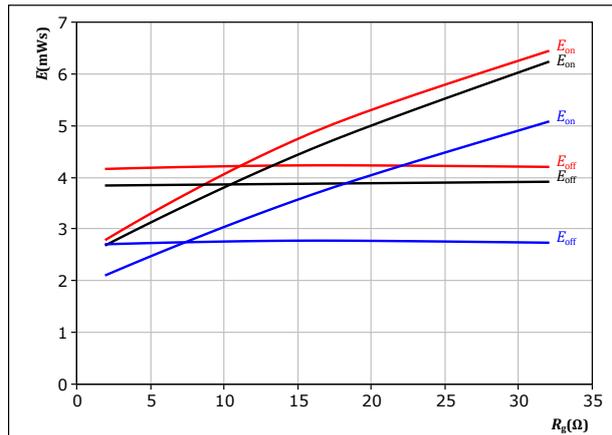


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 23.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$

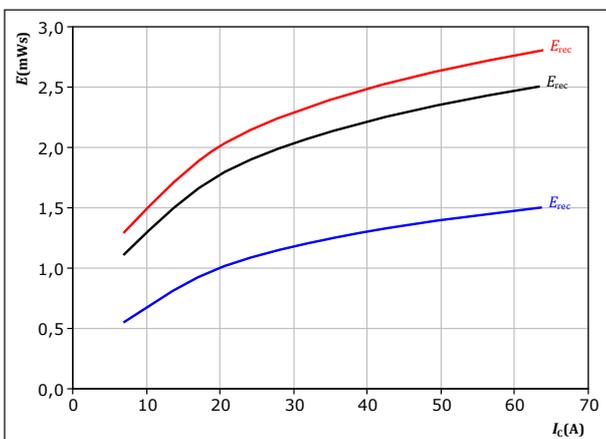


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 35$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 24.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

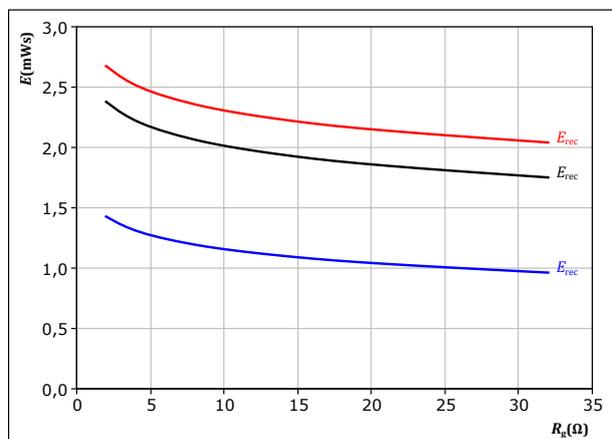


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 25.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 35$  A

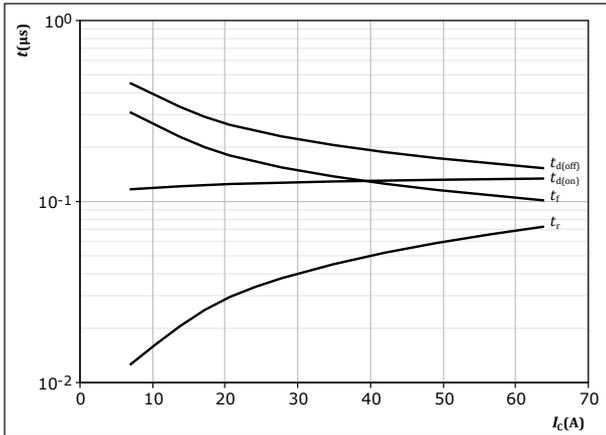
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 26.** IGBT

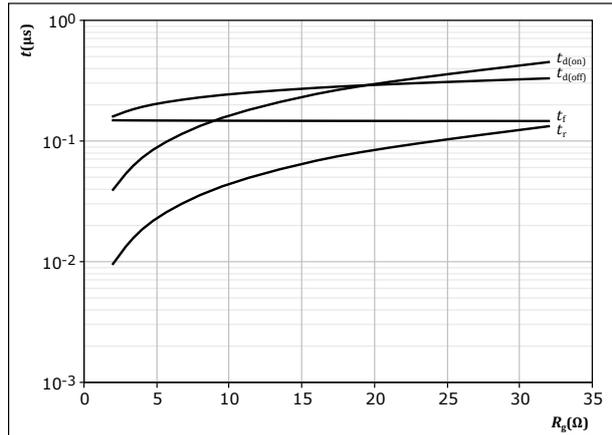
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 27.** IGBT

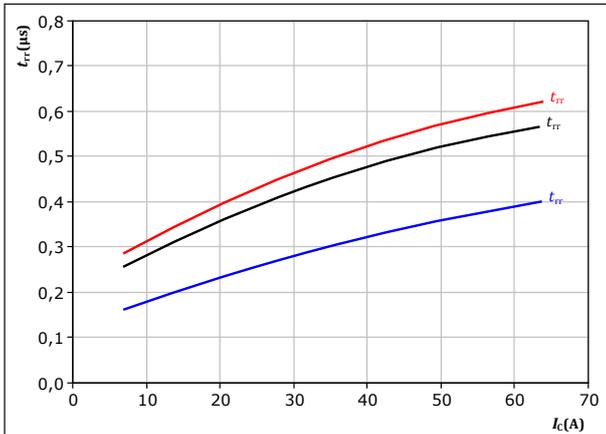
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 35 \text{ A}$

**figure 28.** FWD

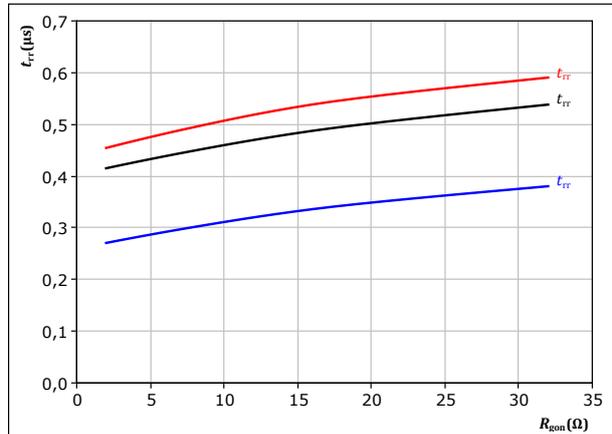
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 29.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 35 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

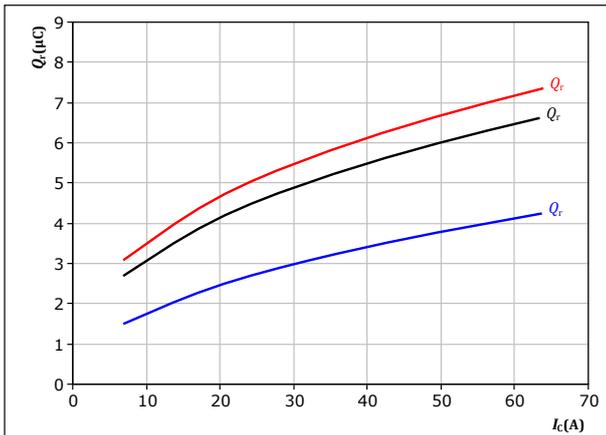


## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 30.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



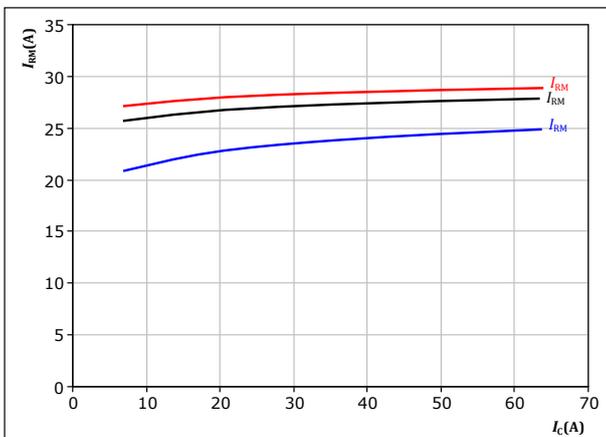
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω  
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
           — 125 °C  
           — 150 °C

**figure 32.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



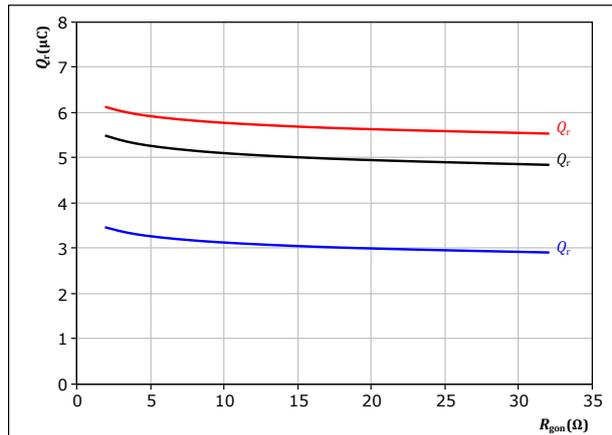
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω  
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
           — 125 °C  
           — 150 °C

**figure 31.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



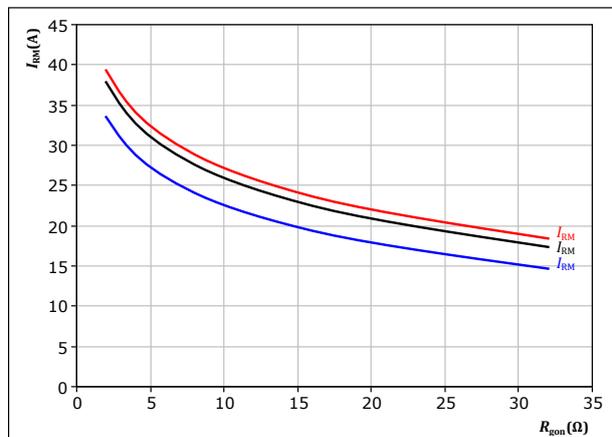
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 35$  A  
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
           — 125 °C  
           — 150 °C

**figure 33.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

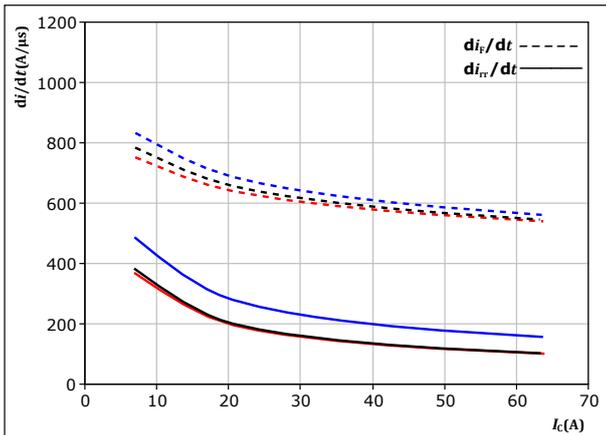
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 35$  A  
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
           — 125 °C  
           — 150 °C



## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 34.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$

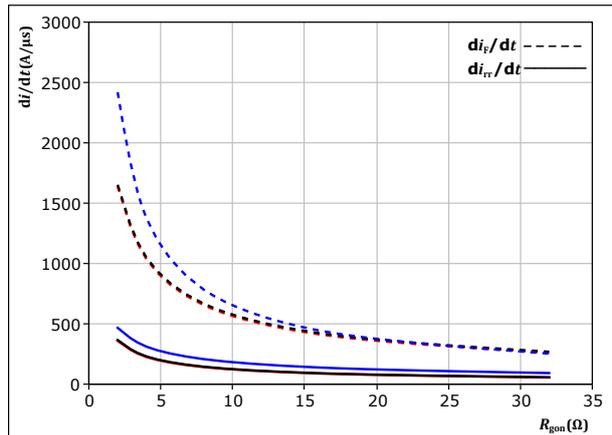


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$	$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	$T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$	$T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 35.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



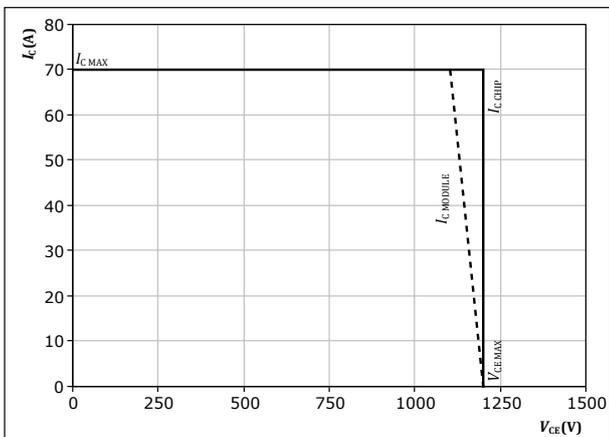
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$	$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	$T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$I_c = 35 \text{ A}$	$T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 36.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At

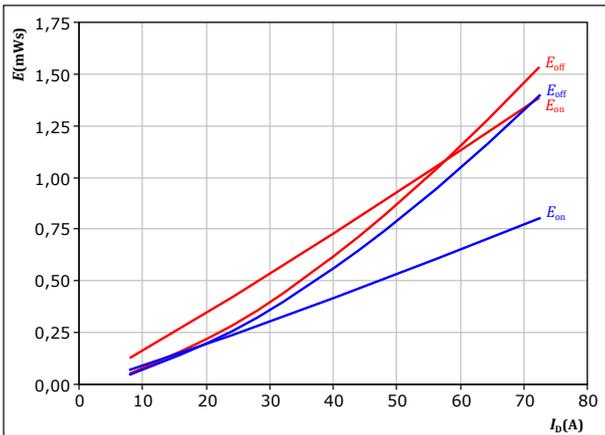
$T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	
$R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$	
$R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$	



## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 37.** MOSFET

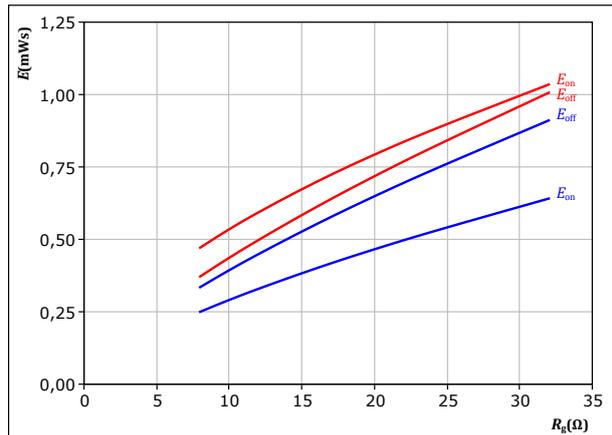
Typical switching energy losses as a function of drain current  
 $E = f(I_D)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0/10$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 16$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 38.** MOSFET

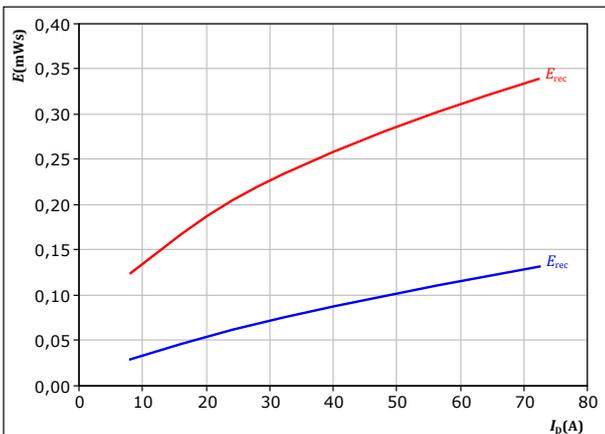
Typical switching energy losses as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0/10$  V  
 $I_D = 40$  A  
 $T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 39.** FWD

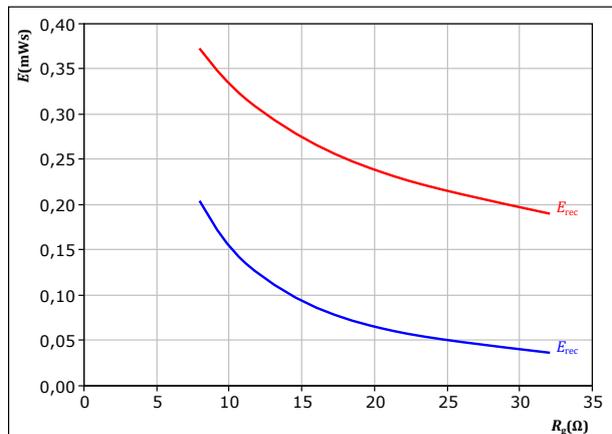
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of drain current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_D)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0/10$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 16$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 40.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



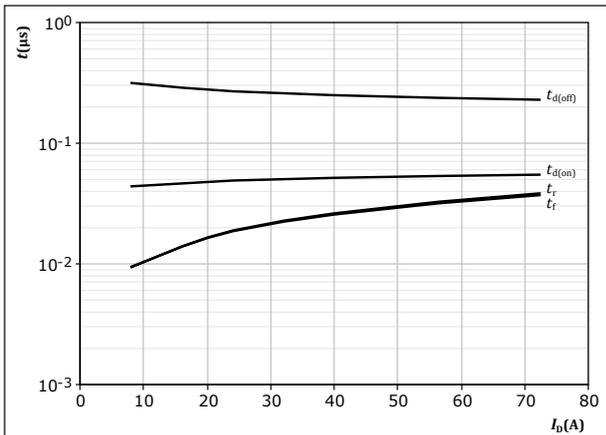
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0/10$  V  
 $I_D = 40$  A  
 $T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C



## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 41.** MOSFET

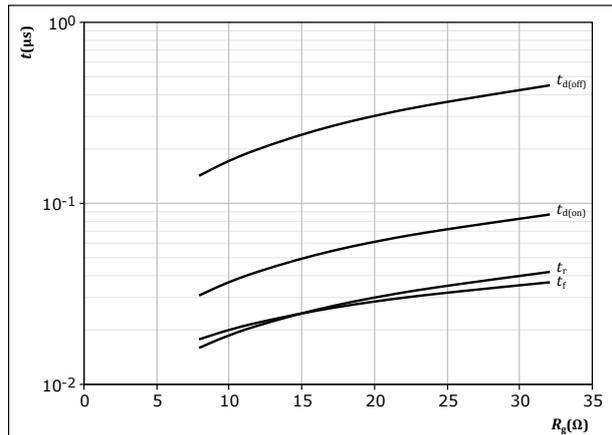
Typical switching times as a function of drain current  
 $t = f(I_D)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GS} = 0/10 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 42.** MOSFET

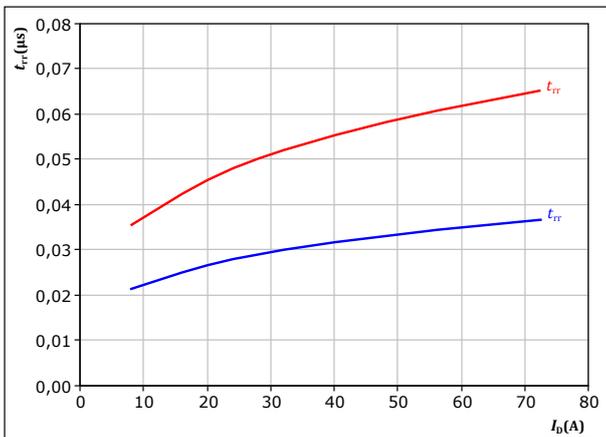
Typical switching times as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GS} = 0/10 \text{ V}$   
 $I_D = 40 \text{ A}$

**figure 43.** FWD

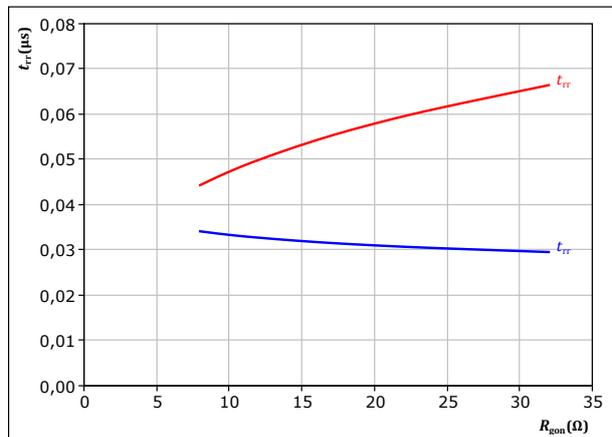
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of drain current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_D)$



At  $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GS} = 0/10 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j$ : — 25  $^\circ\text{C}$   
       — 125  $^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 44.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



At  $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GS} = 0/10 \text{ V}$   
 $I_D = 40 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j$ : — 25  $^\circ\text{C}$   
       — 125  $^\circ\text{C}$

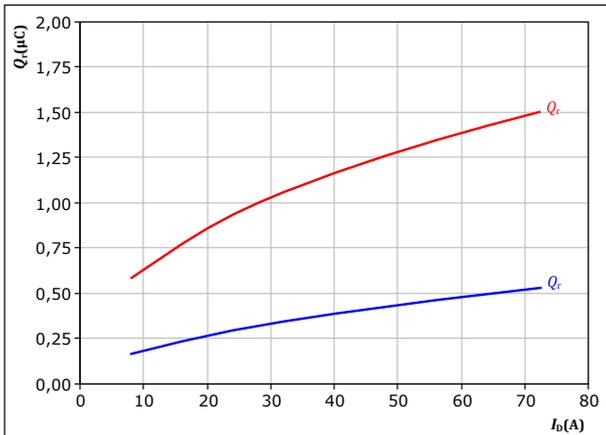


## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 45.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of drain current

$$Q_r = f(I_D)$$

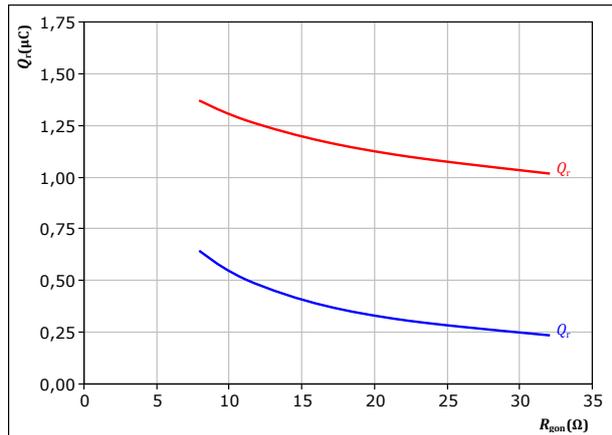


At  $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0/10$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 16$  Ω  
 $T_f$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 46.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$

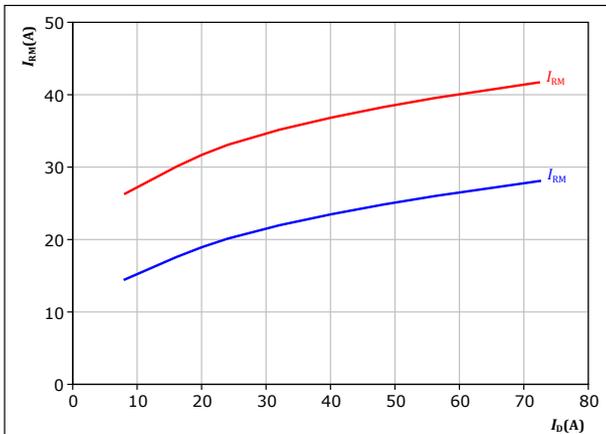


At  $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0/10$  V  
 $I_D = 40$  A  
 $T_f$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 47.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of drain current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_D)$$

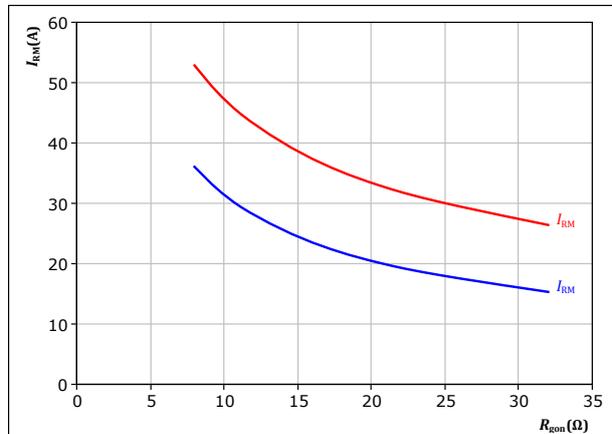


At  $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0/10$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 16$  Ω  
 $T_f$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 48.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



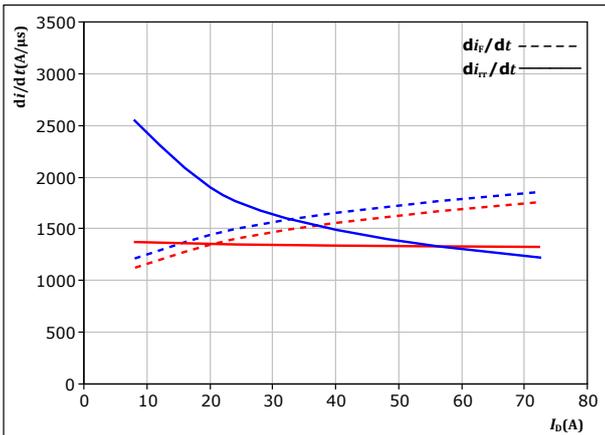
At  $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0/10$  V  
 $I_D = 40$  A  
 $T_f$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C



## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 49.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of drain current  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_D)$

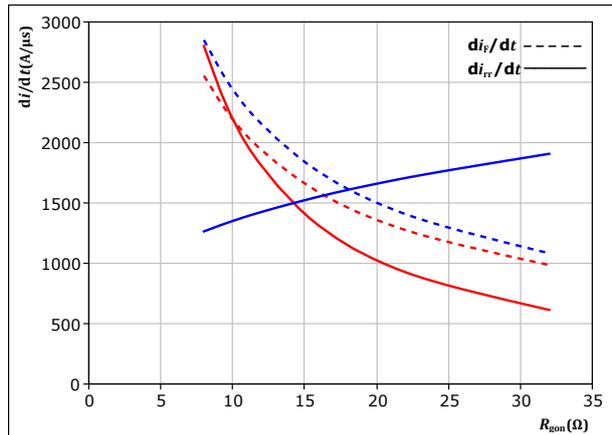


At  $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0/10$  V  
 $R_{g(on)} = 16$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 50.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{g(on)})$



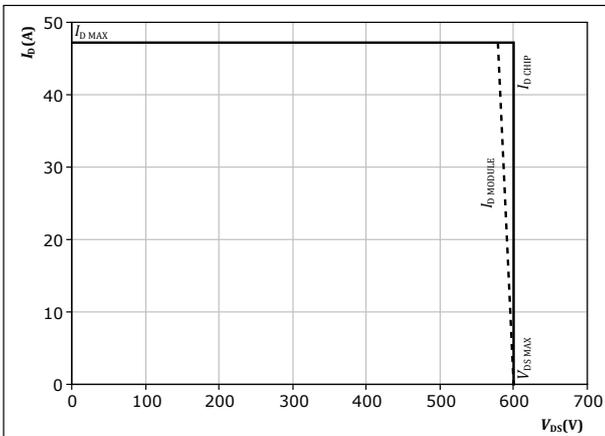
At  $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0/10$  V  
 $I_D = 40$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 51.** MOSFET

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$



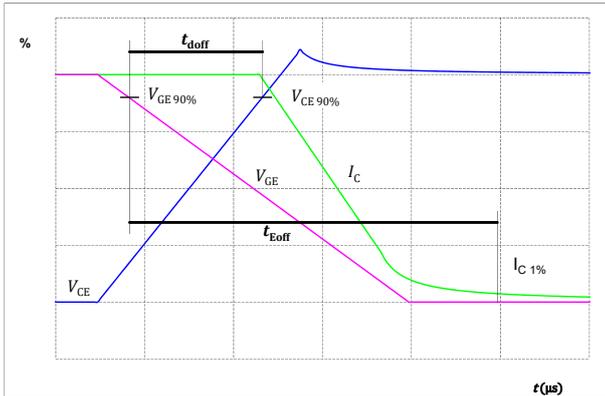
At  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $R_{g(on)} = 16$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{g(off)} = 16$   $\Omega$



## Inverter Switching Definitions

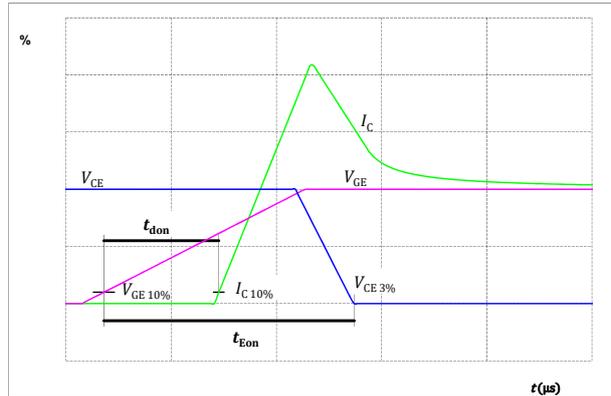
**figure 52.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



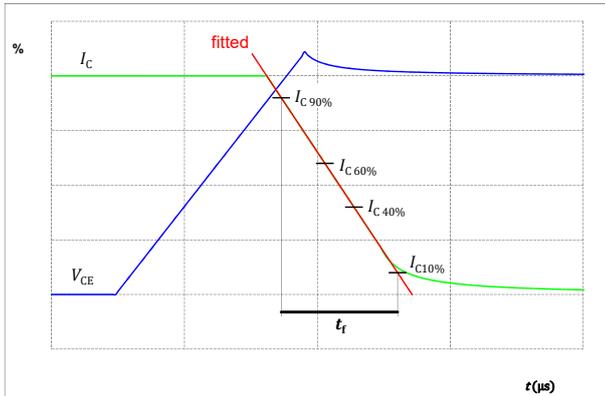
**figure 53.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



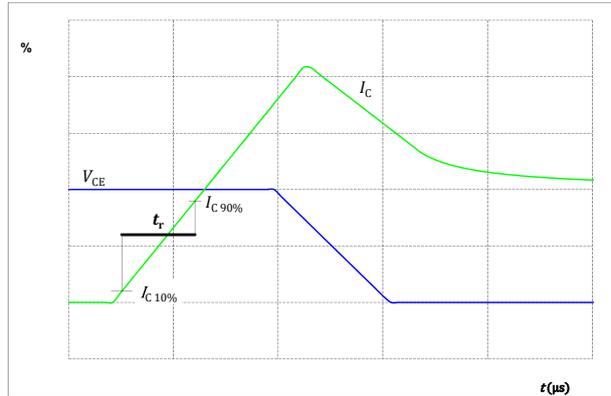
**figure 54.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



**figure 55.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





## Inverter Switching Definitions

figure 56. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$

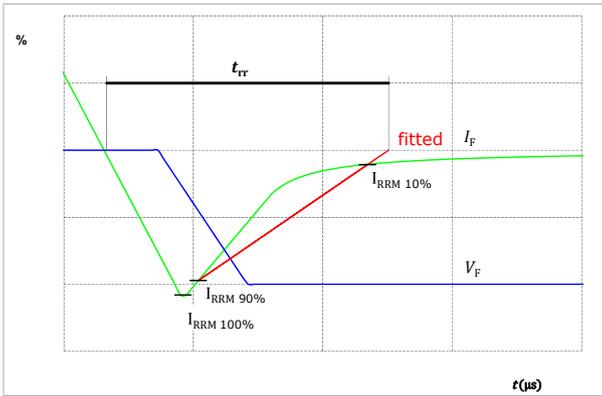
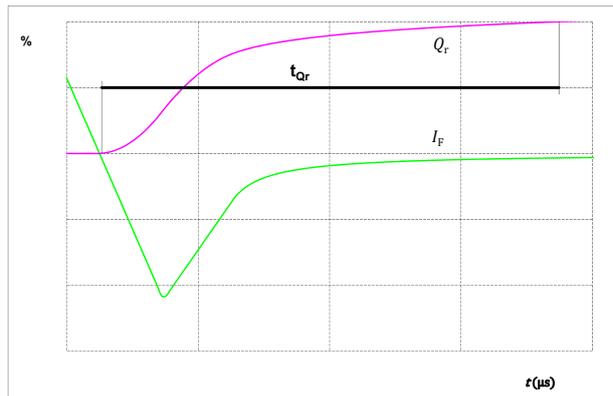


figure 57. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qr}$  ( $t_{Qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )





## Boost Switching Definitions

figure 52. MOSFET

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$   $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )

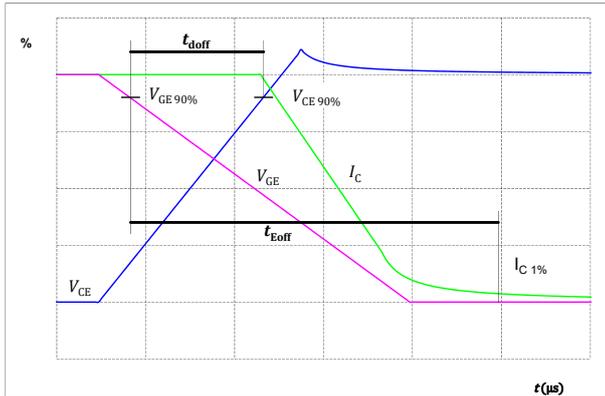


figure 54. MOSFET

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$

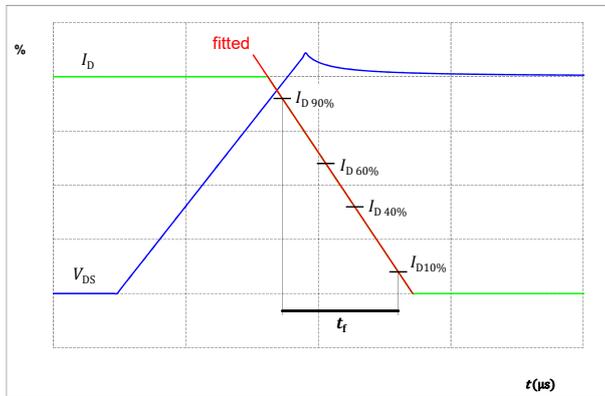


figure 53. MOSFET

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$   $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )

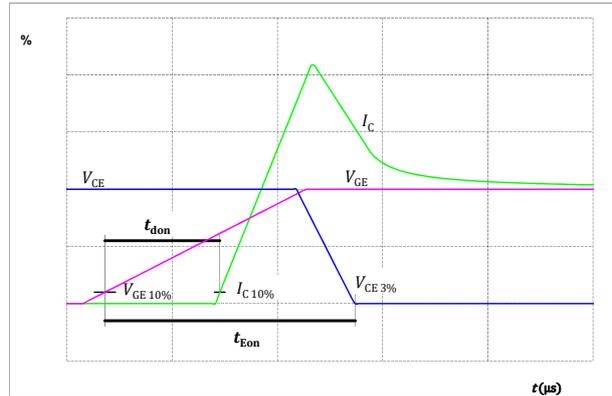
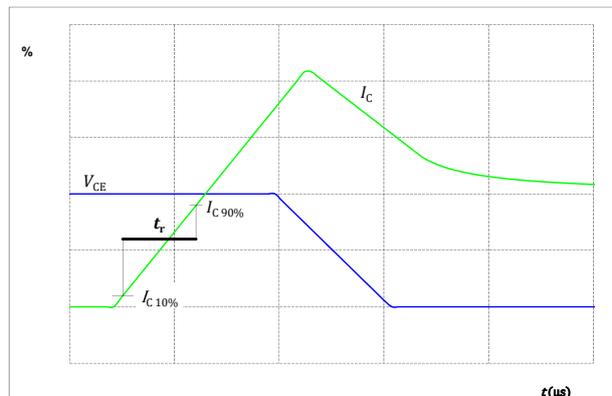


figure 55. MOSFET

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





### Boost Switching Definitions

figure 56. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{tr}$

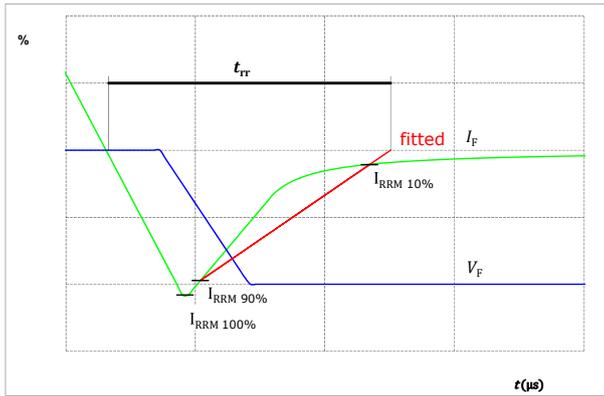


figure 57. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qr}$  ( $t_{Qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )

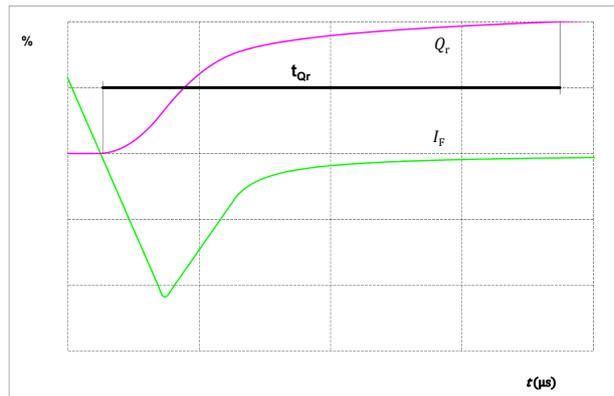
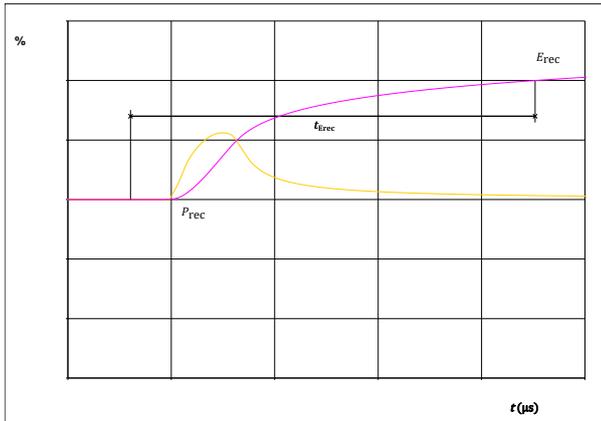


figure 58. FWD

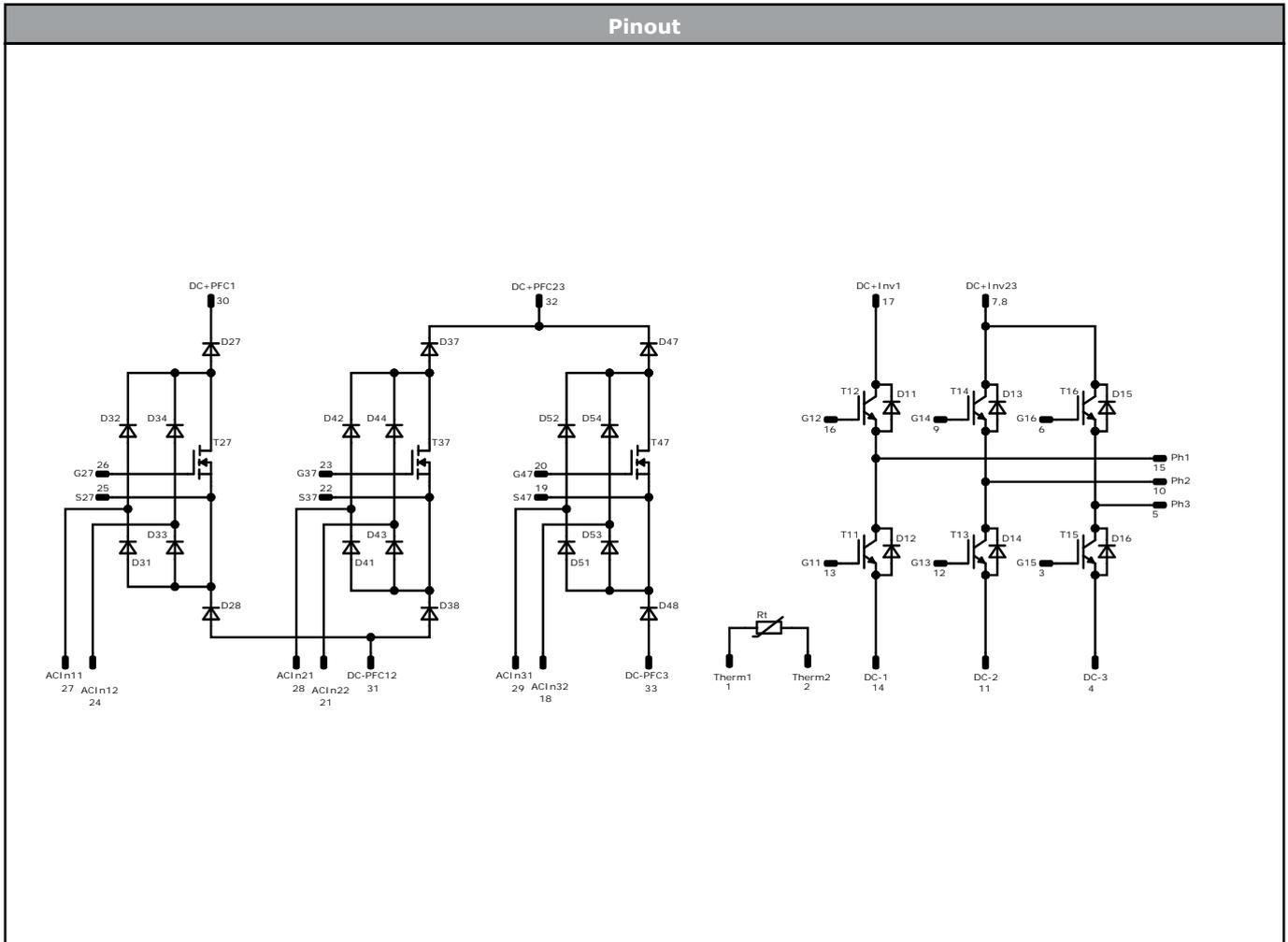
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Erec}$  ( $t_{Erec}$  = integrating time for  $E_{rec}$ )







Vincotech



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T12, T13, T14, T15, T16	IGBT	1200 V	35 A	Inverter Switch	
D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16	FWD	1200 V	35 A	Inverter Diode	
T27, T37, T47	MOSFET	600 V	34,5 mΩ	Boost Switch	
D27, D37, D47	FWD	650 V	30 A	Boost Diode	
D28, D38, D48	FWD	650 V	30 A	Negative Boost Diode	
D31, D32, D33, D34, D41, D42, D43, D44, D51, D52, D53, D54	Rectifier	1600 V	50 A	Rectifier Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Vincotech

Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 45	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> S3 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> S3 packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
B0-SP12VPA035M702-LR29A13T-D2-14	15 Aug. 2023	New Datasheet format, module is unchanged New ordering code	

**DISCLAIMER**

The information, specifications, procedures, methods and recommendations herein (together "information") are presented by Vincotech to reader in good faith, are believed to be accurate and reliable, but may well be incomplete and/or not applicable to all conditions or situations that may exist or occur. Vincotech reserves the right to make any changes without further notice to any products to improve reliability, function or design. No representation, guarantee or warranty is made to reader as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of said information or that the application or use of any of the same will avoid hazards, accidents, losses, damages or injury of any kind to persons or property or that the same will not infringe third parties rights or give desired results. It is reader's sole responsibility to test and determine the suitability of the information and the product for reader's intended use.

**LIFE SUPPORT POLICY**

Vincotech products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of Vincotech.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.